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# The Bombay Chronicle

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# Nehru Not To Address U.N. Assembly

## MOVE TO CALL SPECIAL SESSION FAILS

## Indo-Pak Premiers' Heavy Paris Programme

**PARIS, OCT. 27. (REUTER): EFFORTS MADE BY UNITED NATIONS OFFICIALS TO HOLD A SPECIAL PLENARY SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO HEAR PANDIT NEHRU, INDIAN PRIME MINISTER, HAVE FAILED AND THERE IS NOW NO CHANCE OF SUCH A SESSION BEING HELD. IT IS AUTHORITATIVELY LEARNED HERE.**

The pressure of business in the various Assembly committees and the fact that Dr. Herbert Evatt, President of the Assembly, is ill in London with influenza are contributing factors in this decision.

Both India and Pakistan Prime Ministers today plunged into a heavy programme of official and other engagements, which in Pandit Nehru's case included an hour's talk this morning with British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin.

**BEVIN MEETS NEHRU**

Mr Bevin who saw Pandit Nehru several times during the Commonwealth Prime Ministers' Conference in London recently—called upon the Indian Prime Minister at his hotel at midday and the two statesmen, joined by Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai Secretary-General of the Indian External Affairs Department, remained in private conversation for over an hour.

Tonight Pandit Nehru was having dinner with Mr. Hector McNeil, British Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, who is Mr. Bevin's chief lieutenant in the Foreign Office.

The Indian Prime Minister today also had a private talk with M. Maurice Schumann, leading member of the Popular Republican Party. He fitted in a number of other private conversations in the course of the morning before lunching at UNESCO with Mr. Julian Huxley, the Secretary General.

His evening engagements included a Lebanese Delegation reception at the Ritz Hotel.

It was expected that both Pandit Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan of Pakistan—who arrived from London by air this afternoon—would attend a gala performance given under French Government auspices at the Paris Opera House in honour of the delegates of the United Nations.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan met members of the Pakistan delegation at his hotel in the early evening.

**INDO-PAK PREMIERS' PARIS PROGRAMME**

The general outline of the Paris programme of the two Prime Ministers was made known tonight.

Pandit Nehru tomorrow morning will see a number of private visitors and will lunch with Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt. He has arranged to have tea with Mrs. Sayer, daughter of the late Dr Woodrow Wilson, first world war United States President, and her husband. He is meeting Mr. John Foster Dulles, United States Republican Party Adviser on Foreign Affairs, in the early evening.

Later it is expected he will attend a Pakistan reception in honour of Mr Liaquat Ali Khan.

Prime Minister Nehru will give the first of two luncheon parties to Asian foreign ministers and ambassadors on Friday, the second luncheon being arranged for the following day.

He will dine with Swedish diplomats on Friday evening. The Prime Minister's own reception to United Nations Delegates will take place on Saturday evening.

**DIVALI IN PARIS**

**On Sunday he will observe the festival of Divali at a gathering in the Peat Royal Hotel, and dine with Dr. Lin Yu Tang the author.**

Pandit Nehru will have a Monday tea meeting with Mr David Morse of the International Labour Organisation and attend a party for the Indian community in Paris at the Indian Embassy.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan of Pakistan will meet M Paul Henri Spaak, Belgian Prime Minister and Foreign Minister, early tomorrow morning and later in the morning will have a private talk with Mr. George Marshall, United States Secretary of State.

He will see M. Robert Schumann, French Foreign Minister at Quay D'orsay—the French Foreign Office—on Friday morning, and will lunch with Mr. Trygve Lie Secretary-General of the United Nations at the Ritz Hotel.

That afternoon he will visit M. Vincent Auriol, President of the French Republic, at the Palais Delysee, the President's Official residence.

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**PARIS, Oct. 27 (Reuter):** The French General Confederation of Labour Executive today called upon all French workers to go on staging short strikes in support of the miners and appealed to seamen and railwaymen to stop foreign coal from entering the country.

## *Steel Bill In Commons*

**LONDON, Oct. 27 (Reuter):** Amid cheers from Government supporters a Bill to Nationalise the Iron and Steel Industry was presented to the House of Commons today and formally read a first time.

It was not discussed, as the text of the Bill will not be published until Friday.

## *DOOR OPEN FOR SOVIET*

### *Berlin Issue Not To Go To U. N. Assembly Yet*

**PARIS, Oct. 27 (Reuter).** The Western Foreign Ministers tonight made what diplomatic circles considered a conciliatory move towards Russia when they announced they would leave the Berlin deadlock on the agenda of the Security Council—meaning they were not at present taking it to the General Assembly of the United Nations.

Mr. Bevin, Mr. Marshall and M. Robert Schuman met at the French Foreign Office and they announced afterwards that their Governments "are ready to continue to fulfil their obligations and to face their responsibilities with regard to the Council, which is still ready to examine any development of the situation."

In authoritative western circles today's decision by the three powers was regarded as leaving the door open for any move the Soviet Government might wish to make.

## TRAVANCORE'S NEW MINISTRY SWORN IN

**TRIVANDRUM, Oct. 27 (API):** Mr. Parur T. K. Narayana Pillay was sworn in as Premier of Travancore State today.

Mr. Pillai's colleagues in the new cabinet, namely Messrs A. J. John, V. O. Markose, N. Kunjuraman, K. R. Elangath and Dr. E. K Madhavan were also sworn in at the same time.

The Chief Justice of Travancore, Mr. P. Krishna Pillai, administered the oaths of office and secrecy to all the six members of the new ministry.

**RAJEN BABU PRAISES PATTOM'S SERVICES**

**NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (API):** The Congress President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, in a statement today on the formation of a new Ministry in Travancore says:

"Shri Pattam Thanu Pillai's services in the cause of freedom and during the period of the struggle for responsible government are too well-known to be recounted. It was therefore in the fitness of things that when power came to the people, he was made the first Prime Minister. It is not unknown in history that one who has fought and led the people during the struggle has made room for others when the struggle ended. This is one of the incidents of democracy, and none need feel dejected or disappointed on account of the change in the ministry. I take this opportunity to express my appreciation of Shri Thanu Pillai's services, and to offer my congratulations to Shri T. K. Narayana Pillai. I trust the new ministry will get the support and co-operation of all parties. I hope the new ministry and the legislature will always have before them the interests of the people at large, will not allow themselves to be swayed one way or other by any communal or sectional interests. I wish godspeed to the New Premier and his ministry."

## *CONGRESS CABINET MEETING*

**NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (UPI)**—The A.I.C.C. Secretariat announces that a meeing of the Congress Working Committee is proposed to be held on November 12 and 13. Venue and time of the meeting will be decided later on.

## PALESTINE QUESTION MAY BE SHELVED FOR TIME BEING

**PARS, Oct. 27 (Reuter)—Plans are being made by high United Nations officials to adjourn the General Assembly on Dec. 10 and reconvene it in New York about the end of February, it is authoritatively learned here today.**

Officials here realise that the important Political Committee has too much work before it to expect final decisions to be taken before Christmas.

The plan, as now considered, would be to adjourn the Assembly but keep the Political Committee in permanent session in New York. When it has finished its work a Plenary Session would be called to give its final approval to any decisions reached.

**The Palestine question, it is learned, would be one of the subjects which would be shelved during the present session and left to the Political Committee to consider during the first two months of the new year.**

One of the factors which affects this particular question is the fact that the new United States Administration does not assume full control until Jan. 20. In the interim period, American observers say, it would be difficult for the State Department to lay down any clear-cut policy on such controversial issues as Palestine.

**NO DIFFICULTY IN ADJOURNING GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

There is no difficulty involved in adjourning a General Assembly, as the Political Committee can be transformed into a plenary meeting by the simple device of replacing its Chairman by the President of the Assembly.

This was done during the last special session of the Assembly on Palestine and it is a process which can be easily repeated.

Indications are that the Political Committee will, at the present session try and finish as many subjects as possible before Dec. 10. These would include the Greek question, Korea, Atomic Energy Control, Disarmament, possibly the Kashmir question, and the India-South Africa dispute. Palestine and the difficult question of Italian Colonies would, according to present plans, be left over until after adjournment.

## EGYPTIAN ARMY IN NEGEV ROUTED

### Israeli Military Chiefs Claim

**LONDON, Oct. 27, (Reuter):** Jews claimed victory in the battle for the Negev, desert area of South Palestine, today.

The Israeli chief of military operations, Colonel Yigal Yadin, declared in Tel Aviv that the Egyptian army in the Negev "has been completely defeated"

Reviewing the seven days' fighting in this area, he said all Egyptian front line aircraft had been destroyed, most of their frontline troops liquidated and their flagship "the King Farouk" sunk.

The Israeli Government, in a letter to acting United Nations' mediator, Dr. Ralph Bunche, today declared that the Security Council's Negev cease-fire order did not imply an absolute injunction to return to their positions of October 14, before the fighting began.

Its letter did not constitute outright rejection of the demand, but said that while the cease-fire order had been obeyed, a return to the military status "quo ante" was merely defined by the Security Council as "a subject for further consideration".

**ARAB LEAGUE'S DECISION**

Reports from Bagdad said the Arab League had agreed on final details for collective action by member States after alleged Jewish violations of the United Nations' truce and cease-fire orders.

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**FIVE KILLED IN FIRE ACCIDENT.**

**ADELAIDE, Oct. 27, (Reuter):** Five people died from smoke, fumes or injuries in jumping from windows when fire swept a cafe in the heart of Adelaide at dusk today. At least five others were seriously injured.

## *Pattabhi Declared Elected*

### SARDAR GREETS NEW CONGRESS PRESIDENT

**NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (API)—Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya has been declared elected as President of the Indian National Congress by a majority of 114 votes. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya secured 1,199 votes while Mr. Purshotamdas Tandon polled 1,085 votes.**

**Acharya Jugal Kishore, General Secretary of the All India Congress Committee has sent a telegram to Dr. Pattabhi officially conveying to him the election result and congratulating him on his success.**

**CONGRATULATIONS FROM TANDON AND SARDAR**

**MADRAS, Oct. 27 (API)—Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya has received numreous telegrams from friends all over the country, congratulating him on his election as President of the Indian National Congress.**

**In a telegram from Lucknow, Mr. Purushottamdas Tandon who contested the election along with Dr. Pattabhi says:—"Hearty felicitations on your election as President of the Indian National Congress.—Purushottamdas Tandan."**

**Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in his telegram said "Congratulations on your hard won success. In the discharge of your heavy responsibilities in the present critical times you will need more than congratulations. Our sympathy and co-operation which I need hardly assure you, you will have in an ample measure.—Vallabhbhai Patel**

**DR. PATTABHI POSTPONES DEPARTURE TO DELHI**

**MADRAS, Oct. 27, (A.P.I.): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya who was to have left Madras this morning for Delhi has postponed his departure to Friday owing to the death of his grandchild this morning.**

## *GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND COLLECTIONS*

**BOMBAY, Wednesday.**

**The total collection for the Gandhi National Memorial Fund received at the Bombay office of the Fund up-to-date is Rs. 12,92,633-10-7.**

## CENTRAL BOARD OF ELECTRICITY

### India Government Move

**NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (A.P.I.):** The Ministry of Works, Mines and Power has asked all the Provincial Governments to take early action to implement the provisions of the Electricity (Supply) Act 1948.

The Government of India are expected to take early steps for the constitution of the central electricity authority and Provincial Governments have been urged to proceed with the constitution of Provincial Electricity Boards.

It is explained that the implementation of the Act, while ensuring that the charges for electricity made by private companies are governed by the provisions of the Act, should not, in the opinion of the Government of India, result in an arrangement inequitable to either the consumers or the supply undertakings the charges should not be such as to permit the licensee to earn a profit substantially in excess of the amount which the provisions of the act would allow for dividend distribution nor, conversely, should they be so framed as to provide insufficient revenue for the undertaking costs of operation and the service of capital.

It is emphasised that the Government of India feel that the provisions of the Act which vest the Provincial Electricity Boards or the Provincial Governments with powers to enforce measures of control should not be used indiscriminately to drive out private enterprise and acquire assets.

In their communication to the Provincial Governments, the Government of India ave expressed the hope that the Provincial Governments will take energetic action to enforce all the povisions of the Act as early as possible. The Government of India on their part will be glad to render all such technical help and assistance as the Provincial Governments may require in the implementing the provisions of the Act.

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**BERLIN, Oct. 27. (REUTER):** British Military Governor-General Sir Brian Robertson said here today that the Russians were organising in their zone a police force of "a distinctly military character" totalling 200,000 men with "formidable armament."

While immediate plans were for 200,000 men, he said, "plenty of reports indicate the final figure is double that."

## SARDAR IN CITY TODAY

### Busy Programme During Five-Day Stay

**BOMBAY, Wednesday**

India's Acting Prime Minister, Sardar Valabhbhai Patel, is arriving in city tomorrow (Thursday) by Frontier Mail from New Delhi and will alight at a suburban station from where he will drive straight to his Bombay residence.

In view of Sardar Patel's delicate health, the public reception arranged at the Bombay Central Station has been cancelled. He will be received at a way-side station by Bombay's Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. Morarji Desai, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Purshotam Thakkar, Mr. S. L. Silam General Secretaries Mr. M. Y. Nurie and other local Congress leaders.

Sardar Patel during his five-day visit to the City, will have a busy programme. Besides two official conferences in connection with Hyderabad and Saurastra, he will also attend a number of other public engagements.

On Saturday evening, Sardar Patel will be accorded a public reception arranged under the auspices of BPCC where he will be presented a gold replica of the 'Pillar of Asoka' and an iron mace. A silver bust of Mahatma Gandhi will also be presented by a group of Sardar's admirers on the same occasion.

On Sunday, his birthday, Sardar Patel will have a quiet time at his residence free from public engagements. He will receive visitors at his residence from 7 a.m. to 10 a.m.

On Monday, Sardar Patel will be accorded a reception by the Indian Merchants' Chamber.

He will also be accorded a reception on behalf of the Bombay Union of Journalists, which occasion he will utilise for holding a press conference. The date and time of this reception will be fixed up after his arrival in the city.

Sardar Patel is also expected to perform the opening ceremony of T.B. hospital in the city, but the time and date of this function will be announced later.

After concluding his five-day crowded programme in the city, Sardar Patel will leave for New Delhi on Wednesday, November 3.

### Delivery Of Business Telegrams

**NEW DELHI, Oct. 27, (API):** Firms and business houses can have their telegrams delivered to them during their closed hours at other than their office addresses by registering special instructions at telegraph offices, says a press note. The fee for such registration is Rs. 5 yearly (or Rs. 2/8/- half-yearly) for registered abbreviated addresses and Rs. 20/- yearly (or Rs. 12/- half-yearly) for others.

## 'KASHMIR MUST BELONG TO PAKISTAN'

**LONDON, Oct. 27 (Reuter)—General Sir Frank Messervy, Commander-in-Chief of the Pakistan army from August 1947 to February 1948, stressed here today the importance of Kashmir to Pakistan.**

**IMPOSE SOLUTION**

Speaking at a joint meeting of the East India Association and the Overseas League, Sir Frank also submitted that an imposed solution with the whole force of the United Nations behind it was necessary in dealing with the Kashmir problem.

Field Marshal Earl Wavell, a former Viceroy of India, presided at the meeting.

"Kashmir cannot be offensive spring-board but Pakistan cannot possibly allow any hostile or potentially hostile country to hold it." Sir Frank Messervy said.

"An enemy, free in Kashmir, would threaten at close range the vital main rail and road communications from Lahore to Peshawar.

"Unfortunately Pakistan considers India as potentially hostile and will continue to do so as long as India claims to remain in Kashmir.

"The general conclusion reached is that Kashmir basically must belong to Pakistan for ethnological, economic and geographical reasons, except for the south east portion of Jammu province.

**PLEA TO U.N.**

"If this conclusion is accepted as the only reasonsable, equitable and lasting solution of the Kashmir problem, as I am convinced that it is, then surely the United Nations must use all their power to get quick acceptance of it from the two disputants.

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**HARIJAN TEMPLE ENTRY**

**SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 27 (API)—Leading a batch of Harijans into the Kishenbaug temple here this evening, the President of the Hyderabad State Congress Swami Ramanand Tirth declared that when a popular ministry was installed in the State, one of its first acts would be to legislate for the removal of the Harijans' disabilities.**

## Building Up India's Defence Forces

## GEN. BUCHER EXPLAINS ARMY HEADQUARTERS ORGANISATION

### Few Britishers Left, Work In Capacity Of Advisers Or Technicians

**NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (API): Stating that the Indian Army had been nationalised, the Commander-in-Chief, Lt.-Gen. Sir Roy Bucher, explained at a Press Conference here today that the only Britishers in Executive posts in the Indian Army today were himself and two Sub-Area Commanders—one in Bombay and the other at Calcutta. These two would be relieved by the end of the year.**

There were also a few other British officers either in the capacity of advisers or in technical capacity. The total number of such officers was about 260 but this number would be considerably decreased by January next year. Some of the technical officers might have to be retained for a longer period until qualified Indians were found to replace them.

The Commander-in-Chief had beside him heads of various branches of the army who supplemented his remarks with fuller details.

Maj.-Gen. Thapaar, Military Secretary, who amplified the aspect of Indianisation stated that on partition day there were only two Indian Major-Generals. By January 1948, this has been raised to 13 Indian Major-Generals and 30 Brigadiers. The position today was all the three Army Commanders, Divisional Commanders and Brigade Commanders were all Indians.

**'MODEST ESTABLISHMENT'**

The Commander-in-Chief at the outset reviewed the growth of Army Headquarters, India, from partition day (August 15) last year and explained how from small beginnings and through times of difficulties and great stress it had grown up.

**On August 15, 1947, there were only 150 officers and 563 others—military and civil—who constituted Army Headquarters, India. The present strength was 680 officers and 4,202 others.**

Answering the criticism that this set up was rather extravagant the C.-in-C. stated: "I ask anyone to compare our establishment with that of any other Army Headquarter or governing body of any army any where in the world. I think you will find that we are modest in our establishment"

**POLITICAL SET-UP**

Dealing with 'the political set-up governing the army' in India, the C.-in-C. explained that at the top was the Defence Committee of the Cabinet to which all important matters were referred. Below this was the Defence Ministry's Committee to which matters which were not considered so important as to be referred to the Cabinet Committee were referred. There were also the Chiefs of Staff Committee, the Defence Scientific Advisory Committee, the Weapons and Development Equipment Development Committee, the Medical Services Committee, the Joint Administration Planning Committee, Air Defence Sub-Committee, and Inter-Services Training Set-up, besides a number of others.

The Commander-in-Chief also explained the functions of the Chief and Deputy Chief of General Staff, the Adjutant-General Staff, the Quartermaster General, and others in the Army. He disclosed that the post of the Master-General of Ordnance, which was abolished during the war, would be revived.

The Indian Army now had the nucleus of a Defence Science Organisation and Dr. Kothari had been appointed Scientific Adviser to the Defence Ministry. This organisation would keep in touch with modern scientific developments and see how they could be utilised in the Army.

**PURCHASE ORGANISATIONS**

A good deal of the equipment necessary for the modern Indian Army had to come from overseas, mainly from the United Kingdom and to a lesser extent from the United States. The army had set up its own purchase organisation in these countries.

**Answering a question about political training, the Commander-in-Chief explained that there was no political training for the Army as the Army was non-political. "The Army does not like politics and there are no politics in the Indian Army", he added.**

**MUSLIMS LOYAL**

Asked how many Muslim officers there were now in the Indian Army, the Commander-in-Chief said he did not have the figures ready with him. But, he added, "every single Muslim has been given absolute equality with anybody else in regard to appointments and promotions, whether they are senior or junior. And, these Muslims in the Indian Army are serving loyally and well."

Maj.-Gen. Kalwant Singh, Chief of General Staff, explained how his Department dealt with all matters af-

(Continued on Page 7).

## *FOR PEACE IN ASIA*

### *Sir B. Rama Rau On Need For Indo-U. S. Co-operation*

**NEW YORK, Oct. 27 (Reuter):** The Indian Ambassador, Sir Benegal Rama Rau, in a speech today expressed the opinion that the "collaboration of America and India in the development of the resources of India will make a lasting contribution to the peace of Asia."

## *Major Battle In Manchu Corridor*

**NANKING, Oct. 27 (Reuter):** A major battle involving over 250,000 men on both sides on which the future of all Manchuria depends has been raging for the last 48 hours in the northern approaches to the Manchurian corridor, Government reports said here today.

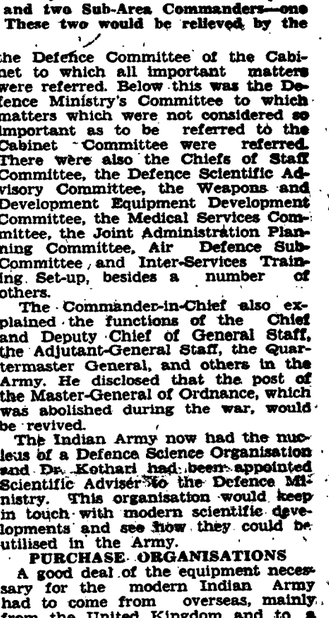
The first reports from the Government side that the fight was going on said General Linpaio, Communist Commander-in-Chief in the north-east was personally directing the Communist offensive.

### British Move To Suspend World T. U. Federation

**LONDON, Oct. 27 (Reuter):** The General Council of the British Trade Union Congress decided in London today to recommend that the World Federation should suspend its functions.

If the World Federation refuses to do so, the British T.U.C. will withdraw from the organisation.

The British representative will recommend tehe suspension of the World Federation at the next meeting of its executives.



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**Original Record Syringes and All Glass Syringes "EVA" brand from Italy. Immediate shipment Parties interested, kindly contact Post Box No 38, Amritsar (1710)**

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**Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr G. S Monga, Post Box No 119 Baroda. (9688)**

### MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

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## PUBLIC NOTICES

### NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Qualified Sanitary Inspectors in the grade of Rs. 70-10-2-120, plus Rs. 4.- cycle allowance p.m. and dearness allowance sanctioned from time to time by the Municipality. Apply stating qualifications, experience, age, etc. together with testimonials to the undersigned on or before 10-11-1948.

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Chief Officer,
Surat Borough Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Surat, Dated 22-10-48
2007

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### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF FOOD (DIVISION II.)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase
Jamnagar House, Man Singh Road, NEW DELHI.
Telegrams: "PURFOOD"

TENDER NOTICE.
No. E 579 (1).

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply to the Defence Services during the period December, 1948 to March, 1949.

(i) 2,000 Tons Milk Ghee (Blended) from the markets in areas other than Madras and Bombay Provinces at the Ghee Centre, Agra and

(ii) 900 Tons Milk Ghee (Blended) from the markets in Madras Province at the Military Ghi Centre, Bangalore (Krishnarajapuram).

2. Tender form containing full particulars and conditions of supply may be obtained on application upto 10th November, 1948, from the Chief Director of Purchase. The price of the tender form is Rs. 10-(Rupees ten only) which is not refundable. Payment should be made either in cash or by Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) to the Chief Director of Purchase, Food Ministry, Jamnagar House, New Delhi, quoting Tender No. E 579(1), and remitter's full address on the coupon. The tender forms are not transferable. In case of telegraphic Money Orders, Tender Number and full postal address to which Tender Forms are to be sent must be clearly stated.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 25,000 - (Rupees twenty-five thousand only) in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase by Demand Draft on any Scheduled Bank in the Indian Dominion. The money will be forfeited in full, should a tenderer resile from his tender or in the event of the tender being accepted fail to furnish Security Deposit by due date. It will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers but Government shall not be liable for payment of any interest thereon. Tenders without Earnest Money will not be considered.

4. Tenders would be required to be submitted by 4 p.m. on 22nd, November, 48 and will be opened at 11 a.m. on 23rd November, 1948.

(1981)

### FOREST DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS are invited for following posts on temporary establishment of Forest Engineering Circle:—

(1) OVERSEERS in the scale of Rs. 80-5-100-8-140 E B.-10-220 E. B.-10-270 plus dearness allowance as per rules. The minimum qualifications are a University degree or a recognised Diploma in Civil Engineering. Graduates and Diploma holders will be appointed on a starting pay of Rs. 150/- and Rs. 90/- respectively. Higher starting pay upto Rs. 200 - to B.E's and Rs. 130/- to D.C.E's will be offered according to length of experience after graduation.

The candidates will be engaged on work in Kanara Forests or other Forest areas of Bombay Province.

(2) HEAD CLERKS. Rs. 100-8-140-150 E.B.-10-180/- plus dearness allowance as per rules.

(3) ACCOUNTANTS Rs. 100-8-140 plus dearness allowance as per rules.

(4) CLERKS. Rs 46-3-85 E.B.-4-125-5-130/- plus dearness allowance as per rules.

Minimum qualification for:—

(2) HEAD CLERKS Departmental examination of Forest Department in the case of refugees from Pakistan or graduates in Accountancy or Bachelors of Commerce in the case of others.

(3) ACCOUNTANTS Graduates in Accountancy or recognised Diploma of a College of Accountants of Banking.

(4) CLERKS. Typing speed of 40 words per minute

Applications should be addressed to undersigned so as to reach on or before 20th November, 1948

CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS
Utilization & Engineering Circle.
Bombay Province,
POONA 1.
22nd Oct. 1948. 1978

## PUBLIC NOTICES

M. & S. M. RAILWAY

PRELIMINARY ENQUIRY PRIOR TO CALLING OF TENDERS.

In connection with the implementation of the Adjudicator's Award, a large number of staff quarters and buildings have to be built as below before the target date 31-3-1949.

STAGE I.

| | CONSTRUCTION OF: |
|---|---|
| MADRAS—WALTAIR ZONE | 910 Units Mitra 'A' Type Quarters. |
| MADRAS—JALARPET ZONE | 331 Units Mitra 'B' Type Quarters. |
| HUBLI—MIRAJ ZONE | 4 Running Rooms to accommodate 20 beds each. |

Firms or contractors who are interested in taking up works in Stage I, are requested to furnish their names and addresses with copies of testimonials and detailed list of works carried out. It should also be stated in what specific length or lengths of the above zones they command special facilities to undertake the works.

Information should reach the undersigned not later than 12 hours on Wednesday the 3rd November 1948.

P. SUBRAMANIAM,
Engineer-in-Chief.
MADRAS.
Dated 22-10-1948. 2008

### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

UNITED STATE OF SAURASHTRA, RAJKOT.

TENDERS FOR MACHHU IRRIGATION SCHEME.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the construction of a masonary dam across river Machhu by the undersigned at his office at Rajkot so as to reach at 11 A.M. on 22-11-48. The estimate of cost of works is Rs. 45.0 lacs approximately. The total cost of the Scheme will be Rs. 68 lacs. Tender forms, plans, specifications, and conditions of contract can be had from the office of the Executive Engineer, Project Division, Wankaner, on payment of Rs. 50/-. Only first-class contractors with experience of such hydraulic works of this magnitude need apply with testimonials and list of works to their credit. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) U. J. BHATT,
Chief Engineer.
2019

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 7th December, 1948.

Tender No. SP/F/175/EVB/VB-211 for supply of Vacuum Gauge Duplex to IRS. Drg. No. VB-211—107 Nos.

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controler of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers representatives may present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy Controller of Stores.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.
2002

### BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY.

IN CONSEQUENCE of the death of Mr. Khurshed Framji Nariman, B.A., LL.B., an elected Councillor from Ward No. 14 (Walkeshwar), a casual vacancy of a Councillor has occurred under Section 9 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended up-to-date, I, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22 (3) and 25 of the said Act, hereby fix TUESDAY, the 16th November, 1948, for a Ward Election to fill up the aforesaid vacancy.

Nomination papers will be issued on working days during office hours from Tuesday the 9th November, 1948, to Monday, the 15th November, 1948 and on Tuesday, the 16th November, 1948, upto 4 P.M. (B.T.) at the Election Department, City Improvement Trust Building (Top floor), Napier Road, Fort. In the event of the election being contested the poll will be held on Tuesday the 7th December, 1948.

(Sd) B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay.
21st October, 1948. 2003

### BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the supply and erection of two stone crushers. Tenders will be received at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on Wednesday the 1st December, 1948.

Forms of tender with specifications will be issued by the Mechanical Engineer at his office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay 8, to any one deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 2|- for each tender form.

The Assistant Engineer, Asphalt, will, on application at his office at the Municipal Asphalt Plant, Road No. 11, Worli, Bombay 18, give any further information that may be required.

By order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
2004

### TENDER NOTICE

THERE ARE LARGE STOCKS of Canteen Stores, Fountain Pens, Toilet Articles, cosmetics, hosiery and knitting wool available for sale in the Government Grocery Shop near Churchgate Station. Tenders are invited before 4 P.M. on 6th November for their purchase and removal. Tender documents can be obtained from the undersigned who is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.

A. K. RAMAN,
Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts)
New India Assurance Building, Fort, Bombay. 2009

### THE SIRDAR CARBONIC GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as per resolution passed by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on the 22nd October, 1948, an AD INTERIM dividend at Rs. 15|- per share (Free of Income Tax) for the half year ending 30th September 1948 will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company at Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 16 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay on and after Monday the 29th November, 1948, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Registers of the Company on Saturday the 13th November, 1948.

The share transfer book of the Company will be closed from Monday the 15th November 1948 to the 27th November 1948, both days inclusive.

V. D. THACKERSEY & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 22nd Oct. 1948. 2005

### G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, invites tenders for the supply of overhead steel track structures (Kurla-Mankhurd Electrification) to various drawings. Tender form with drawings obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay-13 at Rs. 7|- per set, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date TUESDAY, the 23rd NOVEMBER, 1948 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) 2000

### SALES TAX
IMPORTANT NOTICE

DEALERS in the A and C Wards of Bombay City are requested NOT to tender payment of Sales Tax due from them at the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 30th OCTOBER, 1948 AND WEDNESDAY, THE 3RD NOVEMBER, 1948. Payments will be accepted on the 4th November, 1948 or thereafter.

V. L. GIDWANI.
Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax, Bombay Province (2017)

### CENSUS OF REFUGEES

CENSUS OF REFUGEES is in progress. Heads of refugees families who have not got themselves enumerated so far are requested to call at the Ration shops at which their ration cards are registered and get themselves enumerated and obtain certificates of enumeration from the enumerators posted at the shops.

Those who have not registered their Ration cards at the grain shops are requested to call at the nearest grain shop or at the office of the Collector of Bombay.

M. R. YARDI
Collector of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District.
Old Custom House, Fort,
Bombay, 27th October, 1948. (2013)

### THE JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD., BOMBAY

NOTICE HAVING BEEN RECEIVED of the Loss of Policy No. 15448 on the life of Mr. Maruti Bhairu Pisal, a Duplicate will be issued unless objection if filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

E. S. JOEL,
General Manager.
Dated 27|10|48
Imperial Bank Building, Fort, Bombay. 9752

### B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Mahalaxmi, Bombay No. 11 invites tenders for the supply of 200 Nos. Doors wooden for 3rd class Railway coaches returnable on 24th November 1948.

Tender copies can be had free of cost on application.

Firms not on the approved list of this Railway should give their banker's reference. 2015

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Mahalaxmi, Jacob Circle, Bombay No. 11, invites tenders for the supply of 216 Nos. Boxes wrapped ebonite for accumulators and 2000 Nos. plates negative intermediate returnable on 8th November 1948.

Tender copies can be had free of cost on application.

Drawings can be had on payment of annas eight each if required.

Firms not on the approved list of this Railway should give their Banker's reference". 2016

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, upto noon on 6-12-1948.

Tender number SP/D/HE/40 for supply of casing teakwood with capping 10 wires.

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

Copy of drawing No. E.I.R. (S)EA 405 may be purchased from the office of the Dy. Chief Engineer, E.I. Rly. (Signals) Calcutta at Rs. 2/- per copy on production of the receipt granted by the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta. Firms outside Calcutta should remit the cost of the drawing to the Dy. Chief Engineer E.I. Rly. (Signals) Calcutta. direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores room by the Tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers and representatives may present themsives at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy Controller of Stores.

CONTROLLER OF STORES (2001)

### PUBLIC NOTICE

REQUIREMENTS of steel under Private Industrial Development Quota, Period II/49.

Attention of the Public is invited to the recent Public Notice issued by Deputy Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta, inviting applications through the Provincial Government covering the requirements of steel for Period II/1948 for Private Industrial Development Schemes so as to reach Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta, on or before the 15th November 1948. The full particulars of the demands with necessary designs, plans, calculations etc. under the different heads viz. Factory buildings, Ware houses, Depots, Labourers' quarters etc. should accordingly be sent direct to the Iron and Steel Controller, Quota Section, 100, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, and copies of the same must be submitted to this office also so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 7th November 1948 for necessary scrutiny. No applications received in this office after the 7th November 1948 will be considered. Similarly applications with incomplete data will also not be considered at all.

J. J. PATEL
Provincial Iron and Steel Rationing Officer.
Military Hutments
Esplanade Maidan.
Bombay. (2012)

## LEGAL NOTICES

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Misc. No. 281 of 1948.

In the matter of the INSURANCE ACT 1938
and
In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT 1913
and
In the mater of THE NEW IDEAL PROVIDENT INSURANCE CO. LTD.

The SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE, having his Office at Simla. ..... Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition for the winding up of the abovenamed company by the High Court was on the 13th day of October, 1948, presented to the said High Court on behalf of the said Petitioner. And that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Honourable the Judge hearing Company matters on the 26th day of November, 1948 and any Creditor or Contributory of the Company desiring either to oppose or support the making of the order for winding up of the said Company under the above Acts should appear at the time of the hearing by himself or by his counsel for that purpose and a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any Creditor or Contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

M. V. JAYAKAR,
Petitioner's Attorney,
Solicitor to the Central Government at Bombay.
Bombay, dated this 27th day of October, 1948. 2010

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### POLICE NOTICE

AS DIVALI FESTIVAL is now approaching the public are hereby cautioned against letting off or thowing fire-works on or near any street, road or thoroughfare. Anyone committing a breach of this order will render himself liable to be taken into custody by the Police and dealt with according to law. The Police have been directed to enforce this order strictly.

J. S. BHARUCHA
Commissioner of Police
Head Police Office.
Bombay, 26th October, 1948. (2011)

### B.B. & C. I. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE NO T. LP/55

THE PRESIDENT, Grainshop Committee and LWS Dohad, invites tenders on prescribed form G. S.—203 (obtainable from his office) closing at 12-00 hours on 4-11-1948, for supply of Dalls, Joggery, Groundnut Oil, Till Oil, etc., at Central Godown, DOHAD. (2020)

## LEGAL NOTICES

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai ATEKABAI, daughter of Tyebali Essaji Harianawalla and wife of TAHERBHAI GULAMHUSEIN VAHANVATI, of Bombay Bohra Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property of whatsoever kind or nature are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL that piece or parcel of Freehold land situate at or near the Haines Road in the Registration Sub-District and Island of Bombay admeasuring about 572 square yards and registered in the Books of the Municipality under E Ward No. 4431(1) Street No. 292 bearing Collector's New No. 2B/13913, New Survey No. 3A/3499 and Cadastral Survey No. 1982 of Byculla Division and bounded on the North by the land of Raghunath Narayan Khote, on the South by the land of Muncherji Hormusji Davar, on the East by the Haines Road and on the West by the land of Rustom Ardeshir and Byram Ardeshir.

Dated this 26th day of Oct., 1948.
JAMSHEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 2018

## AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF ONE ANDERSON DUO OIL EXPELLER (MOTOR DRIVEN) BRAND NEW, COMPLETE AND IN ORIGINAL PACKING.

Under instructions from M/S. POPATLAL and JIVABHAI, Attorneys for MANEKLAL HARICHAND SHAH Esqr. and ON ACCOUNT AND RISK of the DEFAULTING PURCHASER, M/S. NANAVATY OIL AND CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES, Bombay, M/S. MISTRY & CO., (Auctioneers), will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, 3rd Nov. '48, at 3-30 A.M., at the Auctioneers' Showrooms at 75, Apollo St., Fort, ONE ANDERSON DUO OIL EXPELLER (MOTOR DRIVEN) COMPLETE AND BRAND NEW IN ORIGINAL PACKING. For further particulars Contact Auctioneers: MISTRY & CO. Tel: 22801.


**HEARTBURN?**

The wide popularity of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is convincing evidence of its efficacy in relieving acidity, flatulence, heartburn, stomach pain, nausea, biliousness and other symptoms of digestive disturbances.

It is also invaluable in cases of headaches, depression, sleeplessness and palpitation when these are caused by stomach disorders. If you suffer from any of these distressing complaints, get some Maclean Brand Stomach Powder to-day and experience for yourself the quick relief that this famous remedy brings.

Be sure however, to ask for Maclean Brand Stomach Powder, which is only genuine if signed "ALEX C. MACLEAN."

Take—

Copyright: JWT(S)LTD


## *"RIGHT TO KNOW IS KEY TO YOUR LIBERTIES"*

### *Newspaperboy Day In America*

In a nation-wide observance of Newspaperboy Day, October 2, the 500,000 newspaperboys in the United States were saluted as important links between the newspapers and their readers. Newspaperboy Day formed a part of National Newspaper Week, celebrated in early October with the theme "The Right to Know Is the Key to Your Liberties."

Endorsing the observance of Newspaper Week, President Truman said that its theme "sums up the principles on which our Republic is founded and the ideals toward which we strive." Secretary of State Marshall emphasized the importance of seeing "that the barriers to the flow of information are reduced and, as far as possible, eliminated. This is an essential to the world peace we are seeking."

#### MANY PROMINENT U. S. CITIZENS STARTED AS NEWSBOYS

The trade journal "Editor and Publisher" noted that many prominent citizens of the United States began their careers as newspaperboys. Among them are Dwight D. Eisenhower, president of Columbia University; William O. Douglas, Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court; New York Governor Thomas E. Dewey, Republican candidate for President, and California Governor Earl Warren, the Republican Vice Presidential candidate.

Howard W. Stodghill of the Philadelphia Bulletin, chairman of the National Newspaperboy Committee, said that about 2,000 daily newspapers in the United States employ newspaperboys. The boys, most of whom are between the ages of 12 and 18, each deliver an average of 80 papers daily to the homes of regular customers on their routes.

Besides paying them for their services, newspapers carry on educational, recreational and entertainment programmes throughout the year for ntwspaperboys. Stodghill pointed out. Newspaper associations also take an interest in the welfare of newspaperboys. The Newspaper Distributors Association of Chicago recently announced plans to award 25 college scholarships of 500 dollars each among newspaper carriers who are engaged by member papers of the association. The association hopes eventually to provide full four-year college scholarships for every carrier who believes that advanced schooling will help him realize his ambitions. —USIS.

## "SCIENCE MUST COME TO GRIPS WITH HUMAN PROBLEMS"

### More Knowledge Of "Atom Of Society" Needed

During the last century, science has fostered a revolution in industrial technology and now must come to grips with human problems, says Dr. Roger J. Williams, noted United States biochemist. Observing that scientists have learned a great deal more about the atom of matter than about the "atom of society"—the individual person—he advocated a shift of emphasis in scientific investigation to "human science" in a speech before more than 5,000 scientists who met, recently in Washington, D.C., to celebrate the centenary of the founding of the American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS).

The AAAS was founded on September 20, 1848, by 461 United States scientists mainly interested in geology and nature study. It now is the world's largest scientific society. Through its 207 affiliated and associated societies, it has a total membership of more than 500,000 scientists in 7 per cent countries and covers nearly every field of pure and applied science. The organization's objective is to facilitate co-operation among scientists everywhere and "to improve the effectiveness of science in the promotion of human welfare." The centennial theme was "One World or Science."

#### "CIVILIZATION IS THREATENED BY OURSELVES"

"What we lack most of all today", Williams said, "is an adequate knowledge of what people are like—ourselves—the real human beings who inhabit our planet. Civilization is not threatened by atomic bombs and biological warfare today—it is threatened by ourselves. If we blame our trouble on atomic bombs, we are like the boy who falls off his bicycle and then takes out his spite by kicking the bicyle. If civilization goes down, man will be his own undoing, the instruments and tools that he uses will not be the source of the trouble."

He praised the present separate research of the anatomists, physiologists, biochemists, psychologists and sociologists, but added: "We need to combine the resources in the various fields and make a co-ordinated attack to understand what people are like. We need to know among the other things how anatomy influences physiology, how physiology influences psychology, how psychology influences physiology, etc."

The breakdown of any civilization, he said, "is primarily traced to the failure in the creative power of the individuals who should be like leaven in the lump.... The most basic and fundamental defect of a Communists regime, and the reason why it cannot persist indefinitely is that its philosophy ignores the persistent individuality which exists in every population-an individuality which can only be satisfied by freedom. The Communists realize that of individuality is important they are sunk, so they foster and teach a science which denies the facts of heredity and magnifies the ability of men to adapt themselves to a pre-arranged regime."

If we are to know man, William said, we must have exact knowledge of his diverences as well as his likenesses, for "knowledge of individuality, if it is widespread, will automatically make for tolerance and better feeling among members of the human family. This, inturn will make it possible for people who otherwise would be at cross purposes to work together."—USIS.

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# CITY & SUBURBS

## To-day

Hindu. Ashwin 11, 2004.
Muslim. Zilhej 24, 1367.
Parsi. Ardibehesht 26, 1318.
Sunrise. 6-38 a.m. Sunset 18-08 p.m.
Hightide: 08-35, 21-05.
Lowtide: 02-00, 15-10.

## Today's Engagements

ASSOCIATION OF MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF TEXTILE STORES AND MACHINERY. Tea Party today, at 3-30 p.m., at the Radio Club, Colaba.

PROTEST AGAINST HINDU CODE BILL. A conference will be held in Madhav Baug under the guidance of Shree Swami Karpatrji Maharaj, at 6-30 p.m., today, to protest against the Hindu Code Bill. Syt Gordhandas Morarji, will preside.

SINDHIS' PROTEST MEETING. A public meeting of the Bombay citizens will be held today, at 6 p.m., in Sunderabai Hall to protest against the action of the Government of Pakistan and urge the Indian Government to take suitable action to protect the property rights of the Indian Nationals in Pakistan.

STEVEDORES AND DOCK LABOURERS' UNION. A meeting of the employees of Ahmadi Shipyard will be held at Sarojini cottage, Congress House, today, at 7-30 p.m., to prepare the memorandum of demands to be placed before the management.

"C" WARD CONGRESS DAL Meeting at 9 p.m., in J. T. High School, Dadisheth Agiari Lane.

BAL SHIKSHAN NAGAR. A Reception in honour of Dr. Maria Montessori at The Convocation Hall, today at 6-30 p.m., by Bal Shikshan Nagar and other educational, cultural and social institutions. Shri. Nanasahai Bhatt, Educational Minister of Saurashtra will preside.

RAHNUMAL MAZDAYASNAN SABHA Dasturji Dr. M. N. Dhalla, will deliver a public lecture today (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m., at Sir C. J. Hall, on The Glorious millennium B.C. of mankind's religious and ethical progress."

YOUNG ISMAILIA BROTHERHOOD Opening of Health Exhibition by Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, Mayor. Diamond Jubilee High School for Girls, Sandhurst Road, 6-30 p.m.

MAHATHMA'S STATUE AT JUHU BEACH. The foundation stone of the Mahatma's Statue at Juhu Beach will be laid by the hands of Harijan on Saturday, the 30th instant at 9-30 p.m., on the Parking Ground near Sea-view Hotel, Juhu.

# Radio

BOMBAY, Thursday, Oct. 28.

2.44 m. (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Kunda Pitre 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Master Bali (Sursuhagvadan) 8-45 Kesarbai Bandodkar (Vocal) 12-0 p.m. Programme for Women (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 God Geeten 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Mozart 1-20 Raj Khosla 4-40 Vasudeo P. Nayak (Vocal) 5-0 Master Bali (Sursuhag Vadan) 5-15 Children's Half-Hour (E) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 K. T. Pandit (Purva Kalyan) 6-30 Raj Khosla 6-45 Violin Duet 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 K. T. Pandit 7-30 Arthik Avalokan (Talk in Gujrati) 7-45 Toote Tare 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Master Bali (Sursuhag) 8-45 Brahmanand Bhajan 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Sport Polio (E) 10-0 George Lester (Violoncello) 10-30 "Romance of Press".

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. Musical Interlude 10-35 "Romance of Press" 7-40 Vignyapana 5-45 p.m. Vasudeo P. Nayak (Vocal) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)

7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Vasudeo P. Nayak (Vocal) 8-15 Kunda Pitre 9-0 Kesarbai Bandodkar (Vocal) 10-0 Amritlal Nayyariwala 10-30 Kesarbai Bandodkar (Vocal).

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND. — The Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 21 tomorrow Friday, at 7-51 a.m. (B.T.) i.e. 8-30 a.m. (S.T.), at DeLisle Road Junction Gardens Bridge and go round with them in the Ward.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION Film show "She defends her country" (in Hindi) on 2nd November, at 10 a.m., at Chitra Talkies. Tickets are available at BSU between 5 and 7 p.m.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS EMPLOYEES' UNION. The general body meeting of the St. Zavier's College Lower Grade Staff Union held recently decided to change the name of the Union to "Educational Institutions Employees' Union" and the membership is made open to any employee of an educational institution. Following persons were elected office-bearers of the Union: President —Rohit Dave Vice-President —Vinayak Purohit. Gen.-Secretary —Chandrakant Pagankar. Treasurer —Bhansi Mehta.

The Union has applied for registration.

# SCHOOLS COMMITTEE DEMANDS ENHANCED GOVERNMENT GRANT

## Bombay Municipal Teachers Employed In Pakistan!

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee today decided to send a representation to the Government for increasing the Government grant on the expenditure on primary schools. According to a report made by the Secretary of the Committee, the fixed amount of Rs. 9,45,000 given as grant was inadequate and the Corporation should get a grant of at least Rs. 42,00,000 per year.

**The Schools Committee decided that no municipal employee of the Schools Committee would be permitted hereafter to contest any local body election in Bombay or outside.**

The Committee decided to demand an undertaking from any of its employees going out of the Indian Union during their period of leave that he would not take up jobs in a foreign country. This decision followed a communication addressed by Mr. T. S. Mirchandani of Karachi to the Chairman of the Committee stating that some teachers of the Bombay Municipality were employed in Pakistan temporarily during their leave. It is possible that the Schools Committee will take strong action against these persons who are now reported to be employed in Pakistan.

JAWAHAR'S BIRTHDAY

The Schools Committee decided to send their felicitation to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his birthday which falls on November 14 and wish him many happy returns of the day.

# *WHEN HIGH COURT JUDGE'S SON PLIES GHARRY*

**A high society youth whose peculiar hobby led him to adopt plebian roles had a shocking experience on Monday night.**

Asoka Madgavkar (35), son of the late Mr. Justice Madgavkar, while indulging in his strange hobby of establishing live contacts with the lower strata of society, it is said, took out a hack-victoria license and started plying a gharry in the nights.

He met various passengers in the course of his new-found career and derived plenty of psychological satisfaction.

On Monday night, however, he had his first troublesome fare.

Madgavkar went to the mews from where he hired out his gharry and a horse, every time, and then doffing his sharkskin suit, he carefully deposited it in the driver's box seat. At the same time, from the same place he also pulled out his "gharrywalla" uniform, a Khaki tunic a pant of the same fabric and a Khaki peacap. Donning these, he harnessed the horse to the vehicle and seizing the tapering whip drove off from the mews in search of a fare. Soon he got one who had a long drive in his "gharry" for four hours and finally halted at Marine Drive for some fresh air.

After sufficiently imbibing ozone here, the passenger asked the "gharrywalla" to proceed further, but the driver refused, saying that the long journey had fatigued the horse and he could do no more.

At this stage the passenger, whose name is given as Syed Dawood Murzat Mia demanded to see the "gharrywalla's licence which was produced. As the licence was being scrutinized, ther appeared on the scene—by accident or by design it is hard to tell—Aloo Mia Kaloo Mia the owner of the gharry. Madgavkar's license may have been taken out incognito, but it was in perfect order. But the two Mias together it is stated began to insinuate that there was something fishy about it. It is further alleged that they threatened to hand over the "gharrywalla" to the police unless he paid them Rs. 200 as hush money.

This "gharrywalla" however, was not the usual type. He stopped the gharry on some pretext or the other in the vicinity of the Metro and sneaked off to a telephone booth from where he got in touch with Deputy Commissioner Quilter, who put him on to Superintendent Bashiruddin of the A.C.B.

He was instructed to offer to make the payment in marked money, but, by the time he returned, the two men had disappeared leaving word that the money should be brought to the mews at Morland Road, the following morning.

When Madgavkar went there the next morning with two police officers in disguise, the men are said to have grown suspicious and not accepted the payment. Subsequently, however, the Police arrested them and recovered Madgavkar's licece from them.

The two suspects were released on bail by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on Tuesday.

SHRI SETH S. N. BHANDARI of Indore, Director of various Industrial Concerns, Insurance Companies and President of several Commercial Concerns has proceeded on World Tour on Wednesday morning by Air to study Industries abroad.

He will be visiting United Kingdom, France, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland Japan & China.

Seth S. N. Bhandari is a man of great Business and Industrial acumen and well-versed in the techniques of almost all the leading Industries of India. His tour will undoubtedly be of great benefit to the Nation.

# WEATHER

## DAILY WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Oct. 27. (API): The following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday the 27th October 1948:

Yesterday's western disturbance over the West Punjab and the neighbourhood has become well-marked and is causing extensive cloudiness over the East Punjab. It is likely to move east-north-east-wards.

Weather has been dry over the country except for scattered showers in the extreme south of the Peninsula and along the north Madras coast.

Night temperatures have arisen appreciably in Rajputana and the East Punjab and fallen slightly in the Deccan.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 28TH:—There will be local thundershowers in south-east Madras, Malabar, and the East Punjab and a few thundershowers in and around the south Bombay Deccan, in Mysore, Assam and the hills of the west United Provinces. Isolated thunderstorms may also occur in north Rajputana.

## WEATHER CHART

POONA, Oct. 27 (API): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st October, 1948, and departure from normal recorded at 08.00 hours IST on 27th October, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 98 78 0 0.8 plus 0.4 Allahabad 89 63 0 1.3 minus 0.9 Bangalore 83 63 0 3.0 minus 2.3 Baroda 99 74 0 0.2 minus 1.5 Belgaum 86 65 0 4.0 minus 0.4 BOMBAY 89 78 0 2.1 minus 0.3 Calcutta 90 66 0 7.0 plus 2.8 Cherrapunji 69 53 0 24.6 plus 7.3 Colombo 88 74 T 8.9 minus 2.9 Cuttack 89 72 0 1.9 minus 3.1 Darjeeling 57 43 0.4 7.9 plus 2.7 Dehra Dun 76 55 0 8.1 plus 6.8 Delhi 91 60 0 0 minus 0.3 Hyderabad (Dn.) 92 63 0 0.1 minus 0.1 Karachi 86 Lahore 89 54 0 0 minus 0.2 Madras 90 74 0 9.2 minus 0.4 Mahabaleshwar 79 63 0 4.5 minus 1.5 Mussoorie 89 47 0 1.4 plus 0.3 Nagpur 92 62 0 1.0 minus 1.0 Ootacamund 67 47 0 6.6 minus 0.7 Pachmarhi 82 50 0 0.6 minus 1.7 Patna 87 70 0 4.4 plus 2.1 Peshawar 86 56 0 0.1 minus 0.1 Poona 94 68 0 4.9 plus 1.5 Quetta 70 45 0 0.3 plus 0.2 Rajkot 94 72 0 2.6 plus 2.1 Rawalpindi 85 50 0 0.8 plus 0.2 Shillong 66 48 0 12.3 plus 6.4 Sholapur 93 67 0 3.7 plus 0.8 Simla 62 47 0 1.0 minus 0.1.

# Results Of M. D. And M. S. Exams.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The following 19 candidates have passed the M. D. Examination:

1. A. R. Purushottam; 3. B. P. Bhogani; 4. N. H. Dalal; 5. D. V. Desai; 9. A. P. Golwall; 10. S. J. Irani; 11. Z. N. Kadri; 13. R. A. Kodial; 28. C. P. Shah; 29. U. K. Sheth; 32. S. V. Dalvi; 33. R. C. Desai; 36. P. N. Bhansali; 38. H. A. Contractor; 44. T. B. Irani; 49. A. S. Mody; 51. V. G. Patel; 52. Z. R. Peermahomed; 68. T. V. Patel.

Sixty-eight candidates had appeared for the examination.

The following 13 candidates have passed the M. S. Examination:

3. S. J. Aotekar; 8. M. J. Da Graca-Costa; 12. A. P. Desai; 18. M. G. Hanamshet; 19. S. M. Jayakar; 21. D. K. Karnajavala; 24. J. M. Mehta; 29. S. D. Patel; 32. J. Sen; 34. S. J. Talsania; 36. G. H. Vora; 39. K. K. Bhat; 42. G. A. Kher.

Forty-three candidates had appeared for the examination.

## *IN MEMORY OF NARIMAN AND HORNIMAN*

**Mr. Nathalal D. Parikh, Municipal Corporator, has given notice of a resolution which he proposes to move in the Corporation, seeking to rename the Reclamation after the late Mr. K. F. Nariman. The resolution suggests the renaming of the Churchgate Street Extension or some other suitable road in the alternative. The resolution also asks for the renaming of Parsi Bazar Street or and other suitable street after the late Mr. B. G. Horniman.**

## SCHOOL CHILDREN TO LEARN JAWAHAR'S LIFE-STORY

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The life, achievements and mission of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru will be explained to Bombay's school children on the eve of the Prime Minister's sixtieth birthday, which falls on November 14.

The Municipal Schools Committee today directed the head master of all schools under it to devote one hour on November 13 for this purpose.

An inspiring sketch on Pt. Nehru will be prepared by a sub-committee which was formed at today's meeting of the Schools Committee.


*This is an ANNOUNCEMENT and not a Prospectus*

(The Subscription List was opened on 25th October, 1948, and will close at the discretion of the Directors but not earlier than 4th November, 1948).
A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE ASSISTANT REGISTRAR OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES, MADRAS.
(The Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue by an order of which a complete copy is open to public inspection at the Registered Office of the Company. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent, the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of the scheme or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.)

# ASHOK MOTORS LIMITED

(INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT 1913)

## SHARE CAPITAL

| | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| AUTHORISED CAPITAL .. .. .. .. .. | | 2,00,00,000 |
| (Divided into 10,40,000 Ordinary 'A' Class shares of Rs. 15 - each and 8,80,000 Ordinary 'B' Class shares Rs. 5/- each) | | |
| PRESENT ISSUE .. .. .. | | 50,00,000 |
| 2,60,000 Ordinary 'A' Class shares of Rs. 15 - each | 39,00,000 | |
| 2,20,000 Ordinary 'B' Class shares of Rs. 5 - each | 11,00,000 | |
| PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS: | 50,00,000 | |

'A' Class shares — Rs. 10 - per share on application.
" :— Rs. 5 - per share on allotment.
'B' Class shares .— in full on application.

Ordinary 'A' Class shares confer on the holder the right to be paid out of the profits which may, at any time, be determined to be distributed among members, a perferential cumulative dividend at 5 (five) per cent per annum free of Indian Income-tax and subject thereto, the 'B' Class shares are entitled to a cumulative dividend of 5 (five) percent per annum free of Indian Income-tax; and any surplus will be divided as to one-half between the holders of the 'A' Class shares in proportion to the 'A' Class shares held by them and as to the other half between the holders of the 'B' Class shares in proportion to the 'B' Class shares held by them and in a winding up, the assets available for distribution among the shareholders shall be first applied in paying off the capital paid-up on both the Ordinary 'A' and the Ordinary 'B' Shares pari pasu, if necessary, ratably, and any surplus remaining thereafter shall be applied for paying off all arrears of the cumulative dividend, whether earned, declared or not, first on the Ordinary 'A' shares and thereafter on the Ordinary 'B' shares and any surplus remaining thereafter will be divided as to one half among holders of the 'A' class shares and as to the other among the holders of the 'B' class shares.

The signatories to the Memorandum, the Directors and their friends have agreed to subscribe for 67,750 'A' Class shares and 1,70,000 'B' Class shares. The balance of the issue is offered for public subscription. Since filing the Prospectus, applications and assurances have been received for a further subscription of Rs. 5,00,000 Face Value Shares.

## DIRECTORS

1. L. P. LORD Esq., Chairman and Managing Director, The Austin Motor Co. Ltd., Birmingham. Chairman, The Austin Motor Export Corporation Ltd., Birmingham etc.
2. Sri V. S. THIRUVENGADASWAMY MUDALIAR, Bangalore, Director, The Mysore Sugar Company Ltd., The Mysore Paper Mills Ltd. etc.
3. A. R. WADIA Esq., Bombay. Managing Director, Auto-Cars Ltd., Bombay, Chairman & Director, The Motor Manufacturers & Importers Association Ltd., Bombay.
4. Sri M. Ct. M. CHIDAMBARAM CHETTYAR, Madras, Chairman & Director, Indian Overseas Bank Ltd., Madras, United India Fire & General Assurance Co. Ltd., Madras, etc.
5. Sri SOHANLAL SANGHI, Indore, of Messrs. Sanghi Brothers, Automobile Engineers & Dealers.
6. Sri C. R. SRINIVASAN, Madras. Director, Reserve Bank of India, etc.
7. Sri G. KRISHNAN, General Manager, The Coimbatore Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd., Coimbatore, etc.
8. Col. B. H. ZAIDI, C.I.E., Chief, Minister, Rampur (State), U.P., (Ex-Officio). Director, Rampur Engineering Co., Ltd., Rampur, Director, Cipla Ltd., Bombay, etc.
9. Lieut. Col. R. E. M. PRATT, O.B.E., (Ex-Officio), Bombay. Resident Representative of Austin Companies in India.
10. Sri RAGHUNANDAN SARAN, M.A. (Cantab), Delhi, (Ex-Officio), Director, Rampur Engineering Co., Ltd., Rampur, Director, Willcox (Buckwell-India) Ltd., New Delhi, etc.

MANAGING AGENTS
CAR BUILDERS LIMITED,
36-B, Mount Road, Madras.

BANKERS
THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.,
GRINDLAYS BANK LTD.,
INDIAN OVERSEAS BANK LTD.

AUDITORS
KRISHNASWAMY AND JAGANNATHAN,
Madras.

BROKERS
SWASTIK & CO., Madras.
CHITRA & CO., Madras.
PIYARE LAL & CO., New Delhi.
P. R. SUBRAMHANYAN, Bombay.

PLANNING & PRODUCTION ENGINEER
MR. J. A. GREATOREX,
Planning Engineer of Austin Companies.

LEGAL ADVISER
Sri R. Narasimhachariar, B.A., B.L.,
Advocate, Madras.

REGISTERED OFFICE
36-B, Mount Road, MADRAS.

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY:

The Company has been formed for the purposes set out in the Memorandum of Association and in particular to carry on the Assembly, manufacture and trade in Motor Cars, Motor Buses, lorries and trucks and all kinds of motor vehicles, their parts, components and accessories.

SCOPE OF THE INDUSTRY:

This country has been a heavy importer of motor cars, trucks and lorries and motor vehicles of all descriptions. The market for motor vehicles of all types has expanded rapidly in India as would be seen by the following table of the number of cars and trucks imported in the previous years of 1933 to 1939:—

| Year. | Cars. | Trucks. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1933 | 9,575 | 4,465 | 14,040 |
| 1935 | 13,409 | 8,104 | 21,513 |
| 1937 | 16,036 | 13,046 | 29,082 |
| 1939 | 10,115 | 14,294 | 24,409 |

Yearly Average for 7 years.

| Cars. | Trucks. | Total. |
|---|---|---|
| 12,313 | 9,605 | 21,918 |

During the war years and after, the demand continued to expand but the imports were restricted and controlled. It may be confidently expected that in future, under the present stimulus to Road Transport, an even greater expansion of the demand may be expected.

India's supply of motor vehicles has till now been met by import from abroad and it has been a matter of concern that the Nation is dependent on foreign sources for the supply of an essential requirement. It is the declared policy of the Government of India to secure the speedy establishment in India of Motor Industry and the Central Government have announced that this industry will be regulated from the Centre. In pursuance of their policy, the Government of India have accorded sanction for the formation of this Company and they have directed the location of the Company at Madras as being most advantageous.

Europe and America have developed the industry through many decades of stress and trials. A number of important and vital inventions—many of them still protected by patents—contribute to their high standard of production. The Directors considered it essential to secure the right to use such inventions and to have the assistance of trained personnel from the West who would not only help to start the manufacture on the right lines but also train Indian personnel.

It is a well-known fact that a large proportion of the landed cost of complete vehicles imported from abroad is accounted for by heavy freight and other charges which in turn increases the import duty payable. By importing such vehicles in knocked down condition in the smallest cubic capacity possible, substantial saving is effected on the landed cost. This saving will be considerably more than the total cost of assembly in India. Consequently the Directors feel confident that the price of vehicles assembled by the Company would be economical and competitive.

In the present state of Indian Industry, the obvious method of developing the complete manufacture of motor vehicles is to start with the assembly of motor vehicles from imported components and progressively increase the percentage of Indian-made components.

With a view to secure these objects, an agreement has been entered into between this company and The Austin Motor Export Corporation, Birmingham, which gives this Company the sole rights of importing distributing and manufacturing by stages, in India, of Austin products, namely Cars, Commercial Trucks and Components and Spare parts.

In addition, this Company has secured from the Austin Export Corporation Ltd., the exclusive right to import and sell the Austin products, cars, vehicles, and spare parts in the Indian Union including the Indian States and Nepal. The business of distribution of motor vehicles is very profitable. Further, this arrangement will ensure that Austin will depend entirely on this Company for its market in India and therefore will have every inducement to co-operate with this Company.

The Austin Companies have agreed to grant to the Company without charging any premium. Royalty or other consideration, licence to use for the programme of progressive manufacture, every patent owned or controlled by the Austins or over which they could grant sublicences. They have also agreed to give this company the benefit of all research work carried on by the Austins. Thus the Company will be able to commence production on a profitable scale without wasting money and time in research and experimentation which, of necessity, the older foreign companies have had to incur. This policy will also ensure the maintenance of a high standard of quality and workmanship.

Mr. L. P. Lord who is the head of the group of Austin Companies and a leading world expert in motor manufacture has consented to join the Board of Directors and will be its chairman. Lieut-Col. R. E. M. Pratt, who had been the Resident Representative in India of The Austin Companies for the last 18 years will also be on the Board.

The Austin Companies have lent the whole time service of one of their planning Engineers who will come over to this country, remain here, and guide and direct the manufacturing activities of the Company.

Austin vehicles hold an enviable reputation throughout the world and amongst European makes have been and are, the undoubted leaders in India. Before the War, the Austin contribution to India's imports of new passenger cars from all countries averaged approximately 15% of the total. During 1947, despite import restrictions and other difficulties, the imports and sales show a marked improvement over pre-war years. Apart from passenger cars, Austins now market a complete range of commercial vehicles, comprising 25 cwt., 2-3 ton, 4-5 ton and 'Coach Chassis'. These vehicles are rapidly becoming popular owing to their sturdy design and economical performance.

Since the end of the war the British Tariff on horse power basis has been abolished and British car manufacturers are turning out cars with more powerful engines which enable them to provide more passenger and luggage space and considerably enhance performance without sacrificing economy in running costs. The high cost and actual shortage of petrol the world over, has added to the emphasis on economy and increased the vogue of the British light car. The importance of this change can be judged from the fact that in one month of the current year England exported more cars to the United States of America than in the whole of the year 1947. Out of a total of 1,200 units shipped in that month Austin Cars accounted for 1053 or 87.1%.

LAND, BUILDING AND EQUIPMENT

The Company has entered into agreement for the purchase of over 125 acres of land situated near the ENNORE station, in the industrial area to the north of the City of Madras for the Factory site. Its easy access to the Madras Harbour and facility of Railway Siding from the aforesaid station makes it an ideal site for the factory.

The machinery necessary for the initial programme has been ordered from the United Kingdom and the Company has been assured that it will arrive in India within 5 months. The rest of the equipment will be ordered locally from stocks. The Factory buildings have been planned and approved. Firm arrangements have been made to secure the building materials required and the work of erection of the Factory will be started immediately on obtaining the Certificate of Commencement of Business and is expected to be completed within six months.

ESTIMATE OF CAPITAL AND WORKING

The investment necessary for a modern assembly plant in the early stages is calculated at about Rs. 15 lakhs i.e. land Rs. 2 lakhs, buildings Rs. 8 lakhs and equipment Rs. 5 lakhs. Working capital required at the outset will be about Rs. 10 lakhs. A further investment of about Rs. 20 to 25 lakhs will be required later on in order to expand the manufacturing programme.

It is estimated that by the time normal conditions of demand for motor vehicles arrive, appoximately 25,000 passenger cars per annum will be imported into India and a like number of commercial vehicles. On a conservative estimate this company may expect to sell 3,000 passenger cars per annum and 1,500 to 2,000 trucks making a minimum of 4,500 vehicles a year.

On this minimum output of 4,500 vehicles per annum, the gross trading profit is expected to be approximately 14 lakhs. Overheads have been calculated at approximately 9 lakhs per annum, thereby giving an expected return of 10% on the invested capital. The sale of spare parts alone is expected to bring in additional revenue of at least a lakh of Rupees per annum.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION:

The minimum subscription on which the Directors may proceed to allotment is Rs. 25,00,000 (Rupees Twenty-five lakhs).

DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION AND QUALIFICATION:

The qualification of a Director shall be the holding in his own right of shares of the nominal value of not less than Rs. 10,000. Provided that where the Director is an Austin Distributor or is a partner of a firm or shareholder or Director of a Company which is an Austin Distributor, then the qualification for such Director shall be the holding of shares of the face value of Rs. 50,000 in his own name or jointly with others or in the name of such firm or such Company of which he is a partner or shareholder or Director.

Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, every Director including the members of the Managing Agents' firm who are Directors are entitled to a fee of Rs. 100 for each meeting attended by him and travelling and other expenses.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES:

Preliminary expenses are estimated not to exceed Rs. 50,000.

NATURE AND EXTENT OF DIRECTORS' INTEREST:

Mr. L. P. Lord is interested as a Director, Chairman and shareholder of the Austin Motor Company Ltd., Birmingham and of The Austin Motor Export Corporation Ltd., Birmingham in the agreement between Ashok Motors Ltd. and The Austin Companies, dated 15th October, 1948.

Mr. Raghunandan Saran and Col. B. H. Zaidi, C.I.E., are interested as shareholders and Directors of The Car Builders Ltd., in the Managing Agency Agreement with The Car Builders Ltd., dated 15th October, 1948.

Messrs. Raghunandan Saran and A. R. Wadia are interested in the agreement, dated 15th October, 1948, regarding lands in Bhandup near Bombay.

VOTING AND TRANSFER:

Every shareholder is entitled to one vote by show of hands and to one vote for every share of either description held by him on a poll. The Directors may, at their discretion, decline to register any transfer on which the Company has a lien and in case of shares not fully paid, they may refuse to register the transfer to a transferee of whom they do not approve. A member is not entitled to vote on any question whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any shares held by him.

MANAGEMENT:

The Company will be under the management of THE CAR BUILDERS LTD., who have been appointed as Managing Agents for a term of 14 years from the date of incorporation. Their remuneration will be an office allowance of Rs. 2,000 per month together with commission of 10% on the net profits of the Company subject to a minimum commission of Rs. 18,000 per year in the event of inadequacy or absence of profits. The Managing Agents will pay and bear out of their remuneration the salary of one officer of the Managing Agents who will be in charge of the conduct of the Company's business on behalf of and as representing the Managing Agents. Mr. Raghunandan Saran will be the first such officer and representative of the Managing Agents. He has had considerable experience in the business of Motor Trade and assembly from C.K.D. of both British and American makes of Cars. The directors are confident that under his Management the business of the company will be carried on effectively.

The Managing Agency Agreement dated 15th October, 1948, gives particulars of the terms of the agreement. The Managing Agents will have the conduct of the affairs of the Company subject to the supervision of the Directors. The Managing Agents are entitled to nominate Ex-Officio Directors not exceeding one-third of the total number of Directors.

BROKERAGE:

Brokerage at the rate of 2% will be paid by the Company to all Bankers and recognised Brokers on allotments made in respect of applications bearing the seal of such Brokers and Bankers.

GENERAL:

Applications for shares should be made on the form which accompanies the prospectus and should be forwarded direct to the Company or its Bankers or Brokers together with the remittance of the amount payable on application. Where no allotment is made the amount will be refunded in full and where the number of shares allotted is less than the number of shares applied for, the balance amount will be refunded to the applicant. The Directors reserve to themselves the right to reject any application without assigning reasons therefor.

Copies of the prospectus and forms of application can be obtained from the Registered Office of the Company, from the Company's Brokers and Bankers.

Cheques and Drafts should be made out in favour of the Company.

Cheques on mofussil stations accompanying applications should include bank collection charges.

ASHOK MOTORS LIMITED.
36/B, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS.

PHOTOGRAPHS
Before and After
ALTERATIONS
OR RENOVATIONS TO YOUR
FACTORY OFFICES
BUILDINGS, ETC.
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'ANDHRA' forges ahead
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Head Office: MASULIPATAM.
MR. K. T. NAIK,
Divisional Manager,
12, Rampart Row,
BOMBAY—1

LAST DAY!
ON THE STAGE OF
WEST END, POONA
SEE FAMOUS FILM STAR
PRITHVIRAJ in
DEEWAR
TODAY (THURS. 28TH) 7 P.M.
Plans Open, Book Now

PANGS OF LOVE
Dramatised Deftly!
See it in Producer-Director
MEHBOOB'S
Song-studded Social
Anokhi Ada
Starring: NASEEM,
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13 GREAT WEEK NOW AT - -
SUPER
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
ON RETURN FROM POONA
PRITHVIRAJ Presents
GHADDAAR
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SUNDAY 31st, 9-30 a.m.
DEEWAR
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PATHAN
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Plans open from to-day

TOMORROW AT EXCELSIOR
Comes SARAT CHATTERJI'S STORY of Revolutionaries!
KAMAL MITRA,
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FROM TOMORROW DAILY:
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 PLANS OPEN
A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES LTD. Release

*Devastating Fire In Calcutta*

# TELEPHONE HOUSE ABLAZE: 15 ENGINES FIGHT FLAMES

## DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT BETWEEN HALF A CRORE TO TWO CRORES OF RUPEES

**CALCUTTA, OCT. 27 (API).—LOSS ESTIMATED AT BETWEEN HALF A CRORE AND TWO CRORES OF RUPEES WAS CAUSED BY A DEVASTATING FIRE WHICH BROKE AT TELEPHONE HOUSE HEADQUARTERS OF THE CALCUTTA TELEPHONE SYSTEM, WHICH ALSO HOUSES THE CALCUTTA EXCHANGE SERVING THE CENTRAL PART OF THE CITY.**

Over 8,000 lines connecting all the prominent commercial business houses, the West Bengal Secretariat as well as the City's Police Headquarters, have been put out of commission.

So extensive is the damage to equipments—both by fire and the water pumped in to put out the flames—that it must take some time before even essential lines are restored to work.

A telephone exchange spokesman said that it would be some time before the two exchanges could function normally.

Some of all India Radio's lines to their transmitting station were affected but the usual programmes are being broadcast. The trunk telephone office, housed in the Central Telegraph Headquarters, is not affected out calls to subscribers in the Calcutta and Entally exchanges cannot be put through as these exchanges have been gutted.

The fire broke out on third floor and an alarm was raised by a telephone operator. About 25 operators and other telephone officials were then on duty. They stayed on as long as it was possible to do so and were later evacuated from the building.

**Owing to the low pressure of water supply considerable difficulty was experienced by the firefighters, and the pumping station was asked to raise the pressure.**

**PREMIER VISITS TELEPHONE H.Q.**

The West Bengal Premier, Dr. B. C. Roy, visited the Telephone Headquarters this morning and was shown round the exchange by the officials.

Important documents are being transferred from the damaged building to Council House Street and materials not lost in the fire are being salvaged.

Police pickets have been posted inside the building.

**TWO-HOUR BATTLE**

Fifteen fire engines fought the flames for nearly two hours before the fire was brought under control. The damage is believed to be heavy. No casualties are, however, reported.

Work at the Exchange was at standstill till late tonight, and it was feared that normal working could not be resumed for some days, said a prominent official of Calcutta telephones.

Electric supply to Reuters and Associated Press of India offices failed and emergency work was carried out with candle lights and hurricane lamps. Local teleprinter system also appears to have temporarily failed.

About 8,000 telephone subscribers are connected to telephone house which, in addition to the Calcutta exchange housed the new Entally exchange serving certain areas in the city, particularly Government offices.

The General Manager of the Calcutta Telephone District and other members of the telephone staff were on the spot soon after the fire broke out. What had not been destroyed by fire had been destroyed by water played on flames, said one of the telephone authorities. He thought that it would be considerable time before the two exchanges could resume work.

**ESSENTIAL CONNECTIONS BY TOMORROW**

While telephones in Central Calcutta, attached to the Calcutta and Entally exchanges are "dead" owing to last night's fire, the other three exchanges in Calcutta are working normally. Not only business houses, but brokers who carry on their transactions mostly by telephone, have been badly affected.

The West Bengal Secretariat telephone system connecting up with police, jails and other emergency offices, is working under considerable strain.

The General Manager of Calcutta Telephones, who along with other officials, is working on the spot of the fire, told the Associated Press of India that they would transfer switchboards from other exchanges and try to instal essential connections for Government offices and newspapers and news agency offices by tomorrow.

## "Shrimati Vijayalaxmi"

**CALCUTTA (UPA): "Shrimati Vijayalakshmi" is how India's Ambassador to Russia wishes to be referred to in future.**

**It is reliably learnt here that Government of India officials have been circularised with an order intimating the change in nomenclature.**

**"Mrs. Pandit" and/or "Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit" have been ruled as definitely out, it is understood.**

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## Mountbattens In Malta

VALETA (Malta): Oct. 26. (Reuter) Rear Admiral Earl Mountbatten, with Countess Mountbatten and their daughter Lady Pamela, arrived in Malta by air tonight. Earl Mountbatten is to take over command of the first cruiser squadron, and will hoist his flag on the cruiser "Newcastle" on Thursday morning.

BANGALORE, Oct. 26. (API): On hearing the election of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, as President of the Indian National Congress, Mr. Siddalingayya President Mysore State Congress said "I feel sure that the spirit of Gandhiji is pleased with the choice. The country is fortunate to have him at the helm of affairs during this nebulous period of our history".

# Commonwealth Members To Build Own Defences

LONDON, Oct. 27 (Reuter): Speakers at the Commonwealth Parliamentary Conference yesterday generally agreed on the necessity for three types of military and economic preparedness — local, regional and commonwealth.

The speakers urged each Commonwealth member to build up its own defences and to join in regional organisations where they were desirable, such as in Europe, North America and the South Pacific.

Before the discussion, the British Defence Minister Mr. A. V. Alexander told the delegates that defence discussions at the recent Commonwealth Conference here had shown a large measure of agreement.

Participants in the discussion which followed included delegates from South Africa, India, Pakistan, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Northern Rhodesia and Britain.

Mr. Tamizuddin Khan, Deputy President of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly, presided over the session.

## When Conservatives Come Into Power...

LONDON, Oct. 26. (Reuter): Mr. Anthony Eden gave notice on behalf of the Opposition in the House of Commons to-night that if victorious at the next general election, it would consider itself entirely free to repeal the Government legislation to nationalise the iron steel industry.

"We are unalterably opposed to nationalisation of iron and steel", he said in the debate which followed the King's speech.

It was learned to-night that the Opposition would table an amendment to the reply to the King's speech deploring nationalisation of steel "at a time when this key industry is contributing so much to Britain's economic stability and security".

# 'Token Of Goodwill And Friendly Relations'

## *India And Pakistan Flags Flown On 'Toledo' Handed To Representatives*

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26 (Reuter).—The flags of India and Pakistan, flown on the American cruiser 'Toledo' last August when she presented the first American navy gun salutes to the two countries, were handed over to their official representatives today.

The presentation was made by Mr. George Allen, Assistant Secretary of State, to the Indian Ambassador and the Pakistan Charge d'Affairs. In presenting the flags first to Mr. Allen, Rear-Admiral Thomas, R. Inglis, Chief of United States Naval Intelligence, termed them "a token of the goodwill and friendly relations existing between the United States and these two great nations."

"These salutes were fired on the occasion of a visit by Admiral Connolly and a United States Naval Squadron to India and Pakistan—visits marked throughout by the utmost cordiality and friendship", said Admiral Inglis.

"As this is the first time that the Dominions of India and Pakistan have been saluted by a United States warship we believe that these flags have historic significance."

The Indian Ambassador, Sir Benegal Ramarau, accepting the India Flag, said: "I consider it a great privilege to receive the flag flown by the Toledo when she visited Bombay recently on a goodwill mission on behalf of the United States Navy. India has warmly appreciated this visit which has undoubtedly fostered good relations that have always existed between the two countries.

"As I have often stated, India is grateful to this country for the sympathy and moral support which she extended her during her struggle for freedom and independence. This gift is an indication that America is continuing to take the same interest in the welfare of our country. May I on behalf of my country and the people of India convey to you our grateful thanks for this friendly gesture.'

Mr. M. O. A. Baig, Pakistan Charge d'Affaires, accepting the Pakistan flag, said: "In the absence of my Ambassador, it is my privilege to receive the flag of Pakistan which flew at the masthead of Admiral Connolly's flagship 'Toledo' which led into Pakistan waters the first American naval force to visit my county. This presentation is a gesture symbolical of the hand of friendship which the United States extends to all nations of goodwill. Pakistan graps this hand in the spirit of comradeship in which it is offered."

# WORK IN DOCKS IS OF FLUCTUATING CHARACTER

## B. P. T. Unable To Accede To Wages On Monthly Basis

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Port Trust today submitted to the Board of Conciliation their reply to the demands made by their employees in the industrial dispute now under consideration by the Board.

As regards the demand of the employees' union for the fixation of wages on a monthly basis, the Port Trust told the Board they were unable to accede to it. The work in the docks, they said, was of a fluctuating character and it was impossible to stipulate full employment (with consequential financial liability) in a permanent scheme of that nature, "although having regard to the present trend of imports and exports and the conservative basis on which the complement of 'A' category labourers have been fixed the majority of the labourers will not fail to find full employment for a considerable time ahead". The system of providing wages for the period when work could be offered and an "attendance allowance" for the period when no work was available was common to most of the world ports principally the Port of London, the biggest port in the world.

In reply to the demand for the introduction of the two-shift system, the Port Trust pointed out that it would involve the engagement of additional labour to the extent of nearly 1,000 men, but they had no objection to its introduction "as soon as possible", after receiving Government sanction to the amendments of the Docks bye-laws and the scale of rates in this behalf.

The Port Trust have fixed the following new scales of pay for the employees.

1. 'A' category labour — Rs. 2/2 to Rs. 2/8 per shift by a biennial increment of one anna.
2. 'B' category — Rs. 2/2 per shift.

New scales have been fixed for other workers too such as Baroots, Morphias, cart and wagon unloaders, etc. The Port Trust did not agree to fix special rates of pay for labourers working on manganese ore, caustic soda, acids etc., "since their work is not continuous".

The Port Trust pointed out that "having regard to the scales of pay recommended by the Central Pay Commission and accepted by Government for unskilled workers, namely Rs. 30-1-35", they considered the scales of pay fixed for their employees "fully adequate". They were unable to grant the pay scales demanded by the Union. "If these demands are not acceptable to the Union, the only alternative open to the Union is to agree to the introduction of the piece-rate system, which had been in force at the Port of Calcutta since April 1, 1948 and had been working satisfactorily", the Port Trust said.

Referring to what they called the "irresponsible attitude" of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union, the Port Trust brought to the notice of the Conciliation Board the practice of the labourers "to stop work suddenly for holding Union meetings etc, threats of strikes and stoppages of work on grievances of individual workers".

**CHANGE IN MADRAS EXPRESS TRAINS TIMINGS**

BOMBAY, Oct. 27 (A.P.I.): A press note issued by the Public Relations Officer, G.I.P. Railway states:

On and from Friday, October 29, 1948 35 dawn and 36 up Madras Express trains will run to revised timing as follows:—

35 down Madras Express will leave Bombay V. T. at 1-40 P.M. and arrive at Madras Central next day at 8-10 P.M. (approx). While 36 up Madras Express will leave Madras (Central at 7-10 A.M. (approx) and arrive next day at Bombay V. T. at 1-15 P.M.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26 (API): The period upto which refugee naval pensioners could draw their pensions provisionally pending the transfer of their pension accounts from Pakistan has now been extended upto November 30, 1948, it is announced.

# "GIGANTIC BLUFF"

## *"Russia Unprepared To Fight, Does Not Want To Fight And Will Not Fight"*

SONOMA, California, Oct. 26. (U.P.A.): Russia is attempting a gigantic bluff the United States and the Western Allies but is not ready to fight does not want to fight and will not fight "if her bluff is called" General H. H. "Hap" Arnold told the United Press of America today.

He said, "I have been away from Washington now for a couple of years and may be slightly off the beam, but that is my considered opinion".

Arnold, asked what positive steps the West Allies might take in the present situation, replied: "Why not take a motor convoy and push it through the corridor to Berlin Perhaps we might have learned something from George Patton's technique. If Patton were running the show, he would take it through."

Asked what the Russians would do if an armed Allied convoy did push through to Berlin the war-time Chief of the Army and Air Forces replied, 'Not much if anything."

Arnold, now technically retired and raising cattle on his ranch in El Feliz in California's Valley of Moon, still maintains an office at the nearby Hamilton Field Air Force base.

"We need today the same courage of conviction we had when we marched into Berlin," the white-haired, smooth-faced General said.

Arnold said, "It would be a grave and basic error to let the Communists bluff us out in the present deadlock in Germany They are not ready to fight and they do not want to fight. We should curb our national tendency to be in awe of the Russians—an awe amounting almost to a fear If our people will make time coolly to analyse what Russia does and does not possess militarily, America will be greatly heartened. Of course, it is easy to lean against a fence rail here in California and call shots as to what we hold to do and should not do on the other side of the world. I may be 100 per cent wrong. But I did have a direct experience with the Russians under combat conditions throughout the war and to that extent I base my personal opinion and conclusions upon facts."

He said, "The only American in the post-war world to tell the Russians where to get off and make them like it is MacArthur in Tokyo. Churchill and Bevin have given Britain an understandable policy with reference to the Communists and have made strong statements which the Russians cannot misunderstand—statements that should appeal to every American as they have to every Britisher We should have an equally clarified policy concerning Russia. Our military policy must of necessity be geared to our foreign policy How can we intelligently estimate the needs of our new Air Force our ground forces and our Navy if we are not certain as to be foreign policy they will be required to implement."

Arnold said, "Time plays with Russia. They have no power now. They may have it later Meantime it would be a folly to let them bridge the gap by bluff alone Hitler pulled that stuff 10 years ago. We should now make certain of our objectives state them so clearly that neither the Russians, our Allies nor our own people can misunderstand and then firmly enforce them. The Russians will not fight today. Tommorrwo they may if we let them continue to create a modern armed power."

## MOVEMENT OF GUR STOCKS

### Peasants Deputation To Kolhapur Administrator

KOLHAPUR, October 26, (API)—A deputation on behalf of gur peasants waited on the Administrator Captain Nanjappa yesterday and discussed with him important matters affecting them such as availability of wagons to move gur stocks out of the state, increase supply of crude oil and suitability of collective farming.

The discussions, it is understood, were very satisfactory and the administrator has assured them of all help on behalf of Government. He had promised to move the Ministry of Transportation for increased number of goods waggons in good time to move gur stocks to various destinations and get more supply of crude oil.

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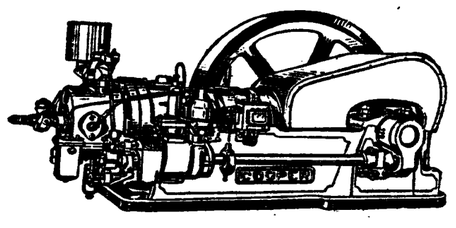
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# Sterope's Great Victory In Cambridgeshire

## OVERCOMES OBJECTION TO WIN AT ODDS OF 25 TO 1

LONDON, October 27 (Reuter): Drama worthy of a turf novel marked today's big race at Newmarket for the Cambridgeshire Handicap won by North Country colt Sterope at odds of 25 to 1. First came news that stewards of the Jockey Club had summoned young Scottish apprentice Jock Carson before them and told him that he was not to ride in the race in view of the fact that he had drawn a sweepstake ticket on one of the runners. Carson who was booked to ride a horse called Brink was given a sweepstake ticket on the well-fancied candidate Wisley which had it won, would have netted the Scottish boy some £10,000. But Carson's "luck" in getting the ticket proved costly as his horse was unplaced and he lost his riding fee.

In the race itself many hundreds of people up and down Britain and on Newmarket Heath were awaiting the result of the race with considerable trepidation. Fortunes swayed in the balance, and when Sterope flashed past the post as winner James Townley, 34-year-old former Chambridge University rugby player and now a businessman in Preston, Lancashire, closed his eyes with relief.

His colt had won him £150,000. His joy quickly turned to apprechension, for almost immediately the objection flag was raised.

The second horse, Royal Tara, was objecting to the winner. Townley and his friends were not kept long in suspense for the objection was quickly overruled. Not many liked the result. Hundreds were crest-fallen.

They had coupled the Cesarewitch winner Woodburn with many well-backed horses in the Cambridgeshire and with outsider Sterope's victory, they saw their chances of a fortune quickly disappear.

The hardest luck of all was for Captain Charles Elsey trainer of the Cesarewitch winner Woodburn, who had heavily backed his Cambridgeshire runner, Speciality, to bring him off the coveted autumn double.

Sterope overcame a bad draw at the start to win the Cambridgeshire Handicap run over one mile one furlong on the famous Heath here today.

Sterope trained by former jockey Pat Beasley in Yorkshire and ridden by young apprentice David Schofield swooped down on David Morris's Royal Tara a furlong from home to win an exciting race by half length. Behind them came Frenchbred Patchouly and Impeccable and even a photograph failed to separate these two.

Sterope by the former Derby winner Midday Sun out of York Gaia came to the rescue of bookmakers for he started at 25 to 1. Had any one of the best fancied horses succeeded they would have stood to lose many thousands over his autumn double since well backed Woodburn had won the Cesarewitch two weeks ago.

Royal Tara, five-year-old son of Meuxce made a gallant attempt to carry topweight to victory but Sterope in receipt of 17 pounds together with apprentice's allowance of seven pounds carried by Schofield was just able to overtake him close home. Royal Tara started a heavily backed 100 to 8 chance, he being very well drawn. Two lengths behind Royal Tara came Patchouly and Impeccable who was in front 100 from the finish. Patchouly started at 40 to 1 and Impeccable at 100 to 8.

Sterope is one of the most consistent colts in training and in 14 races he has never finished out of the first three. Objection to the winner was not expected and the stewards did not take long to overrule it.

Bois de Lyon was left at the post after lashing out wildly and nearly unseating his jockey. Standerton and Desire were also left several lengths and Desire was pulled up after going a furlong. The field soon split into two groups with Seashanh, Sterope, Impeccable, Explorer and Patchouly prominent on the far side and Jacobite, Wisley, Trinity and Metronome most prominent on the Ssand side.

After going a quarter mile Seashah was in front of Sterope, Impeccable, Jacobite, Trinity, Explorer and Patchouly. At halfway Impeccable was in front of Storope, Explorer, Wisley, Patchouly, Trunity, Royal Tara, Jacobite and Metronome. As they went into dip Impeccable still led with Royal Tara taking second place.

There was a terrifice battle over the last furlong and after Royal Tara had mastered Impeccable and looked an assured winner, Sterope came again to win by half length. Ptachouly caught Impeccable in the last stride to dead heat two lenghts away. Then came Metronome, Liberty Light, Pretence, Explorer, Abbot, Romance, Asylum, Admiral's Yarn, and Speciality. Sterope covered the mile and a furlong in 1 minute 54.4 seconds.

Full betting was: 5 to 1 Speciality; 10 to 1 Explorer, 100 to 8 Royal Tara, Wisley and Impeccable; 100 to 7 Trinity, 20 to 1 Parbleu, Jacobite; 25 to 1 Solina, Kilbelin, Sterope; 28 to 1 Asylum, Valley Forge; 40 to 1 Patchouly, Standerton, Desire, Romanway, Pellboom, Fairbreeze; 50 to 1 Soie de Lyon, Joan's Star, Admiral's Yarn, Stardom, Metronome; 66 to 1 others.

Totalisator betting for twoshillings paid £2-9-9 for win; places Sterope 14 shillings, Royal Tara 9 shillings and 6 pence, Patchouly 19 shillings and 3 pence.

Bookmakers said they had a "lucky escape" despite one London woman winning 6,000 sterling on Woodburn and Sterope. One layer said he was glad he lost only 20,000 on the race, so heavy were the layers commitments. But for the winning owner Townley it was great financial triumph. He admitted he had won over 150,000 sterling backing the colt at prices from fifties downwards. He said he and his trainer had always been confident of this success. Townley, who is a business man from Preston, Lancashire, would not disclose what he paid for Sterope who was originally sold as a yearling for only 170 guineas.

Jockey Schofield said about the objection after the race that he was never nearer to Royal Tara than two yards.

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BOMBAY WHEELERS: 500-meter cycle-sprint on Marine Drive on Sunday (7th November), at 6-30 a.m starting and finishing opposite Parsi Gymkhana.

The entries close on Wednesnay (3rd Nov.), and may be sent to Mr. H. C Mistry, 21 Gilder Lane, Bombay 8, or Mr. A. R. Havewalla, 11-16, C. J. Colony, Tardeo, Bombay. Entry fee As. 4.

# RACES TO START IN BOMBAY ON NOV. 20?

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

According to unofficial circles, it does not seem likely that racing in Bombay will start as scheduled on November 6th. In addition to transport and other difficulties, arising out of the strike that had affected the preparations, the Racecourse at Mahalaxmi has yet to be given finishing touches.

In all probability racing in Bombay will commence on Saturday, the 20th November. The Royal Western India Turf Club is expected to make an announcement shortly.

# St. Francis Goans Win In Junior Rovers

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

St. Francis Goans the second division champions scored a narrow victory over the Bombay Port Trust by the odd goal in three and entered yet another final in the junior sections this time in the Juniors Rovers at Xaviers College ground Parel this evening.

The Goans had more of the game throughout but found it difficult to penetrate through the rival Port Trust defence in which Cutler ably supported by Gothing did yoemen service. The Port Trust custodian Dmello affected many saves. The game started in favour of the Goans but Port Trust drew first blood when P. Dsilva gave them the lead.

The Port Trust crossed over with this lead but after the interval Cajetan Braganza the Goan Marksman resored quality. Towards the end however John Fernandes scored the winning goal after collecting a pass from a scrimmage.

In the earlier game of the same competition in the quarter final round Burmah Shell beat the Blue Wizards by 4 goals to nil.

The winners should won by double the margin but poor finishing on the part of the forwards deprived them of a bigger win. To add to it the Blue Wizards skipper I Fernandes brought about many saves.

Shell scored two goals in the first half through Murthi and Michael and added two more after the breather through Vaz and A. P. Fernandes.

# INDIA'S STARS BADMINTON ENTERTAINED

## Farewell Party By Hindu Gymkhana

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The seven players selected to represent India in the Thomas Cup Badminton Championships, were entertained to a farewell party on the lawns of the Hindu Gymkhana at the Kennedy Seaface this evening.

In wishing George Lewis and his six team mates good luck, Mr. S A. Shete, the President of the Hindu Gymkhana was sure that the team, being in the hands of a capable skipper like Lewis, was bound to give an excellent account of itself.

George Lewis, the Captain of the team, in a suitable reply thanked the Gymkhana for the honour that it had extended to him and his team, and said that he had the good fortune of leading a band of players who were the best that could be selected, and he was sure that the players, specially Davinder Mohan will give good performances, and much could be expected from the team in this inaugural Thomas Cup Championship.

Lewis in a glowing tribute to V. A. Madgonkar, the Hon, Secretary of the All India Badminton Association, emphasised the fact that but for his untiring efforts India's participation would have been extremely difficult. It was also Madgonkar who made the trip of Davindar Mohan and Prakash Nath to England and Europe some time back possible.

Mr. L. R. Agaskar, the Hon. Badminton Secretary of the Hindu Gymkhana proposed a vote of thanks and after the players were garlanded the gathering broke up.

# Times 'B' Held To A Draw

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Two goals by D'Lima and another goal by Phillips helped the Mazagaon Docks to score a three-one victory over Khatau Sports Club for whom Bangera was the only player to score. Later in the evening in another second division Hockey League match at the B.P.H.A. ground the junior string of Times was held to a goalless draw by the E D R I A F, both sides wasting at least one good chance each to miss the opportunity of securing the maximum points.

# In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL:—

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel—
4 p.m. General Motors vs. Wimco S. C.

TABLE TENNIS

Dadar Parsee Colony Gymkhana—
6-30 p.m. Mixed Doubles semi-finals, followed by Men's Doubles semi-finals and Women's Singles Final.

HOCKEY

3-30 p.m.—Young Sports 'B' vs RIN.
4-30 p.m. Reserve Bank S. C. vs. Lever S. C.

# W. INDIES IN INDORE

## Match With Holkar State Begins Today

INDORE, Oct. 27 (A.P.I.): The West Indies cricket team arrived here from Baroda last evening.

On arrival, the members of the team were accorded a warm reception by C. K. Naidu and other officials of the Holkar State Cricket Association. Among those who greeted the team was Reverend Clifford Grant, brother of the well-known cricketer Rolph Grant who had captained the West Indies team against England in 1939.

The visitors had net practice this morning. In the afternoon they will motor down to Mhow where they will have tea with Reverend Grant.

Arrangements are now complete for the three-day match between the West Indies team and the holders of the Ranji Trophy to be played on the Yeshwant Club ground tomorrow.

The local Association today had leaflets dropped from 'plane announcing the game. It is expected to be a great match as the Holkar State team is putting up a fine side.

Mushtaq Ali, C. S. Nayudu, Sarwate, Jagdale, Bhaya and the veteran C. K. Nayudu form the main batting strength of the team while C S. Nayudu, Jagdale, Gaekwad and Sarwate will bear the brunt of the attack.

Walcott, Rae, Trim and Cameron of the West Indies side are resting and the team will be selected from the remaining twelve.

C. K. Nayudu will captain the Holkar side and other players will be C. S. Nayudu, Mushtaq Ali, C. T. Sarwate, M. N. Jagdale, J. N. Bhaya, H. Gaekwad, R. Vaide, G. N Kunzru, N. R. Nevsarkar, Salim Khan with K. Bhatnagar as the twelfth man.

D. K. Naik and Bannerjee will be the umpires.

# BAN ON VAGABOND REMOVED

## Jockey Munro's Suspension Confirmed

MELBOURNE, Oct. 27 (Reuter). The Victoria Racing Club Committee have dismissed the appeal of leading Jockey, Darby Munro, against his two year's disqualification for the riding of Vagabond in the Burdwood Handicap, during the Caulfield Cup meeting on October 16, in which the horse was beaten by a head in a photo finish.

The Committee, however, have upheld the appeals of Vagabond's owner, Mr. Frank Spurway, and trainer Dan Lewis.

Jockey Munro has long been regarded as Australia's best Jockey with a record of three Melbourne Cup wins and nine Derby victories to his credit.

The decision means that Vagabond, which was also suspended for two years, will now be eligible to run in the Victorian Derby and Melbourne Cup. Prior to the disqualification by the V. R. C. Stewards on October 20 Vagabond was strongly fancied for the Melbourne Cup and was joint favourite with Carbon Copy for the Victorian Derby.

# DOUBLES TITLE FOR FANCIED PAIR

## Dadar Parsee Colony Open T. T. Tournament

BOMBAY, Wednesday: As expected Miss Suhasini Dharap and Miss Jaya Walawalkar won the final of the Women's Doubles very easily, defeating Miss Suniti Amladi and Mrs. Shalini Waradkar in three straight games. The former were much too good for their opponents.

The other matches decided this evening in the Dadar Parsee Gymkhana Open Table Tennis Tournament, were the quarter finals of the Mixed Doubles. N. B. Mistri and M. S. Varde and Miss Jaya Walawalkar, and not until five keenly fought out games were played did the latter pair accept defeat. In another interesting match in this event, P. Kumar and Miss Ruby Satarawalla were also taken to the full five games before they retired victorious.

The following are the results:

WOMEN'S DOUBLES
(Final)

Miss Suhasini Dharap and Miss Jaya Walawalkar beat Miss Sunita Almadi and Mrs. Shalini Waradkar, 21-15,22-20,21-12.

MIXED DOUBLES
(Quarter-final)

Miss Freny Satarawalla and Khambatta beat Miss Colabawalla and K. P. Mistri, 21-10,21-11,21-18; Mrs. Piroj Tipnis and N. B. Mistri beat Miss Jaya Walawakar and M. S. Varde, 18-21,15-21,21-16,21-16,21-19; Miss Suniti Amaldi and K. N. S. Narayanan, beat Miss Emma Rees and M. Shrinivas, 21-11,21-13,21-19; Miss Ruby Satarawalla and P. Kumar beat Miss Silloo Motiwalla and R. N. Muthuswamy, 14-21,12-21, 21-16,21-19,21-19.

# ENGLAND XI TO MEET WALES

## Soccer International

LONDON, Oct. 27 (Reuter)—The England side to meet Wales at Villa Park on Wednesday, November 10 was chosen today and shows three changes from the side which defeated Ireland by six goals to two earlier this month.

Aston, the Manchester United left back partners Scott in place of Howe while Wright of Wolverhampton who again captains the side will be at left-half instead of right-half allowing Ward of Derby county to be included with Cockburn excluded, and Shackleton of Sunderland is preferred to Pearson at inside left.

The team is as follows—Swift (Manchester City); Cott (Arsenal) and Aston (Manchester United); Ward (Derby County), Franklin (Stoke) and Wright (Wolverhampton Wanderers); Mathews (Blackpool), Mortensen (Millburn Newcastle), Shackleton (Sunderland), A. Finney (Preston), Leuty of Derby County was nominated as reserve.

# SOCCER REFREES REFEREES

## British Rule Under Fire

LONDON, Oct. 27 (Reuter): The retiring referees from league football at 47 is under fire. Critics of this rule aver that the standard of refereeing will not improve while some of the best referees in the country are being tossed on to the soccer scrap-heap merely on account of their age.

These critics want to see "the active and alert" referee allowed to carry on regardless of his age.

Nearly 20 officials were discarded from the League referees' list on attaining the age-limit at the end of last season. Among them was one of the games leading personalities Jack Barrick who had charge of the Cup final last April and had handled numerous Internationals both home and overseas.

Barrick, realising that a referee had to be a hundred percent fit for his arduous task, kept himself at that peak of physical condition by doing running and exercises in fields near his home. But in spite of the fact he was one of the fittest referees in the league, he had to go under the "too old at 47" rule.

The Football Association who appoint referees for Cup ties and International matches take a more rational view of the age question. Providing a referee has the backing of his County Association the F. A. will consider a man whatever his age.

Hence there was the anomalous position last season of George Reader, one of the best referees of all time, officiating at Cup ties and Internationals at 50 years age, yet was deemed too old to referee League matches.

# TENNIS FILMS PREMIERE

## Sponsored By Dunlop

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A large gathering of Bombay's Tennis enthusiasts, ranging from school students to distinguished citizens, and well-known Tennis players was present at the Bombay premiere of three Tennis films at the Regal Cinema on Wednesday, the 27th October. Sponsored by Dunlop, these Tennis films covered aspects of the game much more completely than anything ever seen before. The first of these films showed in detail how a tennis ball is made. The second showed a racket in the making. The third attempted to engrave on the memory, through repetition and vivid demonstration, the principles of good tennis. As the audience readily agreed, the film succeeded in its purpose.

Technically, these films are true to the traditions of the British documentary. The apparently dull processes of manufacture are brought vividly to life, and shapes and forms are dexterously edited into a perfect continuity of movement. Machine surfaces are painted white so as to set them off against dark masses of rubber and other raw material moulded by them, and to show them in clear relief against the background. The spectator is made keenly aware of the importance of good equipment and is taught to judge them with knowledge and discernment.

The third film of the series is enlivened by the presence of H Hughes, the famous British Davis Cup player, who demonstrates each basic stroke of the game not once but over and over again. Movements of arms and feet are shown in slow motion, and salient features of technique are emphasized by clever masking of inessentials. The strokes of the expert are contrasted with those of the amateur by showing them side by side within the same frame. A hand in action is suddenly frozen into a still to underline the basic feature of its position. Altogether every effort is made to hammer the essentials into the learner's mind and memory.

A perfectly balanced racket suited to individual needs, a ball accurate in flight and bounce, correct footwork and style — this is the ideal the films place before the tennis player and teach him to achieve.

# MOHUN BAGAN WIN AGAIN

## Delhi Services XI Beaten

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (API)—Mohun Bagan today won the second, exhibition football match played here in aid of Services' Relief when it beat the Defence Services Eleven by three goals to one. Monday the Calcutta team had defeated the Delhi selected eleven by the same score.

Mohun Bagan centre forward, Mewalal scored two goals today while the third goal came from Guha Thakurtha. On the Services side the goal was scored by Kakkar.

The Governor-General of India, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, gave away the prizes. Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister and Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industry and Supply also witnessed the match.

The teams:—Mohun Bagan, D. Sen; S. Manna and D. Paul; T. Auo, A. Dey (Captain) and A. Ghosh; S Nandy, Guha, Thakurtha, Mewalal, A. Das, Gupta and Mazumdar.

Defence Services XI:—Danial, Jagat Singh and John; S. P. Chandola, S. P. Karir (Captain) and Basant Lal; Peters, K. G. Kakkar, Sant Singh, Vergees and Ghosh.

# The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

## India's Team For First Test

BY J. C. MAITRA

The first Test match between India and West Indies will be staged at Delhi from November 10 to 14. The selectors have chosen a fairly strong side to be led by Lala Amarnath. It is rather unfortunate that Vijay Merchant will not be able to lend his services either as Captain or as a player owing to his physical ailments. It is hoped that Amarnath will prove even more successful as Captain than he was in Australia last winter. But nobody can be expected to pile up runs as Vijay would have done in his inimitable style. There is no doubt that he will be greatly missed by all.

STRONG BATTING SIDE

On paper we have a very strong batting side, Barring Rangachari, the Madras trundler, every one is capable of compiling a handsome figure. Of course the biggest contributions are expected from Amarnath, Vijay Hazare, K. C. Ibrahim, Rusi Modi, Vinoo Mankad and Piloo Umrigar. With the exception of the last-named, who earned the distinction of scoring the first century against the tourists, nobody seems to be at the top of his form at present.

It is hoped that all of them will get on their strides by the time the Test match starts. Many would like to see Ibrahim avenging his exclusion from the Australian tour by hitting up a century or two now.

THE BATTING ORDER

This does not mean I am neglecting the other batsmen. It is more than likely that Datta Phadkar, who proved to be the most dependable Test batsman in Australia, Chintu Sarwate and Hemu Adhikari would also produce bagfuls of runs. A good deal will depend on the batting order. Amarnath may call upon Mankad and Ibrahim to open our innings, followed by himself, Hazare, Modi and Adhikari. These may be relied upon to lay a sure foundation and build a magnificent superstructure on it.

Then the remaining batsmen will have no difficulty in amassing all that they desire. But every thing will depend,—it is needless to mention,—on the ability of our early batsmen to face the visiting bowlers with confidence and courage. So far they have not exhibited anything of which our batsmen need be nervous about.

OUR BOWLING WEAKNESS

Our bowling, in the absence of speed-meschants of the class of Ramji and Nissar, would lack the sting and deadliness to start with. All will depend upon Rangachari, Phadkar, Amarnath and Hazare to terrorise the visitors by what-shock-tactics they can muster. Vinoo Mankad will have the assistance of Sarwate and Keki Tarapore in beguiling tne opposing batsmen by their breaks and slow-spinners into silly errors.

FIELDING WORSE STILL

I cannot say that our fielding will be super-excellent. With Gul Mahomed and younger Nayudu out of the team, it will generally be of a moderate class. Then what will our bowlers do? Without adequate support from the fieldsmen, they cannot be expected to work miracles with the leather. Much will depend upon Sen behind the stick. It is said that he has improved a lot since his Australian tour.

In any case the match will be an interesting one. But I doubt very much if it will last for five days as has been arranged by the Board of Control. The days of marathon innings are over. Quick scorings and prompt exits are likely to be the order of the day,—of course fielders permitting!

# Rinderpest Control Conference

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.—India will participate in a Conference to be held under the auspices of the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations at Nairobi (East Africa) from October 28 to November 2, 1948, to discuss the problem of rinderpest. India's representative at the Conference will be Major S. Datta, Director, Indian Veterinary Research Institute.

# Medical Licentiates

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27—Ex-Service medical licentiates of the I.A.M.C. who had registered their names with the Director General Indian Medical Service, for taking the condensed M.B. Course at the Lake Medical College, Calcutta, but have not yet found admission, should communicate immediately with the Director-General of Health Services, Central Secretariat, New Delhi.

Other licentiates who have rendered war service and desire to avail of this course should also get into touch with the Director-General.

The sessions of the college are held twice every year, in June and November, and 150 medical licentiates are admitted at each session.

# M. N. Roy's Plea

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (API): In a statement Mr. M. N. Roy, the Radical Democratic leader has appealed to the Indian Constituent Assembly to make India's pledge of loyalty to the UNO real by incorporating the United Nations Declaration of Human Rights in India's new constitution.

# INDIA GOVERNMENT'S SOLICITUDE FOR THE BLIND

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27, (API): A Joint Committee appointed by the Central Advisory Boards of Education and Health, after carrying out an extensive survey of blindness in all its aspects, submitted its report to the Government of India, who have accepted in principle the major recommendations of the Committee and are proceeding with their implementation, says an official announcement.

In accordance with the recommendations of the Committee, a common Braille Code known as Uniform Indian Brailee to serve the major Indian languages has been accepted and its use recommended to all institutions for the blind in the country. Steps are also being taken to establish a Central Braille Printing Press and a Central Model institute for the blind as soon as possible.

The Provincial and State Governments are being requested to form Provincial and State Councils on blindness which will be responsible for advising their respective Governments on all matters relating to blindness as well as for administering Blind Welfare Services within their rrespective Juridications. The Government of India will co-ordinate the activities of these Councils and give such advice and guidance as may be considered necessary.

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The Bombay Chronicle

*We never reach our ideals, whether of mental or moral improvement, but the thought of them shows us our deficiencies, and spurs us on to higher and better things.* —T. EDWARDS.

# IDEALS AND OBJECTIVES

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gave what may be taken as his first impressions of the Commonwealth Premiers' Conference in a B.B.C. broadcast. He stated that there had been a surprising unanimity of opinion regarding not only objectives but the methods even to be applied in pursuance of those objectives. By his reference to possibilities of co-operation, Pandit Jawaharlal conveyed his desire for Commonwealth unity. It was clearly and unequivocally the utterance of one who did not wish to break with the Commonwealth for the mere pleasure of it. At the same time, the Indian Prime Minister did not disguise the fact that much yet had to be done to make the Commonwealth a real Commonwealth of Free Nations. Speaking as he was primarily to British listeners, he drew tactful attention to the colonial countries which still existed. And he commended the handing over of power in India as a right step which had brought about good results almost immediately by transforming Indian feeling from bitterness to goodwill. The hint is obvious, and the British would do well to take the hint. A progressive policy in the colonies would not only help in winning over the colonial peoples, it would also go a long way to remove the last vestiges of distrust that still exist in sections of Indian opinion. It would mean, as nothing else would, that India's emphasis on Asian nationalism is part and parcel of the Commonwealth's internal policy. Having determined to set its own house in order, the Commonwealth would be admirably placed for championing the cause of colonial peoples against other imperialisms.

Pandit Jawaharlal described the objectives of the Commonwealth nations as "the establishment of peace, the prevention of conflict and the establishment of human rights all over the world." The best possible lead to the world, he said, could be given by success in doing this in its own sphere and in the larger sphere of the world. The broadcast was not the occasion to point out departures in the pursuit of these ideals in the past. But it is a matter that cannot be glossed over. The Commonwealth cannot propagate these ideals, if individual units speak peace at London and promote conflict at U.N. meetings. The record of Sir Hartley Shawcross at U. N., for example, is worth consideration. It is for the Governments which nominate their delegates, to see how far the men they choose are capable of advancing the objectives professed by them. Here is a clear case for caution in selection if the influence of the Commonwealth is to be consistently exerted for the good of the United Nations. Otherwise, the good intentions of the leaders of the Commonwealth will be dissipated by the failure of their chosen representatives to give effect to them. Moreover, now that the British Government, and the Governments of the Dominions, have had the advantage of personal contact and have further reached agreement both on objectives and on the methods to be pursued, there should not be occasion for such errors of judgment as were committed by even a responsible man like Mr. Bevin, Britain's Foreign Minister, in criticising India on the Hyderabad issue. And Mr. Bevin's regret at the "warlike mood" of the new Dominion, it must be remembered, was a mild echo of fiercer thrusts from the British press It would add little to the cause of peace if the nations of the Commonwealth are at cross-purposes. The Dominions' Conference was devoted to considering matters of general principle but much depends on how the various Governments set about implementing the principles agreed on at the highest level. In the past, men like General Smuts dominated Empire conferences, men who preached humanism and practised the narrowest racialism. It must be an outward symbol of the new Commonwealth that is a-building, that there is no place in its counsels for such dual personalities.

Pandit Jawaharlal's speeches in England have served to remove the wrong impression that India has been seized by a fanatical desire to quit the Commonwealth. It would be unwise, however, to infer from this—and there is a tendency in some quarters to do just this — that Pandit Jawaharlal's personal desire is to remain in the British system on any terms. That would be a misreading of the position which cannot but lead to disillusionment. The Prime Minister has said that the Commonwealth affords possibilities of service to the cause of world peace. It is exactly as this promise shows signs of implementation that India's place lies with in the Commonwealth. What has emerged out of the Commonwealth Premiers' Conference is the equal responsibility of all units, at any rate all the self-governing members, to shoulder the burden and advance the objectives. India, through her Prime Minister, has indicated her readiness to do her part. It is for the others to match her sincerity and enthusiasm. As Pandit Jawaharlal observed, the great tasks that have to be done, will best be achieved by cooperative effort. And just as far as co-operation by all members is possible will India find her place in the Commonwealth a natural condition.

## Congress Policy

From the fact that there was considerable canvassing at the Congress presidential election Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya the President—elect, draws the conclusion that "the election was fought on an ideological basis, not on personal grounds". Aims motives in voting at elections are often very much mixed. But it is safe to assume that the present election was largely on an ideological basis.

The President-elect has made fairly clear to what he stands for. Speaking now on behalf of the Congress, he says in a press interview: "it shall be our endeavour to hold aloft the banner of Gandhism and of composite secular nationalism". Secular nationalism is the cardinal principle in Congress ideology. Its constant reiterating by Congress leaders is indication not only of its supreme importance but also of the fact that there is opposition to the principle, by no means negligible. That opposition, however should be a constant reminder to those who claim to believe in the principle that they should make it a reality in all administrative affairs and not merely use it as a pious platitude.

In his election manifasto Dr. Pattabhi emphasised another important role of the Congress. "The supreme duty of the Congress", he said, "is to hold the balance even between the naturally extravagant and idealistic demands of the public and the necessarily realistic and restricted achievements of our ministers. After his election, too, he has described the Congress as a "brain trust" and "second chamber" which, not interfering with the day today administration, of the country had the power "to check, review and revise" the administrative machinery wherever it went wrong. This presupposes the existence of Congress Governments. But even in their absence Congress like the Press and other "brain trusts" can exercise considerable influence on any Government in the country. But the Congress should see to it that the power which it can exercise over Government is not misused by its unauthorised members in the name of the Congress. Such misuse has been very common during the past many months and needs to be dealt with strongly. There have been other malpractices, too, in the Congress and we trust Dr. Pattabhi will amply fulfil his promise to strive for the upkeep and restoration wherever necessary of the high and uplifting moral standards set up in the domain of politics by our dear, departed and venerable Mahatmaji."

Referring to the general future policy of the Congress, Dr. Pattabhi says that "it shall be the earnest study of the Congress to enlarge the ever-lengthening spiral of human progress so as to attain the ideal of universal peace and fellowship". Such a claim may be made by almost every other political body. And that reminds us once again of the need for Congress to adopt and publish a more distinctive policy and programme. Till independence was won Congress was for all practical purposes representative of the country as a whole, it primary object being to achieve independence and all other activities being subservient to that object. But now though Congress has no serious opposition in any legislature, it cannot be denied that new parties, with fairly distinctive programmes and policies, are being formed.

It is time the Congress, too, formulated a distinctive policy of its own with special reference to its "composite secular nationalism", safeguards for minorities and welfare programmes for the masses. The Congress foreign policy also may well be indicated with some precision. Dr. Pattabhi is voicing the present feeling among millions of Congressmen when he says that in the changed conditions of India and the old British Commonwealth, "we are progressing to a Commonwealth in which India shall be a sovereign independent Republic. So long as Congress stands and works for true democracy in India and the world, it will remain one of the biggest and most beneficent political institutions in the world.

## *Our Readers' Views*

### Jawaharlal's Birthday

Sir—The suggestion that has been made that steps should be taken by the citizens of Bombay befittingly to celebrate the sixtieth birthday of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Premier of India, which occurs on 14th November of this year. is a very happy as well as timely one which should be taken up immediately by all concerned. Few will gainsay the fact that Pandit Nehru's services to his country have been second only to those of the departed Father of the Nation. The brilliancy of his personality has impressed the whole world and it may be truly said that by his personal contribution to the world's political thought he has helped to raise his countrymen in the estimation of the Western world very considerably. With unerring pre-vision Gandhiji spotted him out as the coming man in India—his political heir, so to say. The Pandit is the most modest of men personally, though the full blaze of publicity has always played about him inspite of himself. Bombay—and all India—which cannot be too grateful to him for all that he has done for his beloved motherland, should bester itself to honour him and celebrate his coming birthday in an appropriate manner. Yours etc.

INDIAN.

### Memorial To Horniman

Sir,—In the columns of the "Blitz"—Mr. D. Nadkarni has told the truth, that dear old Benjamin Guy Horniman died broken-hearted! It must have been so painful to him; and is so shameful to us all!—Horniman was a hero in our fight for Freedom. And it is our bounden duty to raise a suitable memorial to perpetuate his memory. In that connection, will Messrs. Brelvi, Cama, Karanjia, Karaka, Sadanand, Amritlal Seth and S. K. Patil take the lead, form themselves into a Committee, and do the following?—(1) Ask the Mayor to convene a preliminary meeting, and then hold a public meeting at the C. J. Hall. (2) Name a prominent road after Horniman—Medow's Street or Parsi Bazar Street where he worked for many years, be renamed. (3) Place his portraits at the Jinnah Hall, Journalists' Hall, and the Congress House. (4) Put the Horniman Journalists' College on a sound basis. And (5) raise a Memorial Fund—Our response will be a tribute and a test of our gratitude to dear old Horniman. Will the Parties, named above, give an early lead?—Yours, etc.,

B. F. BHARUCHA.

Bombay.

## NAIROBI T. U. LEADER RELEASED

### East African High Court Ruling On Immigration Ordinance

BOMBAY, Oct. 27, (API): Mr. Makhan Singh, a Trade Union leader of Nairobi, who had been ordered to be deported as "a prohibited immigrant" by the Governor-in-Council of East Africa, was set at liberty on October 18 by the Nairobi High Court, according to information received in Bombay.

Mr. Justice De Lestang, who heard the appeal of Mr. Makhan Singh ruled that the Immigration Ordinance of 1948 did not apply to permanent residents.

### Mrs. Morrow-Tait In Tokyo

TOKYO, October 27, (Reuter): Mrs Richads Morrow-Tait, British round-the-world flyer, landed here at 12.39 p.m., local time, today.

# *Linguistic Provinces & Cosmopolitan Cities.*

(BY K. T. SHAH)

II

Though the community of speech has been selected for re-constituting the component units of the Indian Union, that element does not necessarily mean community in race, culture or material resources in the several groups or regions that will make up a Province based on this sentiment. For a durable foundations for a modern State, or a unit of a modern federal system, it is necessary that there be some more material basis than community of religion or language. You cannot live and thrive on credal similarity or linguistic bond. Considerable bodies of population, even though situated in relatively smaller area, may have in them the elements of unity and solidarity in their common material interests which mere community of language or belief does not provide. In fact, it may quite conceivably be that oneness of speech may run counter to most other and more material factors common as between several groups, or sections of the people in a unit, especially if the language in question is very widely spoken e. g., Hindi (or Hindustani) in this country. Just as religion cannot provide a sound basis for organisation for for promoting the material concerns of mundane life, so also language also cannot make an effective bond for ensuring co-operation between all classes to promote the economic concera.

### *Unity Of Language Not Essential*

Even for cultural growth, unity of language is not a necessary condition precedent, for the new life the emancipated India longs for. Amongst the large majority of the people,—Hindus —speaking a wide variety of languages and spread all over this sub-continent, there is a common heritage of culture, social order and mode of life which transcend all barners of language. even the fountain-spring is not the same tongue—Sanskrit —for all of them in Bengal and Madras, in Malwa or Malabar. And yet they all have far more in common, culturally, than the Muslims or Christians living among them and speaking their own speech. On the other hand, unity of language may be found amongst peoples or regions of very diverse conditions and circumstances, potential resources and actual requirements, which will not help them, merely because of the bond of a common idiom, to develop their material life to its fullest potentiality upto the standard modern conditions demand, if they are grouped into States, or units, together on the sole consideration of identity in speech and ignoring all other requisites of the political and economic life of present day Statehood.

### *Equal Units*

Another consideration of a political nature is also worth remembering. If we wish to organise this country into a sound, democratic, federal system, it essential that the federating units should be INTER SE comparable in area and population in resources and possibilities, if not absolute equal in all respects. No one of the constituent units should be in a position, by its vote, to overwhelm all others; and have the policy of the Federation determined to suit its own ends. It is the first condition of smooth working in a Federation that the Units amongst themselves are and must be treated as equals as far as possible. This aim, however, would not be realised if some of the units are overwhelmingly strongly strong in mere numbers. If the community of languages were to lount for reorganising the component parts of the Union of India, shaping its policy, and regulating its affairs, the solid bloc of the Gangetic plain, containing perhaps 40 percent of the population of India, and with the bond of language, and religion or social order amongst them, may very likely out-vote the other 60 percent in the units divided from them by linguistic differences. Units like the United Provinces, with 50 million souls, Bihar with 40 million, West Bengal with 25 million, if they combine, will be a formidable bloc; and may be dangerous to all other units unless they are assured equal treatment. In fact, if the Units are to be mutually really comparable, it may even be necessary that some of the more populous of them may have to be split up for reasons of administrative convenience as well as of political equality in a Federation.

### *Identity Of Economic Interests*

For a suitable unit, effective and adequate to shoulder its share of the obligations and requirements of a modern civilised State and progressive administration, there must be, no doubt, a degree of unity or homogeneity in its population. But unity of speech, even if found in all the numbers inhabiting a large area is not the only, or even the most satisfactory, bond for this purpose. Musch more important is identity of economic interests, material conditions and objective outlook. Defferences of language are as already observed, artificial; and, if emphasized overmuch may lead to needless differences among the equal associates in a federation, and culminate in an assertion of a narrow patriotism that would easily endanger federal solidarity, not to speak of a likely development of provincial imperialism or racial arrogance, ending eventually, if not in a civil war at least unhealthy economic rivalry between several liguistic divisions which would be worse than war. And the same unhappy tendency may show itself in similar discrimination and rivalries as between the several groups within one and the same linguistic unit. For not all people living in a unit, where only the majority have a common speech, would have identical material interests. So long as the differentiation of classes remains, and is emphasized by the possession of property, and the presence of the profit motive, the linguistic organisation of Provinces threatens much more to be a source of internal stress and exploitation by the majority of a linguistic minority, which is richer, more enterprising and so has a superiority that mere force of numbers will not tolerate.

### *An Example*

To illustrate this point: One of the most loud-voiced demands for linguistic regrouping is that for SAMYUKTA Maharashtra uniting all the territories where Maharathi is spoken as a mother tongue by a majority of the population. This would not only include the districts of Maharashtra proper, but all the districts of the Nizam's dominions, Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay City and Konkan. Now, those who have championed the cause of United Maharashtra have, even at this stage, been obliged to offer assurances to linguistic minorities in that Province, of their fundamental rights remaining untouched, it mould not have been needless and even the thought would not have occurred,—had not the latent possibility of such factors developing into exploitation or oppression been present in the minds of some of the advocates themselves. Because of this apprehension, not unrelated to past experience, is born the corresponding fear of those likely to find themselves in a minority and who yet command a greater part of the wealth, enterprise or initiative of their unit. The danger of such units misusing the political power that would fall to their share in a properly constructed Federal

(The first arich appeared on 26 in a properly constructed Federal system functioning on democratic lines will necessiate excessive centralisation of powers, functions and authority in the Union Government which would be incompatible with real democracy, and can only be tolerated by the fear of invidious predomination of particular sections and the consequent need to guard the country against them.

(To be Continued)

The first article appeared on 26th instant.

## *PAKISTAN FORCES FIRE ON INDIAN FISHERMEN*

### *Incident On Sylhet Border*

SHILLONG, Oct. 26, (API): Reports of indiscriminate firing by Pakistan armed forces on the unarmed civil population on the soil of the Indian Union have just reached Shillong from Dawki area, the last Indian outpost of the Indo-Pakistan frontier on the Sylhet side.

The reports have been officially confirmed but details of the incidents are, so far, not available from official sources.

It is alleged that several fishermen while selling their catch on the Indian side were suddenly attacked and there was indiscriminate shooting from the Pakistan side. Some fishermen, who are citizens of the Indian Union, have been injured. It is further said that Pakistan Army men then crossed into the Indian Dominion territory and carried away the injured persons to Pakistan.

Another incident followed when persons belonging to the Indian posts and Telegraph Department, who were engaged in repairing the telegraph and telephone lines down at Dawki within the Indian Dominion territory were fired upon by the Pakistan troops without any notice. This time also the Pakistan armed guards on the frontier are alleged to have crossed into Indian Dominion territory, overpowered the injured persons and carried them to Pakistan.

Sir Akbar Hydari, the Assam Governor has already paid a visit to Dawki and Pynursula.

## *NEW YORK BUS STRIKE*

NEW YORK, Oct. 27, (Reuter): New York city's seven private bus lines, serving 3,500,000 travellers, were at a standstill last night after an angry group of striking transport workers had refused to obey a resumption order issued by their Union.

The stoppage, which is the biggest surface transport strike in the city's history, began yesterday morning.

Four hours later Mr. Michel J. Quill, Head of the Transport Workers Union, ordered an end to the strike.

However, of the 8,500 Unionists idle, about 1,500 refused to return.

Three bus lines resumed service after the 'back to work' order, but stopped the buses later because of what they described as the "ugly mood" of some drivers

### Commemoration Of Horniman's Services Urged

(From Our Correspondent)

UJJAIN, (By Mail):

At a special meeting of the States workers presided by Shree Kanhaiyalal D. Vaidya a resolution mourning the death of Mr. B. G. Horniman, appreciating his services to the States people as journalist and expressing the opinion that 'the great services" rendered by him to the States people should be commemorated in a proper manner.

## TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, October 26: Mr. Anthony Eden urged today that the Berlin problem be brought before the U. N. General Assembly as a test of that body's "reality." —U.P.A.

* * *

Says Congress President-elect, Dr. Pattabhi: "This is obviously a crucial moment in our nation's progress and it shall be our endeavour to hold aloft the banner of Gandhism and of composite secular nationalism....".

Some people may complain that the Doctor was rubbing his victory in—rather well, we must say.

* * *

Denying suggestions of inordinate waits for trams or buses, a BEST statesman—sorry, spokesman is reported to have observed that "when one is in a hurry even ten minutes looks like an hour. It is purely psychological."

We know now. We mean to say that obviously our watch also sometimes goes psychological.

Wanted a clock wise psycho-analyst.

* * *

London report: One of the last distinguished persons with whom the Pakistan Prime Minister had a long talk before departure was—Mr Winston Churchill.

The interposed dash is ours.

* * *

By the way, we are glad it was Mr. Liaquat Ali who called on Mr. Churchill. And we are sure the privileged pilgrimage was most successful.

We look forward to a yet more brilliant performance when Mr. Churchill dilates next on India, Kashmir and Hyderabad.

* * *

In an angry statement re. Bhawalpur, the General Secretary of the Pakistan States Muslim League criticises the attitude of the Pakistan States Ministry and says: "We strongly feel the immediate establishment of a Popular Ministry is the only solution."

The General Secretary should have patience and sympathetic understanding. Everything done in the Indian Union cannot and must not be imitated, much less immediately after it is done in India.

* * *

Mr. Nurul Amin, Premier of East (Pakistan) Bengal, has explained that the present policy of the Government of East Bengal is to grant licenses for firearms among the communities on a population basis, rather than on the basis of wealth and property as has been practiced hitherto.

This is a most equitable basis of distribution. Obviously a group, 100 strong, needs, say, 20 firearms for self-defence compared to a community which being only 20 strong, cannot, threrefore, need more than 4 for the same purpose, isn't it?

* * *

Mr. Ghulam Ali Talpur, a Sind Minister, has given the assurance that the strength of the Sind Police Rangers along the province's land border had been increased and civil defence measures in the province would shortly be introduced.

Quite right. Let not anything be left undone to keep the minds of the people busily diverted.

* * *

The Indian delegation's booklets which detail the policies and activities of Dr. Malan, his nationalists (with an exposure of the secret organisation Broederbund) and South African Whites and which have been circulated to all U. N. delegations are timely publications which should be welcomed by the South African delegate Mr. Eric Louw.

He can flourish them before the faces of the delegates as proofs of White South Africa's supreme efforts to save Europe and Western civilisation in that country and call upon Europe to realise what is at stake and what is the sacred duty of all white and "civilised" nations by "the Union of South Africa."

* * *

The King's speech to the British Parliament declared that the new session was opening "in a troubled world still suffering from the ravages of war."

And engaged in preparing for the ravages of the next war.

* * *

Apropos of the U. S. Presidential electioneering, Reuters says a major factor in the campaign is the relationship of the Jewish American vote to the now bitterly controversial question of aid to Israel.

We always thought so, not only lately.

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

### A Hopeful Development

There was an East-West deadlock not only on the Berlin issue but also on disarmament and, of course, atomic energy. Efforts to resolve the Berlin dispute have failed and the crisis threatens graver repercussions. The conflict over the atomic energy issue also, at least so far, promises no better end. But a hopeful development appears to have taken place in the Disarmament Sub-Committee, in the shape of a surprise amendment proposed by the Soviet delegate, M. Jacob Malik, to a new Belgian resolution. The crux of the Belgian resolution is the setting up of "an international organ of control, endowed with universally accepted powers." The Soviet amendment seeks a more limited objective, namely, the setting up of an international control organ "to which full official data regarding the state of armaments and armed forces of the 'Big Five' will have to be submitted". The actual powers of the international body which should make possible effective "control" are not clear and there is also the difference as regards the extent of its jurisdiction. But the Soviet amendment represents an important modification in the original Soviet stand, which deserves to be taken advantage of.

### The Dark Side

The Belgian and Soviet suggestions together can be utilised as a useful basis for amicable and constructive discussion. But it cannot be ignored that the resolution makes the whole plan conditional on "improvement in the international atmosphere." The "international atmosphere" is more likely than otherwise to deteriorate seriously what with the final Soviet blow to compromise efforts regarding Berlin and plans to extend the Western Union pact into a joint North Atlantic Defence Pact.

### Industrialise

Sir M. Visvesvaraya never misses an opportunity of impressing upon his fellow countrymen the need for rapid and varied industrialisation. And he could not possibly fail to expatiate his pet subject in his convocation address to the Mysore University on Monday. Industries, he pointed out, are the main source of economic prosperity, and without varied industries we cannot be self-sufficient even in respect of defence. In future, he said, defence machinery like aircraft, automobiles, motor machinery and equipment of every kind have to be manufactured in India itself. He called upon young men to excel in industrial enterprise. More men are now coming forward to acquire technical education than they ever did before. It is for Government and industrialists to start more technical institutions of all grades including those for advanced post-graduate technology. We whole heartedly agree with Sir M. Visvesvaraya that, as the country now stands, we shall be running serious risks if we neglect preparation for an efficient industrial life.

### Wanted Searching Enquiry

A searching enquiry requires to be instituted into the circumstances connected with the loss of six lives, including those of three women and a child, at Andheri on Tuesday last. The question as to how a portion of a building in which inflammable materials were being stocked for manufacture of bangles and where, as a matter of fact, such manufacture was actually taking place, came to be rented out for residential purposes requires to be elucidated, and if there has been any clear breach of the housing regulations, severe notice requires to be taken of the same. As it is, the city and the suburbs are becoming suffocatingly overcrowded for lack of housing accommodation. To add to such inconveniences, grave risks to life by permitting open breaches of housing regulations devised to prevent tragedies of the nature which have taken place in Greater Bombay during the past few weeks would be the height of folly. The suburban municipal authorities as well as the Government of Bombay should take immediate steps to prevent repetition of such horrible tragedies.

### Socialists And Constructive Work

The Socialist Party's decision to undertake constructive work for the rural as well as the urban areas in the country is obviously in emulation of the Constructive Programme of the Congress. The Congress programme is now-a-days so much more talked about than actually carried out that we should not regret a fresh impetus given to it by other bodies. But one is not much enthused by the Socialist Party's avowed object in undertaking constructive work, namely, to serve the party organisation and also to tap the energy of a large number of sympathisers of the party who might not be able to be its active workers. Promoting party interests is not an illegitimate motive. But genuine service will ultimately be the best passport to to the people's confidence in the workers. It is easy enough for any party to prepare on paper very imposing programmes, but discriminating people will judge in what spirit the programmes are carried out and to what extent they really benefit the public.

### Indo-Pakistan Goodwill

Addressing the U.P. Congress Legislature Party the other day, Mr. Sri Prakasa, High Commissioner for India in Pakistan, pointed out that in bringing now Hindus from Pakistan Rs. 22 crores had to be spent and property worth Rs. 1,400 crores had been left behind by the Hindus. More or less similar figures may be quoted with regard to Muslim refugees. But the point made out by Mr. Sri Prakasa is that, if Indo-Pakistan relations improve, restoration of property must be much easier than it is at present. In other spheres, too, at least self-interest, if not altruistic considerations, requires that the utmost possible good will and friendship should be cultivated between the people of the two States. Gandhiji risked his life any number of times to promote such friendship and finally laid down his life for that very cause. We who claim to be his followers can follow his ideals at least within limits of safety.

## OPEN AIR

The Leaf Butterfly has again made its appearance. It is a wonderful insect, very large, and, when in flight, rather beautifully coloured. I say "when in flight" advisedly, for when danger threatens the Leaf Butterfly relies entirely on camouflage tactics and lives up to its name in a remarkable way. It settles on a twig with closed wings and looks exactly like a leaf itself. The undersides of the wings are brown in colour, and have a line running down the length which represents the vein of the leaf. When it settles, the butterfly tucks its head and feelers back between its closed wings so that they do not betray it, and it is literally impossible to distinguish it from the rest of the foliage unless one has been able to watch it settle. When the danger has passed and all is quiet again, the butterfly continues its flight and we see again the beautiful upper surfaces of its wings, which are dark green in colour, washed with a delicate pale blue. Like some other butterflies, this one does not seem to think that honey from the flowers is an ideal diet and it often seems to like something more highly flavoured. On occasion it has been known to sit on a dish of curry and eat it with apparent relish!

D. R.

# FRENCH INDIA GOVERNOR LEAVES FOR MAHE

## Police Commandant Accompanies: Officials Return

**MADRAS, October 27 (A.P.I.): The French India Governer, M. C. F. Baron, accompanied by the Police Commandant in Pondicherry and a detachment of French Indian police left for Mahe today aboard the French Cruiser that called at Pondicherry yesterday, the Associated Press of India here learnt over the telephone from an authoritative source in Pondicherry tonight.**

At the same time the French sloop that had vesterday cast anchor off Mahe had left carrying on board the French Administrator, Mahe the police superintendent and other government officials and was reported to be on its way to Pondicherry.

**OFFICIALS RETURN**

CALICUT, Oct. 27 (A.P.I.): The Administrator and other French Government officials of Mahe, who were not found there yesterday, returned to Mahe this morning.

The Mayor, the Adjutant Mayor, some Municipal Councilors and local representatives of the French India representatives Assembly, whose whereabouts also were reported to be not known yesterday, have returned to Mahe.

According to the Administrator, he and others were removed by some people though he was not in position to say who they were. The Administrator added that he had nothing to complain as regards his stay and other comforts.

According to a spokesman of the Peoples Committee, following the scare in Mahe after the arrival of the French sloop, its (People Committees) volunteers helped the Administrator and others to leave Mahe.

The Peoples committee is one of the committees formed in Mane following the recent incident there.

**SOCIALIST LEADER'S APPEAL**

CALICUT, October 27 (A.P.I.): The Secretary, Kerala Branch of the Indian Socialist Party Mr. P. M. Kunhiraman Nambiar in a statement issued today on the situation in Mahe says: "It is the duty of all Indian citizens to stand by the people of Mahe in this dark hour of crisis in their history."

He appeals to all people in general and Socialists in particular to bring pressure on the Indian Government not to allow any steps to be taken to endanger the freedom of the people there.

**Mr. Nambiar added: "The India Government must stop French troops if they tried to cross over to Mahe through the Union territory. The people of the Indian Union will be forced to offer satyagraha to stem the progress of the French troops towards Mahe."**

**FRENCH INDIA ASSEMBLY**

PARIS, Oct. 27 (Reuter): The second annual session of the Representative Assembly of French India has been postponed until November, the Journal Official announced today.

**MALPRACTICES IN ELECTION**

PONDICHERRY, Oct. 27 (A.P.I.): Mr. Latchmanaswamy Reddier, on the three Ministers who resigned some days ago from the French India Government in a statement today gave instances of malpractices which he said had been followed in the recent Municipal election in his Commune, Bahour.

**NEW PONDICHERRY MAYOR**

PONDICHERRY, Oct. 27 (U.P.I.): At the special meeting of the newly elected members of the Pondicherry Municipality held today Mr. Nathur Pillai was elected Mayor of Pondicherry and Messrs Goubert, Kasim and Saugere were elected Depuay Mayors.

**MAYORAL ELECTION IN KARAIKAL**

KARAIKAL, Oct. 27 (U.P.I.): Mr. R. M. A. Pakkiriswami Pillai, Senator, has been elected Mayor of Karaikal in the election held today.

This is the first time that a Hindu has been elected Mayor of Karaikal.

## FRENCH GOVERNMENT PROTESTS

PARIS, Oct. 27. (Reuter): France has made a sharp protest to the Indian Embassy in Paris following receipt here of dispatches saying the French Administrator in Mahe, French Indian town on the West Coast of India, about 30 miles northwest of Calicut, and his family had been "taken away in an unknown direction" by persons believed to be members of the French Indian Congress Party.

The protest was made to Mr. P. P. Pillai, Indian Charge d'Affairs in Paris.

The Charge d'Affaires was asked to request his Government to take immediate measures for the return of the administrator and his family to Mahe.

A similar protest was to be made by the French Representative in New Delhi, it was learned here in authoritative circles.

## FIND OF RICH URANIUM DEPOSIT

**LOS ANGELES, Oct. 27 (Reuter)—The Government Geological Survey Office here today reported the discovery of a rich deposit of uranium ore used for atomic energy, in Antelope Valleys, Los Angeles county.**

# Draft Constitution Of India

## SOCIALISTS TO PRESS DOMINION PARLIAMENT FOR RADICAL CHANGES

MAHABALESHWAR, Oct. 27, (API): Radical changes in the draft constitution of India to "suit the democratic needs of the country" are to be pressed for by the Socialist member of the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Damodar Swarup Seth, in accordance with the directive of the National Executive of the Socialist Party which has now framed nearly sixty amendments to the draft constitution.

The Socialist Executive, at its meeting here, has come to the conclusion that the draft constitution is "disappointing to the lovers of democracy and socialism and it cannot be an instrument of full democracy. It might lead to executive despotism and in certain circumstances, even to dictatorship".

While recognising the principle of adult franchise, federalism and parliamentary form of responsible Government the draft constitution, the Socialists hold, "vitiates legislative authority by bicameralism, threatens autonomy by emergency powers of the federal authority and cripples the system of responsible Government by Governor's discretionary authority".

**INDIA & COMMONWEALTH**

The Socialist party is against India continuing to remain within the British Commonwealth, and one of the amendments will demand the termination of India's association with the Commonwealth with the commencement of the new constitution. It also desires that the preamble of the constitution should recognise the establishment of a democratic socialist order, and that stable provision be made as regards nationalisation of important industries and organisation of agricultural industry and credit on co-operative basis.

As regards the fundamental rights clause, the party is of the opinion that the civil liberties guaranteed are considerably undermined by subsequent provisions permitting the legislature to impose restrictions in the interests of the general public.

**EMERGENCY POWERS**

The Socialists are opposed to the special and emergency powers conferred by the constitution on either the President of the Union or the Governor of a province. According to them the provisions which empowered federal authority to do what it liked when any particular provincial unit was faced with a grave menace were found only in the German constitution.

As regard the powers given to the Governor to suspend the constitution for a fortnight, they say there is no federal democratic constitution in the world which permits the Governor of a province to suspend executive authority of responsible ministers or legislative authority of the provincial legislature to face a grave menace to peace and tranquility. The Socialists also feel that there is no democratic reason to confer powers of emergency legislation on the executive authorities to promulgate ordinances.

Following the Czechoslovakian constitution of 1920, the party suggests the appointment of statutory committees elected on the basis of a single transferable vote to consider and promulgate, on the recommendation of the President or the Governor, emergency laws in the form of ordinances in all matters of immediate urgency in the interval of the sessions of the legislature.

## CLOSING DOWN FUTURES MARKET IN SHELLAC

### Indian Lac Cess Committee Recommendation

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27 (API): The governing body of the Indian Lac Cess Committee today agreed to recommend to the Central Government the immediate closing down of the futures market in shellac now operating in Calcutta. It also favoured the withdrawal of the existing ban on the import of shellac into India.

The danger of increased competition from synthetic resins and other sources of supply now facing the Indian lac trade was referred to by Sir Datar Singh, Additional Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, in his opening remarks, presiding over the meeting. Lac being one of the most important items of India's foreign trade for earning dollars, it was essential that steps should be taken to maintain a high level of export, Sir Datar emphasised.

### Burma Needs No British Military Aid

RANGOON, Oct. 27 (Reuter): The semi-official "New Times of Burma" today denied rumours that Foreign Minister U Kyaw Nyein, who is in London is seeking British military aid to quell Burma's insurrection.

It said "far from the internal situation getting out of control there is immediate prospect of peace with the most important section of the insurgents—the White Band members of the People's Volunteer Organisation."

## DISTURBANCES IN KOLHAPUR

### Findings Of Enquiry Court Published

**KOLHAPUR, Oct. 27, (API): Capt. V. Nanjappa, the Administrator of Kolhapur has released the report of the Enquiry Court set up by the Maharaja of Kolhapur under Mr. Justice N. H. Coyajee of the Bombay High Court to enquire into the allegations made against the former Praja Parishad Ministry led by Mr. V. K. Bagal during the disturbances that followed in the wake of the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi.**

Mr. Justice Coyajee in his findings states: "There is no satisfactory evidence of a conspiracy to which the ministry as a whole or the individual members of the ministry were parties. Yet there are significant facts which must be quoted:

1. The constant non-interference by the police during the disturbances; 2. Several acts of interference with the police on the part of the ministers and of Mr. Madhavarao Bagal, former President of the Kolhapur Praja Parishad since its inception in 1939. 3. Uniformity of "Modus Operandi" by the attackers at different places and 4. reluctance of the Chief Minister to accept the advice and caution administered to him by the District Magistrate.

The report also said that there was an understanding between the perpetrators of the disturbances and the ministers.

In conclusion the court finds itself "unable to accept the plea that this was a mere error of judgment on the part of the ministers".

The three nominated Ministers Messrs. S. K. Mane, S. N. Mane and S. R. Jadhav Chinchalikar have been entirely exonerated from any blame whatsoever in connection with these disturbances.

## ANTI-INFLATION DRIVE IN MADRAS

### All Development Schemes To Be Deferred

MADRAS Oct. 27, (API): The Government of Madras were considering the question of defering their building and development schemes and curtailing avoidable expenditure so as to effectively combat the inflationary trend in the country, said Mr. B. Gopala Reddi Finance Minister at question time in the Assembly today.

The Madras Government were also considering the Central Government's other recommendations to fight inflation.

To a question whether the Central Government addressed a letter to the Madras authorities drawing their attention to the repercussions of prohibition and zamindari abolition on the provincial and national finances, he said no such communication had been received.

## SANTHANAM'S ADVICE TO RAILWAYMEN

JAIPUR, Oct. 27 (API)—"You should remember that you are not working for your pay. You are not working for your officers. You are working for your own country. You should put your heart into your work and do as much work as possible", observed Mr. K. Santhanam Minister of State (Transport and Railways), replying to an address presented on behalf of the Jaipur Railwaymen's Union. "No time limit could be fixed for officers who may work even for twenty hours, but condition of ordinary workers is different, "he said.

"Often their duties are so hard that they can't work more than eight hours. In these eight hours workers should give the maximum any son of India can give.

**Australia has nearly three-fourth of Indian Railways but their number of workers are only one-fourth of India's, which means every Australian worker does three times the work of Indian workers.**

We must became efficient as Australians, Candians, Americans and British. Then we are entitled to ask for pay and service conditions as in Australia or Canada."

Speaking about inflation Mr. Santhanam said:

"The Government of India have resolved not to allow inflation to grow. They want to bring down the prices of cloth and food. So long as they are engaged in this fight people should not create trouble.

Those who think they can establish a new heaven on earth by violence are making a great mistake.

Mr. Santhanam concluding said: "In Europe people destroyed everything during the last war and now again have begun to quarrel. So in this country if violence started it will spread like wild fire throughout. Therefore we should stick to the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi. If anyone from outside comes and attack us we may have to defend by force, but we shall not seek to conquer anybody by force. Similarly we should not change anything in India by force."

### Arms Smuggling From Ordnance Depot

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 27 (API): The Jubbulpore police and the Central Provinces Security Police, continuing their drive against arms smugglers have arrested three more persons on the charge of smuggling fire arms from the Central Ordnance Depot at Jubbulpore and selling them.

These arrests follow the trapping of an employee of the Ordnance Depot last Thursday, while he was trying to sell twelve Stenguns to a bogus customer sent by the police.

## ZAMINDARIS IN MADRAS

### Assembly Passes Abolition Bill: 3810 Estates Affected

MADRAS, Oct. 27 (A.P.I.): The Madras Assembly today passed into law the Zamindari Abolition Bill.

Under this measure, the Government propose to take over 3810 estates belonging to zamindars throughout the province covering an area of 12 million acres altogether.

Madras is the second province in India to pass a legislation of this magnitude, Bihar being the first.

It is estimated that the compensation to be paid to estate-holders will cost the government Rs. 12-1/2 crores.

The Bill, as passed by the Assembly, will be introduced in the Upper House next month. The present Bill does not include any provisions regarding special "inams" which were declared as estates in 1936 and legislation affecting these estates is expected to be taken in hand separately.

## BUILDING UP INDIA'S DEFENCE FORCES

(Continued From Page 1)

fecting the military security of India and internal defence. He also dealt with military aspects of the press and matters relating to the security of military personnel. Gen. Kalwant Singh referring to the Britishers serving in the capacity of advisers to the Indian Army said he had received "very valuable advice and help" from the Chief Adviser, Gen. Russel and his colleagues.

**GALLANTRY AWARDS**

**Gen. Thapar, Military Secretary stated that it had now been decided that henceforth Gallantry Awards for the Army, Air Force and Navy in India should be the same.**

It had been decided that there would be three awards. The Param Vir Chakra, the highest gallantry award in the Armed Forces in India, would correspond to the Victoria Cross. The next was the Maha Vir Chakra, which would correspond to the D.S.O. and other awards.

The third would be the Vir Chakra corresponding to the Military Cross and the Military Medal in the past. The question had been asked as to why there had been no awards in the Indian Army for persons serving on the Kashmir front so long. Gen. Thapar hoped that the first awards would soon be announced.

**DEFENCE SCIENCE**

Dr. Kothari, Scientific Adviser to the Army, laid stress on the need to adapt modern scientific developments to the needs of the Army and said it had been decided to set up a Defence Science Organisation. It was proposed to recruit 100 scientists during the next two years for research in this field.

**SECOND LINE OF DEFENCE**

The Director of the Territorial Army Brig. Gurdayal Singh, stated that the rules and regulations for the Territorial Army were being finalised and that it was hoped to throw open the doors for enlistment in his forces in the next two months.

**The Territorial Army, expected to be 130,000 strong, would be a second line of defence and would be used to reinforce it.**

It would be responsible when need arose for anti-aircraft and coastal defence etc., and, meanwhile, afford an opportunity to the country's youth for military training. It was proposed to have two different types of units in the Territorial Army—Provincial Units recruited from rural areas and urban units from the cities and towns.

**NEED OF RESEARCH WORKERS**

Brig. Billimoria, Deputy Chief of General Staff dealing with weapons and equipment for the Indian Army emphasised on the need for research workers for the Army. In the past India used to get all technical advice from Britain but today the position was that she had to stand on her own legs. An organisation would have to be built up in India for this purpose. Of course, technicians could not be trained up overnight because they must first acquire the military background. He appealed to the country to join this organisation in such strength as was required.

Maj.-Gen. Wilkinson, Director of Military Training, explained how the officers in the Indian Army were trained for their various duties. Some forty officers had gone to the United Kingdom for training and a lesser number to the United States.

**Brig. Verma, of the Q.M.G.'s branch stated that India was now producing bren guns, 3.7 and 5.5 guns.**

Among other officers who also explained the nature of their work were the Adjutant-General Staff, Maj.-Gen. Stable and Lt.-Gen. Master, Director General of Armed Forces Medical Services.

At the end of the conference, the pressmen were taken round to the "Ops Rooms" and the C.-in-C.'s room at Army Headquarters.

# Stop Press

**COMMONWEALTH DEFENCE**

LONDON, Oct. 27 (Reuter): The Commonwealth Parliamentary Conference today agreed that the "first main defence of the Commonwealth had to be a Commonwealth defence rather than any other regional organisation." A communique issued tonight at the end of the Conference, which has been discussing Commonwealth affairs since Oct. 19, said that "methods of consultation were far more fully developed during the war than they were now. "If responsibilities for defence were distributed round the Commonwealth, far better provision must be made for liaison as regards the various branches of defence in each of the capitals than exists at present."

**EVENTS IN MAHE**

PARIS, Oct. 27 (Reuter): The Indian Embassy here in an official statement tonight said events at the French Indian Settlement of Mahe last Thursday were of purely local origin and were neither inspired nor instigated by Indian nationals.

## SINDHI REFUGEES' SATYAGRAHA THREAT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Resolutions passed at the General Body meeting of the Surat Sindhi Refugees Association say that the Association strongly protests against the negligence of Government in not redressing genuine grievances, by opening of a Refugees camp for District of Surat, requisitioning of houses under Section 5 of the Bombay Land Requisition Act, granting of land for shops, electric power for business purposes, and reducing of exorbitant rents, appointing of a Refugee Welfare Officer, etc.

The Association said if this policy of the Government continues, Satyagraha may be resorted to.

## BREAD-EATERS PLEASE NOTE

Mr. R. S. Siganporia, President, Bombay Bakers' Association, writes:—

Of late the quality of bread has deteriorated and this sudden change from the whitish and spongy breads to the present darkish and shrunken quality is creating great misunderstandings in the minds of the bread-eating public. On representing this matter to Government, the Bombay Bankers' Association was informed that the Government has no choice in the selection of wheat flour and their distributing programme depended mainly on imported wheat and wheat flour, which varies in quality and quantity. The Association was further informed that imported wheat flour stocks were now exhausted and the same would be substituted by wholemeal flour. As a result, the colour and appearance of the bread will further deteriorate. The Bombay Bakers' Association, therefore, takes this opportunity of drawing the attention of the public that bread prepared out of wholemeal flour is more nutritious and digestive than the bread prepared out of the imported white flour and they should not, therefore, be led away by the outward appearance only. The Bombay Bakers' Association hopes that the above explanation will remove any misunderstanding that may have been created regarding bakers in the minds of the public and they should note that neither the Government nor Bakers are responsible for the change in the quality of breads for reasons stated above.

## KANDIVALI HITWARDHAK MANDAL

### Free Commercial Classes And Study Circle

The free commerce classes and the study circle has commenced coaching for the diploma courses in the section of the Secretarial Practice, for the next April examinations of the Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay, LONDON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, and the diplomas of the Certified Secretaries, (Corporation of Sertified Secretaries, London.)

Special lectures are delivered for extra subjects on Holidays, and Sundays, for following subjects:—

(1) Practice and law of Banking. (2) Commercial Geography. (3) Economics.

Those interested should join before the 1st. November, after which date they will be admitted for the 1950 Examinations.

## PROFESSORS MEET AT NAVSARI

The annual conference of the Professors of Gujarati of the Colleges of the Bombay University will be held at Navsari on 5th and 6th November 1948. The Conference will deliberate upon Gujarat University and other academic subjects. Most of the Professors are expected to attend the meeting.

## SIR ARCHIBALD NYE

It is now learned that Sir Archibald Nye, the new High Commissioner for the United Kindom in India, will arrive at Delhi on 31st October and not on 1st November as previously announced.

## Montessori International Branch In City

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. Maria Montessori, the famous educationist, inaugurated the Bombay branch of the Association Motessori International, India this evening.

Madame Montessori, who was the chief guest of honour at a tea party to celebrate the inauguration, wished the organisers success in their venture and expressed the hope that facilities for the education of children would be spread sufficiently so that the maximum number would benefit from them.

Prof. S. B. Hudlikar was appointed as the Organising Secretary of the Branch.

## BEWAILS DROPPING OF 'BRITISH'

WELLINGTON, NEW ZEALAND, Oct. 27 (Reuter): Mr. Sidney Holland, leader of the New Zealand Opposition, said today that he "greatly deplored" the dropping of the world "British" before "Commonwealth" in the Communique on the London Conference of Commonwealth statesmen.

He added that he would "refuse to drop its use."

## Uday Shankar For Moscow

MOSCOW, Oct. 27 (Reuter): The Indian writer, Dr. Mulk Raj Anand, has arrived in Moscow at the invitation of the Writers' Union to attend the Moscow Art Theatre's 50th anniversary.

The well-known Indian dancer Uday Shankar, with his wife Amalandi and his son were expected today at the invitation of the Soviet Society for Cultural Relations.

# INDIA TO GET FOODGRAINS FROM PAKISTAN RABI CROP

## Full Implementation Of Inter-Dominion Pact

**NEW DELHI, Oct. 27, (API): In order to facilitate proper fulfilment of the agreement entered into between the two Dominions at Karachi in May 1948, the delegations of the two Dominions have, after full discussion, agreed, subject to ratification by the respective Governments, the following clarifications and arrangements:**

**COTTON**

The Indian delegation stated that the fixation of monthly quotas for the supply of cotton with a lapsing clause was not acceptable and should be reviewed. The representatives of the Pakistan Government agreed to fix an export quota of 360,000 bales for India for the period ending 31st January, 1949. The Pakistan Government representatives agreed that export quotas to other countries and purchases by them for internal consumption in Pakistan will not together exceed 360,000 bales during the same period. Pakistan representatives further agreed that consideration of fixation of quotas on a monthly or quarterly basis for subsequent periods be postponed and examined in due course by prior consultation in the light of the working of this arrangement as a whole.

**FOODGRAINS**

At the concern expressed by the Government of India at the inability of Pakistan to supply foodgrains as a result of unexpected floods during the current crop season, the representatives of Pakistan assured the Indian delegation that they were most anxious to implement the agreement and that they would make their best endeavours to supply the stipulated quantity of foodgrains from their next rabi crop.

**COAL**

Pakistan's representatives emphasised their inability to move cotton without supply of coal from India. They stated that hitherto they have not received the full quantity which India had promised to supply. At the same time, Pakistan appreciated the difficulties which India had to encounter in supplying the full quantity of coal. The Indian delegation assured the representatives of Pakistan that realising the importance of coal to Pakistan, they would take steps to ensure that full quantity of coal is supplied every month.

**OTHER COMMODITIES**

The representatives of Pakistan stated that nothing had been received from India against the quotas of steel, asbestos cement sheets, sulphuric acid, tyres and tubes, etc.

The Indian delegation reiterated that they have every intention of fulfilling the terms of the agreement. In this connection the Indian delegation agreed that steel would be supplied on FOB Calcutta basis as contemplated in the Inter-Dominion agreement.

**JUTE**

Both parties agreed that there was no occasion to change the existing policy in regard to export of jute to India. It was further agreed that should circumstances otherwise warrant India will be consulted before any change is effected. At any rate, no change will be effected till the 31st December 1948.

**CLOTH**

The Indian delegation agreed that they would make arrangements which would enable Pakistan to obtain regular supplies of cloth to Pakistan from India. The exact details of the arrangement will be settled at an early date by mutual consultation.

Both Governments recognise that the agreement must be regarded as a whole and implemented in full, and for this purpose the arrangements for the export of commodities concerned must be devised in such a manner as to satisfy both Governments that the goods would move in accordance with the terms and intentions of the agreement.

## WHOLESALE PRICES DECLINE

### Economic Adviser's General Index

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27, (API): Wholesale prices as measured by the Economic Adviser's General Index (base: year ended August 1939-100) showed a fall of 0.2 per cent to 382.3 during the month of September 1948. The index number for "semi-manufacturers" increased by 2.9 per cent to 340.2, and the indices for "food articles," "industrial raw materials," "manufactured articles" and the "miscellaneous" group declined by 0.3, 0.7, 1.4 and 0.3 per cent respectively to 396.6, 435.1, 348.1 and 531.1 respectively.

The index for "cereals" remained stationary during the month as the effect of a rise in wheat prices was completely offset by drops in the prices of jowar and Bajra. 'Pulses' recorded an increase of 3.3 per cent to 454.3 due mainly to the rising trend shown by dal arhar. "Other food articles," which comprise tea, coffee, sugar gur and salt, tended to move down and as a result the index for the subgroup declined by 1.7 per cent to 278.0.

**FIBRES**

The index for 'fibres' which stood at 432.2 was lower by 3.2 per cent due to a significant fall in raw cotton prices. Excepting linseed, all other oilseeds included in the sub-group registered higher levels during the month and consequently the index for 'oilseeds' rose by 2.0 per cent to 516.5. The increase in the index for 'minerals' by 4.3 per cent to 319.1 was due to a rise in the case of manganese ore. The subgroup 'other' showed an advance of only 0.3 per cent as the effect of higher prices of hides raw and lac was partially counteracted by lower prices of skins raw.

**LEATHER**

There was no significant change in 'leather', the index for which stood at 302.5 with an increase of only 0.1 per cent due to a minor appreciation in the prices of goat skins (tanned). A slight rise in petrol prices raised the index of 'mineral oils' by 0. per cent to 181.1. Exception coconut oil, vegetable oils' showed a tendency to fall and consequently the sub-group index declined by 1.0 per cent to 543.0. 'Cotton yarn' on the other hand, recorded a big rise of 9.2 per cent—the index number going up to 516.9 in September from 473.2 in August 1948. Among 'metals' the prices of zinc, brass and copper came down a little and, as a result, the index for the sub-group dropped by 0.4 per cent to 168.9 Gingely cake displayed a market upward trend, but a fall in the case of 'groundnut cake' partly off set its influence on the index for 'oil cakes' which increased by 1.1 per cent to 406.0 both coir yarn and timber declined during the month and as a result the index for the sub-group "others" moved down to the level of 268.2, showing a fall of 2.1 per cent.

**TEXTILE PRODUCTS**

Cotton, silk and rayon manufacturers brought about a further decline of 2.0 per cent in the index for textile products which stood at 414.5 in September as against 423.1 in August 1948; the decline in the sub-group would have been still more but for the higher prices prevailing for jute manufactures during the month. 'Metal products' did not show any change, but the index for the subgroup 'other finished articles' moved down fractionally by 0.3 per cent to 270.2 due mainly to the lower level of prices in the case of dye-stuffs.

Falls in spices, condiments, and betelnuts were offset to some extent by increases in the prices of cashewnuts and tobacco leaf, and as a result the index for the "miscellaneous" group dropped by only 0.3 per cent to 531.1 during the month under review.

BUCHAREST, Oct. 27 (Reuter)—Rumania "gladly accepts" the establishment of diplomatic and economic relations with the Korean Democratic People's Republic in the northern half of the country, it was announced here today.

## Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER.
NEW YORK, Oct. 27.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 31.14 |
| Today's Opening | 31.13 |
| Difference | —1 |
| Today's Closing | 31.23 |
| Difference | +9 |

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

| | Rs. | As. |
|---|---|---|
| Silver Bullion Forward | 174 | 0 |
| Silver Ready | 174 | 0 |
| Gold Ready | 113 | 12 |
| Sovereign | 75 | 0 |

EXPECTATION:
Cotton Jarila Jan.-Feb. ..... 598 8

NEW YORK STOCKS.
NEW YORK, Oct. 27.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 37-1/4.
General Motors dol. 65.
United States Steel Common dol. 84-1/2.
Ditto Pref. unquoted.—Reuter.

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 27, (Reuter): Sharp rises in copper shares provided a feature on the London Stock Exchange today. This followed the announcement of a dividend of 13 and half pence against nine pence by Roan Antelope Company. Trading was brisk but did not reach great proportions.

Other sections, with the exception of oils, were easier. Losses of some pence were widespread among irons and steels. Details of Government's plan for nationalisation of the industry will be published on Friday next. Meanwhile a little nervous selling is causing lower levels. Tobaccos and Textiles were also slightly lower.

Oil shares opened firm on marked support for leaders which closed with occasional gains up to one thirty-second.

British Government Stocks spent a quiet day during which an occasional selling order resulted in scattered losses of one-eighth.

South African minings showed slight declines in dividend payers but some Free State and Far Western issues were demanded and moved higher.

## Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, Oct. 27.

Market moved very narrowly and closed with a dull tone.

Calico Opened 1316; Highest 1317; Lowest 1309; Closed 1310.

Arvind Opened 1540; Highest 1545; Lowest 1530; Closed 1534.

Ambika Opened 382; Highest 384; Lowest 381; Closed 382.

Defferd Opened 1472; Highest 1480; Lowest 1470; Closed 1475.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1534; Ambika 382; Calico 1310; Bharat Suryodaya 136; Monogram 180; Defered 1475; Atul 51.

Budlas will be done tomorrow. Markets will remain closed from at 29-10-48 to 2-11-48 both day's inclusive. Muhurat transactions will be done on Sunday from 6-45 p.m. to 8 p.m.

## Cutch Hundi

(From Our Correspondent.)
BHUJ, Oct. 27.

Hundi Buying 314.
Hundi Selling 315.
Gold 110.
Silver 170.

# Transportation In United States

## More Than 40 Million Motor Vehicles On U. S. Highways

More than 40 million motor vehicles will be travelling the streets and highways of the United States by the end of 1948 an increase of 17 percent over 1941. This is reported in AUTOMOBILE FACTS monthly publication of the Automobile Manufacturers Association in the United States. In keeping with the all-time high number of car, truck and bus registrations, motor travel also is at an unprecedented peak. The Association estimates that motor vehicles in the United States will be driven a total of about 400 000 million miles by December 31, 1948, approximately 20 percent more than the annual total of motor travel in the last prewar years.

Behind the steering wheels of the cars, trucks and buses rolling up this traffic volume are 50,586,000 licensed drivers, 40 percent of the entire United States population over 16 years of age. To meet the road needs brought about by this growth in the number of vehicles and drivers, nearly every state and major city has embarked on large road building and maintenance programme, the Association reports, with more than 2,500 million dollars being spent annually on the programmes.

**TRUCK REGISTRATIONS RISE**

The largest increase over prewar levels in the United States has come in truck registrations, which rose 50 percent compared to a 12 percent increase in passenger car registrations. Indicating the scope of present-day trucking in the United States, the 1948 edition of the industry's statistical year book, AUTOMOBILE FACTS AND FIGURES, reveals that 65 percent of the nation's livestock goes to the major markets by truck as does 93 percent of live poultry, 42 percent of vegetables, 66 percent of milk and 52 percent of eggs.

The annual publication contains scores of other statistics regarding national and world automotive activity. It reports that world registrations of 53,288,000 motor vehicles in 1947 exceeded 1940 by 8,346,000, representing an increase of nine percent in the number of passenger cars, 57 percent in trucks, and 45 percent in buses. In the United States, a total of 37,883,265 vehicles were registered in 1947, of which 30,877,066 were passenger cars, 6,817,432 trucks, and 188,767 buses.

Automobile facts and figures lists the following estimated 1947 vehicle totals, compared to 1940 figures, by major areas of the world.

| AREA | CARS 1947 | 1940 |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 4,928,159 | 6,704,286 |
| Asia | 242,477 | 427,083 |
| The Americas | 32,990 332 | 27,678,809 |
| Africa | 507,181 | 543,740 |
| Oceania (including Australia & New Zealand) | 906,599 | 887,409 |
| **TRUCKS—1947** | | **1940** |
| Area | | |
| Europe | 4,538.294 | 2.511 123 |
| Asia | 193,406 | 234,337 |
| The Americas | 7,718.584 | 5.122,084 |
| Africa | 202.164 | 140 090 |
| Oceania (including Australia & New Zealand) | 440,702 | 412,799 |
| **BUSES-** | | |
| Area | 1947 | |
| 1940 | | |
| Europe | 148,640 | 150 885 |
| Asia | 39,519 | 32,218 |
| The Americas | 244,458 | 155,927 |
| Africa | 7,783 | 5,750 |
| Oceania | 1,517 | |
| (including Australia & New Zealand) | (included with trucks | |

**RATIO OF MOTOR VEHICLES TO POPULATION**

The publication calculates the ratio of motor vehicles to population. In Europe, it points out, there is one vehicle for every 61 persons; in Asia, one vehicle for every 1,804 persons; in the Americas, one vehicle for 75 persons; Africa oil vehicle for 217 persons, and Oceania, one vehicle for nine persons. Figures for individual countries show one vehicle to every four persons in the United States, one for every 70 in the USSR one for every 25 in France, one for every 17 in Great Britain, one for every 15,367 in China, one for every eight in Australia, one for every seven in Canada, and one for every 50 in Argentina.

World vehicle production in 1947 is set at 5,744,697, compared to 3,999,432 in 1938. The 1947 total includes 4,125,844 passenger cars, 1,578,599 trucks and 40,254 buses. United States production in 1947 was 4,797,820—compared with 2,489,085 in 1938—of which 3,558,178 were passenger cars, 1,220,634 trucks and 19,008 buses.

The Automobile Manufacturers Association estimates that the skills and services of 8,895,000 people are required in the manufacture, distribution and use of motor vehicles in the United States. A total of 56 United States firms produce 21 makes of passenger cars, 39 makes of trucks and 20 makes of motor buses. Each working day these turn out an average of about 14,000 cars, 5,000 trucks and 190 motor buses.

The Association points out that there are a total of more than 100 motor vehicle assembly plants in 24 states in the United States. The assembly plants are supplied by more than 1,000 parts plants plus about 20,000 other supply firms. Materials for automotive assembly come from all 48 states and about 60 foreign countries.

**AVERAGE LIFE OF CARS AND TRUCKS IN U. S.**

In addition to the production of new vehicles, there are many firms engaged in servicing and repairing vehicles. The activity of these firms has increased greatly in postwar years due to the fact that vehicles are being used for longer lengths of time than in prewar years. The average life of cars and trucks in the United States is now 12.75 years, compared to an average lifetime of 10.2 years up to 1941. Those scrapped in 1947 averaged 88,550 miles of service compared to 81,352 miles for cars scrapped in 1941.

Increased travel in the United States has increased total gasoline consumption by more than 25 percent since 1941, and the Association estimates that 30,000 million gallons of fuel will be used by American motorists by the end of 1948, as against 24,000 million gallons in 1941—USIS.

## UNPAID LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS

### B. S. A. On Amendment Of Insurance Law

The Bombay Shareholders' Association has issued the following Press Note:—

In its representation to the Chairman of the Informal Committee appointed to consider the Insurance Second Amendment Bill 1946, the Committee of The Bombay Shareholders' Association point out that while policyholders undoubtedly constitute a predominant interest in life companies, the stake of the shareholders with whose capital the companies are brought into existence is no less vital particularly having regard to the fact that the unpaid liability of the shareholders stands as a sort of reserve for the policyholders. The shareholders are therefore deeply interested in the management of life companies on sound lines. Referring to the recommendations of the Sir Cawasji Jehangir Committee before whom the Committee had tendered evidence, it is pointed out that although the recommendations had received considerable measure of agreement from insurance interests it was regrettable that instead of a change for the better in the tone and tenor of management certain sections of the management had on the contrary resorted to interlocking transactions and other unsound methods with vengeance. After narrating at length the affairs of a prominent life office in this connection, the Committee remark that the issue is whether Insurance Companies are to be made the pawns in the financial games of vested interests. In view of the undesirable developments that have taken place, the Committee suggest that the Bill should be strengthened by giving Government powers similar to those given by Section 9 of the Banking Companies Ordinance 1946 whereby the Reserve Bank is empowered to issue directions to a banking company regarding its transactions and acts. Such powers would enable Government to issue timely orders to erring managements of Insurance Companies. As a matter of fact, Government would be able to dismiss a Board of Directors or put their own nominees on the Board and otherwise regulate the management of the company as circumstances may demand. While the Committee ordinarily would not suggest assumption of such wide powers by Government, there was no alternative left, in view of their experience of certain managements, but to suggest assumption of such powers if further damage is to be prevented by timely action.

Welcoming the New Sections 40A to 40D which are intended to put the business of Chief Agents and employers of agents on a rational basis and effect savings in the expenses of procuration and management of life offices, the Committee observe that in their anxiety to secure business several life offices overlook sound principles with the result that expence ratios unjustifiably increase both in respect of new business as well as renewals. In the Committee's opinion the sections in question will go a great way in removing the main weakness of the Indian Life Insurance Market.

The Committee also comment on the other provisions of the Bill and make suggestions for improvement.

## India's Trade Figures Interest U. S.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—A special dispatch from New Delhi to the New York "Times" shows India's exports to the United States in July valued about 20 million dollars, which was 80 per cent more than in July 1947. At the same time India reduced her imports from the United States. The dispatch says J. D. Walstrom, U. S. Commercial Attache, New Delhi, ascribes the disparity in India's unfavourable trade balance with the United States to the heavy imports of food grains.

The dispatch, quoting the Indian Government's economic adviser, said India has cut her over-all unfavourable balance of trade by 90 million rupees (27,757,000 dollars) by increased seaborne trade during July.—USIS.

## Record Vote Seen In U. S. Presidential Race

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—High registration figures in many sections are causing election experts to predict that a record vote will be cast for the President of the United States on November 2. It is now believed that the total will go far beyond the 48 million cast in 1944, and estimates run as high as 55 million to 60 million.

The heavy vote indicated has caused speculation as to its significance. Some see advantage to the Republican Party, others to the Democratic Party. But regardless of the political significance of a seemingly record vote, a big vote is a healthy sign in a country where the people rule.—USIS.

## U. S. Ships' Charters Extended

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27, (Reuter): The United States Maritime Commission has extended all existing ship charters until December 31 and has postponed changes in its chartering policy announced last month. These changes would ban the chartering of any ships to lines which did not own vessels and to lines with close foreign affiliations.

# What Province Owes To Bombay City

## FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS OF DIVISION EXAMINED

(BY C. N. VAKIL,
(University Professor of Economics, Bombay).

An attempt has been made in this Memorandum* to estimate the revenue resources and expenditure of the different linguistic areas of Bombay Province, namely, Karnatak, Maharashtra, Bombay City and Suburbs and Gujarat. The latest figures for the year 1947-48 are taken as the basis. The revenue and expenditure of each district is taken separately in the first instance. These have been added according to the above-mentioned four divisions. Existing overhead expenditure on account of General Administration, such as on the Governor, Ministers and their establishments, Legislature, High Court, Provincial Printing Press, etc., have been deducted from this calculation in the first instance. Existing expenditure of this nature cannot be divided between these units on any basis. In order to arrive at the probable expenditure on this item for each unit, we have taken the basis of smaller Provinces like Bihar and Orissa, and taken into account the special features of these areas. On these considerations we have estimated minimum overhead charges as under:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay City and Suburbs | Rs. 60 lakhs |
| Maharashtra | 75 " |
| Karnatak | 50 " |
| Gujarat | 60 " |
| Total | Rs. 245 " |

The existing expenditure on this item for the whole Province is Rs. 115 lakhs. The additional expenditure of Rs. 130 lakhs will be the minimum price of having separate provinces. This estimate does not take account of the new territoy acquired by mergers of States. It is possible that on this account, the actual expenditure of some of the units may be larger, even after making allowance for the corresponding revenue. It should also be noted that this refers only to areas now in Bombay Province. If a new province is to be carved out by taking in other areas, corresponding changes in the estimates will have to be made.

**REVENUE**

So far as the revenue resources are concerned, there are two items which deserve special notice. There was a Central subsidy of Rs. 175 lakhs received by the Bombay Government in 1947-48 for Postwar Reconstruction Schemes. As this cannot be considered a normal receipt, we propose to drop it from our calculation. We may assume that each new Province will receive similar assistance from the Centre in future for specific purposes. But this does not affect our argument.

The other item is the amount received by the Bombay Government as its share in the divisible pool of Taxes on Income. This amounted to Rs. 620 lakhs in 1947-48. We propose to divide this among the above units in the following proportion taking into account broadly the industrial and commercial activity of these units.

| | Percentage Amount in share lakhs of Rs. |
|---|---|
| Bombay City & Suburbs | 50 310 |
| Gujarat | 25 155 |
| Maharashtra | 15 93 |
| Karnatak | 10 62 |
| Total | 620 |

The result of our calculation can be summarised as under:

ESTIMATES OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR EACH OF THE UNITS BASED ON THE FIGURES OF 1947-48, IN LAKHS OF RUPEES

| | Maharashtra | Karnatak | Gujarat | Bombay City & Suburbs | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **REVENUE** | | | | | |
| A. From Provincial sources | 13,20 | 11,10 | 3,40 | 7,10 | 34,80 |
| B. Provincial share of Income-tax | 3,10 | 93 | 62 | 1,55 | 6,20 |
| Total | 16,30 | 12,03 | 4,02 | 8,65 | 41,00 |
| **EXPENDITURE** | | | | | |
| A. Ordinary Expenditure | 7,30 | 15,70 | 5,30 | 11,45 | 39,75 |
| B. Overhead charges | 60 | 75 | 50 | 60 | 2,45 |
| Total: | 7,90 | 16,45 | 5,80 | 12,05 | 42,20 |
| Surplus + or Defiiit | +840 | —4,42 | —1,78 | —3,40 | |

Explanatory Notes on the Table. (In lakhs of Rs.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Total Revenue for 1947-48 | 4275 |
| Less Central subsidy for Postwar Reconstruction. | 175 |
| | 4100 |
| Total expenditure for 1947-48 | 4090 |
| Less overhead expenditure as now | 115 |
| | 3975 |
| Plus overhead expenditure separately for each unit as estimated | 245 |
| | 4220 |

Total deficit of

| | |
|---|---|
| Maharashtra | 442 |
| Karnatak & Gujarat | 178 340 |
| | 960 |
| as against the surplus of Bombay City and Soburbs. | 840 |

Allowing for the additional overhead expenditure of separate provinces namely Rs. 130 lakhs, deficit 960-130—830 lakhs would approximately balance the existing surplus of Bombay City and Suburbs.

**DEPENDENCE OF EACH UNIT ON BOMBAY CITY**

The above figures conclusively prove that each of the linguistic units of Bombay Province, namely, Maharashtra, Karnatak, and Gujarat is in deficit on revenue account, and that the Government of Bombay is able to balance its budget as a whole with the help of the surplus derived from Bombay City and Suburbs. If Bombay City and Suburbs form part of the proposed province of Maharashtra, though Maharashtra may be solvent, the other two units will be left to their own resources to make good their deficits. The unfairness which would thus result is obvious. It may be added that the surplus revenues of Bombay City and Suburbs are contributed substantially by the non-Marathi speaking population of the city which is more than 60 per cent.

**EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT**

We have so far referred to the revenue account of the Bombay Government. The position is more revealing and the injustice of the proposed division more glaring if the capital account is taken into consideration.

The total outstanding debt of the Government of Bombay on 31st March 1948 is estimated at Rs. 2558 lakhs. If the amounts advanced as loans to local bodies were deducted, the net debt on Government account would be Rs. 1715 lakhs. This debt was incurred mainly to finance the capital projects connected with (a) Bombay Development Scheme, and (b) Irrigation.

During the war years between 1939-40 and 1945-46, very little capital expenditure was incurred on irrigation. According to the Bombay Irrigation Enquiry Committee, the capital expenditure on irrigation at the end of the year 1935-37 amounted to Rs. 1075 lakhs. It is common knowledge that most of the irrigation projects in the Province are located in the Deccan. The following table shows the irrigation works in the Deccan and their financial costs of construction.

**IRRIGATION WORKS IN MAHARASHTRA**

| Name of Work | District | Capital Outlay (Rs. lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Nira Right Bank Canal | .. | Satara & Sholapur 412 |
| Nira Left Bank Canal | .. | Poona 144 |
| Mutra Canals | .. | Poona 70 |
| Pravara Canals | .. | Ahmednagar 150 |
| Godavari Canals | .. | Ahmednagar & Nasik 106 |
| Gima Canals | .. | Nasik 21 |
| Total Major Works | .. 903 | |
| Total Minor Works | .. 117 | |
| Total all Works | .. 1020 | |

The table shows that out of a total expenditure of Rs. 1075 lakhs on irrigation, Rs. 1020 lakhs were spent on irrigation works in the Maharashtra districts. These works are protective irrigation works and as such their financial working showed losses year after year. According to the Bombay Irrigation Enquiry Committee, while the average rate of return on these works was 1.24 per cent, the rate of interest payable on the capital invested was more than 4 per cent. Thus the Government of Bombay used to incur a net loss of Rs. 30 lakhs every year on these works. The war has slightly improved the financial position of these works. Even then it may be pointed out that during the year 1945-46 the net loss on irrigation works amounted to Rs. 10 lakhs.

This proves that so far as capital expenditure is concerned, so far it has been mainly incurred in Maharashtra and Bombay city, while Karnatak and Gujarat have been hitherto neglected.

**POST-WAR RECONSTRUCTION PLANS**

The Revised Five-year Plan of the popular Congress Ministry shows a change for the better inasmuch as Karnatak and Gujarat are not entirely neglected. As these plans are yet in the formative stage, it is not possible to give accurate estimates of capital expenditure in each region. From available information, it is however possible to show some general trends. Of the 226 schemes published in their Revised Five-year Plan, more than 110 schemes are meant for the whole Province. In the case of Education, which is the largest single item of expenditure, the progress aimed at is uniform. Free and compulsory Primary Education is proposed for all villages in the Province with a population of more than 1000 persons. There are proposals for the establishment of Universities in each region. Each region will have a college of agriculture and medicine. Among the schemes of Public Health, there is a scheme for the establishment of health organisation in every district with mobile hospital units attached to each of them. To fight the scourge of malaria in Karnatak, there are ambitious schemes for the manufacture and use of D.D.T. Among irrigation schemes in Gujarat mention may be made of the Mahi Canal Project and the Tapti River Schemes which between them would cost more than Rs. 3 crores. Similarly in the Karnatak there has been proposed the Asoga Reservoir Scheme with storage on the Malaprabha river. The Government of Bombay proposes to spend more than Rs. 8 crores on Electric Grid Schemes, mainly in Gujarat and some districts of Maharashtra.

The above shows that the post-war Reconstruction Plans aim at equitable distribution of capital expenditure. Even this belated justice would suffer if Bombay were included in Maharashtra, which would make it difficult for the other units to proceed with such schemes. The existing injustice to the other units in the matter of capital expenditure would thus be perpetuated. The irony of it is all the greater when it is remembered that the surplus financial resources are derived mainly from Bombay City and Suburbs, where the majority of non-Marathi speaking persons help in building up the same to a substantial extent.

It may be added that the original Post-war Reconstruction Plan of the Bombay Government was Rs. 90 crores; the revised plan is reduced to Rs 75 crores to be spread over five years. This is to be financed from (a) Post-war Reconstruction Fund of Rs. 19 crores due to surpluses of the war period; (b) additional taxation; (c) loans and (d) Central subsidy. It is obvious that (a), (b) and (c) are mainly due to or available from Bombay City and Suburbs.

**CONCLUSION**

In conclusion, it may be appropriate to refer to the remarks of Dr. B R. Ambedkar on pp. 29-31 of his published statement submitted to the Commission. He has completely confused Central revenues with Provincial revenues or believes that I have confused them. A man of his education and position should realise that in discussing the financial aspects of Linguistic Provinces, one is concerned with Provincial Finance. He has not taken the trouble to make any estimates and has come to the dogmatic conclusion that Bombay has no surplus, the utter falsity of which is shown above. Without going into his charges of "exhibition of hatred for Maharashtrians" and "malice" it would be enough for me to say that an impartial scientific examination of the question will lead to the conclusion derived above, namely, that each of the linguistic units of Bombay Province is dependent on Bombay City and Suburbs financially and that it would be gross injustice to hand over the surpluses of Bombay to one unit, namely Maharashtra, particularly when one remembers the composition of the population of Bombay City and its economic structure, which shows that the financial resources of Bombay City owe their existence substantially to the majority of its non-Marathi speaking population.

One need not have taken the remarks made by Dr. Ambedkar in this connection seriously, but for the responsible position that he holds in the National Government. One is sorry that he neither shows a sense of responsibility which one expects from him, nor a desire to establish the truth. One does not expect that in controversies of this nature, a person of such eminence would stoop to such low charges and base motives to bolster up his case. Scientific persons are not used to such methods or language; theirs is the unbiassed effort to establish the truth without fear or favour.

*This memorandum has been prepared by Prof. C. N. Vakil as an addendum to the memorandum of the Bombay Committee submitted to Linguistic Provinces Commission.

## Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The market ruled dull and inactive and only a limited business took place. Teas, on the other hand, ruled steady and active.

Following are today's final transactions up to 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 99/13; Three per cent Loan 1959/61 101/10; Three per cent Loan 1963/65 100/15; Three per cent Loan 1966/68 100/4.

BANKS: Bharat Bank 4/6; Hind Bank 33, Calcutta National Bank 15; Reserve Bank 113; United Commercial Bank 66 S. Lot.

COTTONS: New Victoria (Pref.) 5/2.

COALS: Amalgamated 22/10; Borrea 22/12; Burrakur 19/7; South Karanpura 23/8.

JUTES: Alliance (Pref.) 139; Auckland (Pref.) 133; Chitavalsa (Pref.) 147/8; Howrah 28/12; Kamarhatty 305; Megna 154/8; National 26.

ENGINEERINGS: Marahalls 6/9; Textile Machinery V. 7/1.

MISCELLANEOUS: India Trade and General Ins. 16/4 (Auction); New Asiatic Ins. 4/15; Triton Insurance 196/8, B. I. Corpn. 7/15; Dunlop Rubber 88/2; National Tobacco 18/10; Indo-Burma Petroleum 48/4; Assam Sawa 6/11; India General Navgn. 101 Small Odd Lot; India Steamship 10/3.

SUGARS: Belsund 4/7; Raza 17/13.

TEAS: Baghmari 18/6; Basmatia 28/12; Bokakhat 14/12; Bormahjan 13/2; Bormahjan (Pref.) 118; East India 19/12; Ethelbari 12 CT; Hattikhira 19/12; Pussimbing (Pref.) 125; Rajgarh 32/8; Rydak 53; Tezpore Ordy. 25/8.—(A. P. I.).

## Madras Share Market

MADRAS, Oct. 27, (A. P. I.).

Quieter conditions continued to prevail on the Madras Market with business on moderate scale.

Bank shares were steady with Travancore Bank improving to Rs. 21/4 buyers. Planting continued steady with limited business. Mysore Sugars were done at Rs. 50/6. Textiles were popular with Buckinghams changing hands at Rs. 179 and Maduras at Rs. 44/10. Others remained practically unchanged.

In the miscellaneous section Andhra Cements both A and B continued to be in demand.

Market closed quietly steady.

Following are today's quotations:—

SECURITIES: Three per cent Government of India 1986 99/12; Three per cent Government of India 1970/75 100/2, Three per cent 1952/54 Government of Travancore 102/14; Three per cent 1960 Government of Madras 101/2.

BANKS: Reserve 112/8; Travancore 21/4.

PLANTINGS: Chembras 5/8; Devashola 18/12; Nelliampathys 1/8; Ouchteriony 6/3; Periakaramalai 24/4; Pullangodes 1/4; Thirumbadi 2/7/6; T. R. and T. Co. 6/14.

TEXTILES: Buckinghams 179; Ditto Pref. 196; Cambodias 9/14; Lakshmi 67; Maduras 44/10; Metturs 318; Radhakrishnas 129; Rajalakshmis 54/8; Ranga Vilas 45/8; Trav Rayons 4/10; Trichinopolys 12.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 68/4; Facts 6; India Cements 16/6; Mettur Chem. 8/13; Mysore Chem. Ferts 8/11; Malabar Industrials and Cochin Tex. No business.

## KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Oct. 27.

Cotton Ready S.nd NT 83; Punjab 289; F 91; Four L 70; New Crop NT Roller November Delivery 79/8 to 80 and Sawgin 85 to 86.

Market quiet with moderate demand. Yesterday's business totalled about 700 bales.

Arrivals from upcountry 1975 bales. There were no exports.

Cottonseed NT Ready New Crop 8/10; Desi 10/12. Market steadier owing to good demand.

Yesterday's arrivals from upcountry 19680 mds., and exports totalled 5280 bags for Cutch, Katniawar and Cochin.

Gold Tejabi 103; Sovereigns 70; Silver Coins 118. Market dull and featureless.

STOCK EXCHANGE: Habib Bank 160; Mohamadi Steamship (Pref.) 101; Karachi Electric Supply Corp 147; 2-3/4 per cent (1950-54) Pakistan Government Loan 100/12.

## HAPUR MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, Oct. 27.

Wheat 27/24; Gram 14; Barley 15; Bejhar 13/8; Juwar 13; Arhar 13/8; Matar 13, Urd 18/8; Moong 19; Masoor 10/4; Gur New 17/8 to 16; Old 13 to 11; Shakar 12; Future Fagn 10/2/6. Market ruled quiet.

Crystal 37/8; Khandari 28; Sarson 25/8; Taraseed 21 to 19; Oil 63; Oilcake 9/4; Groundnut 16; Cottonseed 14/4; Oats 10/8; Bardana Ready 124; Mangsir 111; January 122/8. Quiet.

Gold Forward Opened 110/8. Quiet.

## New Ship For Arabian Sea Service

LONDON: The 10,000-ton liner "Karanja" has completed her trials and is to sail eastwards to join her sister "Kampala" on the B.I. service between India, Pakistan and East and South Africa. The "Kampala" has now been on that service for more than a year:

The "Karanja" accommodates 60 first saloon passengers in single and two-berth cabins. The second saloon has accommodation for 180 passengers berthed in cabins for two, three and four persons. The ship has public rooms comprising a lounge and music room, a smoking room dining rooms, as well as a separate card room and library.

There is ample deck space in each saloon, as well as an enclosed dance floor convertible when required for film shows. Ventilation, so important in tropical conditions, has had special attention and each passenger commands the control of the temperature in his cabin.

The ship will also provide accommodation for 75 intermediate class passengers who will have a separate dining room and public room. In addition to the saloon and intermediate class passengers, up to 1,200 can be carried unberthed.

## To Be Towed To Colombo

COLOMBO, Oct. 27. (Reuter): The 5,671-ton Norwegian ship "Thalatta" which ran aground on Suva Atoll in the Maldive Islands, 400 miles southwest of here, on July 5, has been refloated and will be towed to Colombo, it was reported today.

**The wealth of nations No. 4. ROME**

*The great Roman Capitols where the Senators met to make laws, the Roman Colosseum where the gladiatorial feasts were held, the massive Temples which housed the gods and goddesses of Rome and the wide roads and bridges through which the Roman phalanx marched in all its pageantry, were the result of years of endeavour and diligence. Rome was rich because the wealth of its people had been canalised for national regeneration.*

*Today you can help in regenerating India. To make India a rich and great nation not only the wealth of the handful rich, but the small savings of all our people are needed. If you save all you can and invest it wisely in the various forms of Government Securities, you will help in building up the capital required for the country's development schemes. Remember, the wealth of nations is built up by the savings of its people wisely invested. But your savings will help you also: Today's prices are bad value for your money. Reckless spending will increase this inflation. But if you save and invest your savings wisely, you will not only earn a handsome interest but conserve your capital for the future when the value of your money will increase.*

**SECURE YOUR SAVINGS BY WISE INVESTMENTS.**

**INVEST in National Savings Certificates. You can get them in Five, Seven and Twelve Years series which, on maturity, yield an interest of 3%, 3½% and 4½% respectively.**

**INVEST in other Government Securities, Post Office and Savings Bank Accounts, Insurance and Co-operative Societies.**

SAVE TODAY FOR TOMORROW

*Invest wisely all you Save*

Issued by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India, New Delhi.

AC-416

# BOMBAY Stock Exchange

## NARROW TRADING WITH HOLIDAY FEELING

Bombay, Oct. 27

In view of the coming Diwali holidays, there was utter absence of any remarkable business on the Bombay Stock Exchange. Price movement was confined to a narrow range.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 1477-8, the previous closing level and steadily declined to Rs. 1470 on moderate liquidation. At this level there was scattered covering and the market improved to Rs. 1475 and quietened at Rs. 1472-8. Ordinary shares were fairly steady at Rs. 290-8 after opening at Rs. 291. Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 20-6, while Indian Irons were placed at Rs. 24-6. Tata Steel 2nd Pref shares were quoted at Rs. 142-12.

In Cotton Mill shares Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1036-4 and came down to Rs. 1033-12 on scattered realizing. A renewed small buying came in and Dyeings improved to Rs. 1036-14 and quietened at Rs. 1035. Central Indias were done at Rs. 283-8, while Century shares found buyers at Rs. 270 Gokaks were steady around Rs. 294-8. Indore Malwas came in business at Rs. 215, while Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 287 after opening at Rs. 288 and quietened at Rs. 287-8. Simplex were in demand at Rs. 187, while Swadeshi shares quietened at Rs. 302 after opening at Rs. 303-8.

Bank section was quiet with Central Banks quoted at Rs. 88, while Imperials fully paid were placed at Rs. 1860 India Bank shares were done at Rs. 197 while Reserve Banks were quoted at Rs. 113-12. United Commercials were quiet at Rs. 66-12.

In the miscellaneous section business was restricted. Associated Cements after improving at Rs 156-12 steadied at Rs. 156. Belapurs opened at Rs. 254-8 and declined to Rs. 252-8 on scattered liquidation. Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 371-4. Premier Constructions declined to Rs. 187-8 on small seling after opening at Rs. 191-8 and steadied at Rs. 189, while Scindia shares were in demand at Rs. 23-14. Tata Chemicals were done at Rs. 14-7, while Oils were placed at Rs. 56-8.

### MOORAT TRANSACTIONS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

**The Bombay Stock Exchange will remain closed on Friday and will open for Diwalli Moorat business on Sunday at 6-45 p.m. to 8 p.m. The market will remain closed on Monday and Tuesday.**

### FORWARD SECTION

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay Dyeing (12-8) | 1035 0 |
| Kohinoor Mills (612) | 289 8 |
| Swadeshi Mills (22) | 302 8 |
| Central India Mills (4) | 284 8 |
| Simplex Mills | 187 0 |
| New Great Eastern (10) | 165 8 |
| Gokak Mills (9 plus 3) | 294 8 |
| Indore Malwa (12) XR | 215 0 |
| Century Spinning (15) XR | 267 8 |
| Colaba Land and Mills (12) | 167 8 |
| Indian Bleaching (6) | 171 0 |
| Swan Mills (20) | 345 0 |
| Finlay Mills (15) | 287 0 |
| Morarji Goculdas | 495 0 |
| Edwards Sassoon (30) | 502 12 |
| Meyer | 138 12 |
| Apollo Mills (As. 4) | 3 1 3 |
| India United Dfd. (0-2-6) | 12 0 |
| India United Ord. (0-2-6) | 1-13-6 |
| Madhusudan Mills (15) | 233 12 |
| Podar (8) | 160 0 |
| Khatau Makanji (8) | 252 8 |
| **STEEL SHARES** | |
| Tata Steel Ord. (14) | 291 4 |
| Tata Steel Dfd. (84-14-1) | 1475 0 |
| Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8) | 142 8 |
| **CEMENT** | |
| Associated Cement (5) | 156 0 |
| **INDUSTRIES** | |
| Burma (12-8) | 370 0 |
| Belapur Sugar (12) XR | 253 8 |
| Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8) | 33 0 |
| Scindia Steam (1-4) | 23 15 6 |
| Premier Construction | 190 0 |
| Tata Chemical | 14 7 |
| Tata Oil (2) XD | 56 12 |
| Indian Iron (0-6) | 24 6 |
| Bengal Steel (0-8) | 20 6 |
| Belapur Coupon | 66 0 |
| **ELECTRIC SHARES** | |
| Tata Hydro (4-8) | 164 0 |
| Andhra Valley (45) XI | 1532 8 |
| Tata Power (50) XD | 1635 0 |

### CASH SECTION

| | |
|---|---|
| **COTTON MILLS** | |
| Elphinstone Mills (5) | 74 0 |
| Phoenix Mills (50) | 481 4 |
| Indian Manufacturing | 43-0 9 |
| Kooria Mills (5) XR | 141 4 |
| Dawn Mills (40) | 1000 0 |
| David Mills (6) | 191 4 |
| New City Mills (10) | 185 0 |
| Minerva Mills (12) | 165 0 |
| Bradbury Mills (12) XD | 675 0 |
| Bharucha Defd (0-4) | 5 8 |
| Bharat Mills (2) XD | 36 12 |
| Mysore Spg Mills | 192 8 |
| Madhavji Dharamsji (0-12) | 15 4 |
| Model Mills (12-8) | 223 12 |
| Lakshmi Cotton (25) | 645 0 |
| Vishnu Cotton (6) XD | 260 0 |
| Western India (40) | 3950 0 |
| Standard Mills (15) | 250 0 |
| Sholapur Mills (30) | 3900 0 |
| Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8) | 12 0 |
| Hindustan Mills (40) | 4185 0 |
| Tata Mills (3) | 67 0 |
| Ahmedabad Advance Old (9) | 296 4 |
| Ahmedabad Advance New | 195 0 |
| Sassoon Silk (3) | 91 0 |
| New Union Mills (0-8) | 14 4 |
| Madhusudan B (2-8) | 47 0 |
| Shrinivas Mills | 181 4 |
| Raja Bahadur Poona (4) | 100 0 |
| Berar Mills | 275 0 |
| Victoria Mills | 225 0 |
| Colaba Land Coupon | 42 0 |
| New Great New | 142 0 |
| **ELECTRIC SHARES** | |
| Ahmedabad Electric (2-8) XD | 117 8 |
| Ahmedabad New | 13 6 |
| Surat Electricity (2-8) XD | 151 4 |
| Surat New XD | 142 8 |
| Karachi Electric Supply (2) XD | 1.35 0 |
| Broach (0-6) | 10 12 |
| Ajmer Electricity (0-8) | 10 12 |
| Amalgamated (0-12) | 13 6 |
| Nagpur Electricity (1-12) | 28 6 |
| Poona Electric Supply | 151 4 |
| Bombay Suburban (3) | 151 4 |
| Bombay Suburban New | 131 4 |
| **BANK SHARES** | |
| Reserve Bank (2-12) | 114 0 |
| Imperial Bank of Indi (35) | 1864 8 |
| Imperial Bank of India (8-12) | 460 0 |
| Central Bank Old (1-8) XD | 88 8 |
| Centre Bank New | 89 0 |
| Bank of India (4) | 197 8 |
| Union Bank of India | 9 8 |
| Bank of Baroda (2-8) XD | 156 8 |
| Hindu Bank (4) | 159 8 |
| Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8) | 82 0 |
| United Commercial (18) | 66 8 |
| Hindustan Commercial | 28 8 |
| Jaipur Bank (1-8) | 45 0 |
| Mysore Bank (8) | 365 0 |
| Exchange Bank | 87 8 |
| Eastern Bank | 195 0 |
| **INSURANCE** | |
| Oriental (125) | 5000 0 |
| Empire (10) | 675 0 |
| New India (1-4) | 63 4 |
| Jupiter | 25 8 |
| Vulcan (0-10) XD | 13 0 |
| Indian Mercantile (2) | 41 0 |
| Universal (0-4) | 11 4 |
| B.I.G. (1) X D | 22 0 |
| Industrial and Prudential | 29 6 |
| Neptune Assurance | 7 0 |
| New Great | 25 0 |
| All India General | 19 2 |
| **RAILWAY SHARES** | |
| Central Provinces (1-4) | 109 0 |
| Mymensingh Guaranteed (1-4) | 103 12 |
| Pachora Jamner Rly. (3-8) | 118 0 |
| **MISCELLANEOUS SHARES** | |
| Alcock Ashdown (15) | 341 14 |
| Bombay Steamer (28) | 593 12 |
| Bombay Burma New (5) | 135 0 |
| Burma Petrol | 1 9 9 |
| Mackenzie (6) | 90 0 |
| Port Canning (6) | 73 8 |
| Kemp and Co (New) | 462 8 |
| Kemp and Co. (30) | 465 0 |
| Zandu Pharmacy (7) | 150 0 |
| Industrial Invest Trust (4) | 98 0 |
| Western India Match (7-5) | 300 0 |
| Dharamsey Chemical (2) | 34 8 |
| Mukund Iron | 10 0 |
| Dena Trust (0-12) | 21 0 |
| Alembic Chemical (15) XR | 206 8 |
| Supreme India | 123 12 |
| Jam Wire (6) | 67 8 |
| Bombay Uganda | 69 1 |
| Bombay Motor Cycle | 42 0 |
| Indian Cement | 28 0 |
| Walchand Nagar Industries | 180 10 |
| United Motor | 74 0 |
| Associated Cement New (1-4) | 97 4 |
| Bombay Safe Deposit (27) | 1002 8 |
| Hydary Construction | 19 4 |
| Mahmadi Steam | 96 0 |
| Gujarat Motor | 25 2 |
| Sardar Carbonic | 750 0 |
| Harvey Press | 310 0 |
| Estrela Batteries | 51 0 |
| Prince of Wales Press | 610 0 |
| Manmad Press | 120 0 |
| **PREFERENCE SHARES** | |
| Tata Steel 1st (6) | 192 8 |
| Andhra Vally (7) | 1263 12 |
| Tata Power (7-8) | 1357 8 |
| Hydro Electric (7) X. D. | 128 12 |
| Bombay Steamer (6) | 313 12 |
| Central India (5) | 850 0 |
| Swadeshi Mills | 145 4 |
| Vishnu Mills (7) | 666 4 |
| Lakshmi Mills | 277 8 |
| New Great Mills (5-8) | 222 8 |
| Podar Mills (4) | 105 0 |
| Shrinivas Mills | 98 0 |
| Elphinstone Mills (7) | 111 14 |
| Bradbury Mills (7-8) | 379 6 |
| Surat Electricity (2-4) | 140 0 |
| Premier Construction 1st (6 1/4) | 121 4 |
| Premier Construction 2nd (6-4) | 120 0 |
| Amalgamated (5-8) | 123 3 |
| Bandb | 72 0 |
| Tata Chemical (5) | 133 12 |
| Walchand Nagar Indus (7) | 160 0 |
| Jupiter General | 19 14 |
| Supreme | 100 0 |
| Meyer | 121 0 |
| Mackenzie 1st | 85 0 |
| Mackenzie 2nd | 80 0 |
| Ahmedabad Advance | 132 8 |
| Mysore Mills | 50 0 |
| Standard Mills | 101 |
| Madhusudan Mills | 13 0 |
| Khatau Mills | 107 0 |
| Morarji | 105 0 |
| **DEBENTURES** | |
| Andhra 1952 (4) | 103 8 |
| Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8) | 107 0 |
| Indian Hume Pipe (6) | 106 0 |
| Tata Power 1951 | 103 0 |
| Walchand Nagar (6) | 112 |
| **OUTSIDE SHARES** | |
| Indian Copper (2-7) X D | 2 5 6 |
| British India Corp (0-10) | 7 13 |
| Burma Corporation | 3 0 |
| New Victoria Mill | 3 10 |
| New Victoria Pref. | 5 1 |
| Phalton Sugar (8) | 130 0 |
| Gold Mohur (20) | 320 0 |
| New Kaiser-i-Hind | 460 0 |
| Sajjan Mills (3) | 235 |
| Osmanshahi Mills (10) | 290 0 |
| Azam Jahi Mills (10) | 390 0 |
| Air Service | 9 12 |
| Ambica Air Lines | 13 0 |
| Air India XD | 135 0 |
| Hind Motor | 6 2 6 |
| India Steam | 10 6 |

**INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.**
BOMBAY, Oct. 27

Tata Ordinary 2s 1 4 Tata Defd rem 1475 Indian Iron 24 6 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20 6 Bombay Dyeing 1036 Kohinoor 288 12 Simplex 187 Swadeshi 302 8 Tata Power 1635/6 Associated Cement 156 4 Belapur 253/8 Bombay Fire (Old) 370 Scindia 24/12 Central Bank 88 - New India 64 4 Tata 2nd Pref. 141/8

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 27

The local cotton market was quiet with very restricted business and prices did not record any important change.

At the opening February option was quoted at Rs. 598-4 and on the absence of any important business prices stood around the opening level.

Later on there was scattered selling and February was quoted at Rs. 596. Trading was restricted and the session was featureless. The market declined at Rs. 597-8 and finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| I.C.C. February ..... | Rs. | 598 | 0 0 |
| I.C.C. May | | 588 | 8 0 |
| I.C.C. July | | 593 | 0 0 |
| I.C.C Sept. | | 593 | 8 0 |

**HIGHEST AND LOWEST COTTON PRICES**
BOMBAY, Oct. 26.

I.C.C. Feb. Highest 600-1/4 Lowest 598-1/4 Closing at 4-30 p.m. 598-3/4
I.C.C May Highest 590-1/2 Lowest 589 Closing at 4-30 p.m. 593-3/4
I.C.C. July Highest 595-1/2 Lowest 593-1/4 Closing at 4-30 p.m. 593-3/4
I.C.C. Sept. Highest 596 Lowest 594 Closing at 4-30 p.m. 594-1/4

**INDIAN COTTON PARITY**
BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

Indian Cotton February Contract is 805 cents below New York March at Exchange rate 333.

## PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

The local produce market was steady today with routine business. Prices were steady at higher level with moderate speculative interest by some operators.

Castorseeds May Delivery opened at Rs. 135/2 and declined to Rs. 134/12 on moderate liquidation by some operators. At this level there was renewed buying by bull operators and small short covering which pushed up castorseeds to 135/12 and steadied around Rs. 135-9. Thereafter the market was quiet, on increased selling.

Groundnuts and Linseed were barely steady on increased receipts from foreign countries. Quotations were as under:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| GROUNDNUTS:— | | | |
| Khandesh quality | 34 | 12 | 0 |
| Coromandal | 33 | 3 | 0 |
| Bold ready | 33 | 12 | 0 |
| Bold December-January | 31 | 4 | 6 |
| CASTORSEEDS:— | | | |
| Ready | 29 | 4 | 0 |
| May delivery | 134 | 8 | 0 |
| LINSEEDS:— | | | |
| Ready | 26 | 12 | 0 |
| Nov-Dec. delivery | 26 | 12 | 0 |
| February-March | 26 | 10 | 0 |
| GROUNDNUT OILS.— | | | |
| Ready Mills | 20 | 4 | 0 |
| October | 19 | 14 | 0 |
| November | 18 | 14 | 0 |
| December | 18 | 4 | 0 |
| January | 18 | 2 | 0 |
| Linseed Oil | 16 | 8 | 0 |
| Castorseed Oil first pressing | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Castorseed Oil Commercial quality | 17 | 8 | 0 |
| Gingelly seed | 220 to 225 | | |

## GOVERNMENT LOANS

Bombay, Oct. 27

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 1/4 per cent 1954 | 98 14 |
| 2 1/4 per cent 1950 | 100 14 |
| 2 1/2 per cent 1955 | 100 0 |
| 2 1/2 per cent 1961 | 97 8 |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1960 | 100 1 |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1962 | 100 2 |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1976 | 93 14 |
| 3 per cent Non-Terminable | 93 12 |
| 3 per cnt 1986 Con. | 99 12 6 |
| 3 per cent 1949-52 | 100 14 |
| 3 per cent 1951-54 | 102 6 |
| 3 per cent 1953-55 | 102 12 |
| 3 per cent 1957 | 102 5 |
| 3 per cent 1959-61 | 101 13 |
| 3 per cent 1963-65 | 101 1 |
| 3 per cent 1966-68 | 100 4 |
| 3 per cent 1970-75 | 100 3 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1954-59 | 105 8 |
| 4 per cent 1948-53 | 100 8 |
| 4 per cent 1960-70 | 110 12 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950-55 | 104 8 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 | 112 2 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 | 115 12 |
| **PROVINCIAL LOANS** | |
| 2 3/4 per cent U. P 1961 | 98 4 |
| 2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961 | 98 4 |
| 3 per cent Punjab 1949 | 98 14 |
| 3 per cent Bombay 1955 | 101 10 |
| 3 per cent Bombay 1958 | 101 12 |
| 3 per cent Madras 1952-53 | 100 6 |
| 3 per cent U. P. 1952 | 100 6 |
| 3 per cent C. P. 1952 | 100 6 |
| 3 per cent N. W. P. 1952 | 99 10 |
| 3 per cent U. P. 1961-66 | 100 2 |
| 4 per cent Bombay Municipality D. | 111 0 |
| 5 per cent Bom. Muni. 1959 | 115 9 |
| 6 per cent Bom. Muni. 1964 | 116 0 |
| 3-1/4 per cent Municipality 1977 | 101 14 |
| 6 K P T | 114 0 |

**LONDON PEPPER**

LONDON, Oct. 26 (UPA): The pepper market was quiet to-day but some business was done with white quoted at 4sh. and black at 4sh. One 4sh. penny. New York reportedly was interested in Malabar forward positions.

## GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Oct. 27

The local Bullion market was fairly active to-day with moderate turnover. There was good demand in ready gold.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 173-14 and declined to Rs. 173-10 on scattered liquidation. At this level there was renewed buying and short covering and Silver advanced to Rs. 174-2 and steadied around Rs. 174, while Ready Silver was quoted at a premium of annas 12 at Rs. 174-12.

At the opening, Forward Gold was quoted at Rs. 113-2 and due to good demand in Ready Gold advanced to Rs. 113-6. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 113-15. Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75-10.

Final quotations were as under:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 175 | 2 | 0 |
| Forward Silver | 174 | 8 | 0 |
| Ready Gold | 113 | 12 | 0 |
| Forward Gold | 113 | 2 | 0 |
| Sovereigns | 75 | 12 | 0 |

**LONDON BULLION**
LONDON, Oct. 26.

| | |
|---|---|
| Silver: Spot | 47 d. |
| Forward | 47 d. |
| Gold: Bars fine per oz. | £8/12/3 |

**CHICAGO GRAINS.**

CHICAGO GRAINS: After irregularity with maize again under liquidation and hedging, prices rallied on news that the Commodity Credit Corporation's Chicago office is entertaining offers to purchase maize and soyabeans for the export programme. At the same time Holland overnight reportedly bought soyabeans with a total of 15,000 tons equal to 560,000 bushels said to have been contracted for. The department of agriculture report that heavier quantities of grains were placed under the Government loan during September with the amounts of all grains involved as of September 30th totalling 171,648,000 bushels was an additional bolstering influence.

**NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES**

NEW YORK, Oct. 26 (UPA): Black pepper closed 200 higher to 100 lower on the New York Produce Exchange to-day, but no sales were reported.

Closing-prices included:

December 89; January 78; March 65; May 59; July 58; September 57; October 56.

In the ready market, black pepper was quoted at 88 cents asked and white at 88 cents nom.

Other seed prices included:

Castorseeds dol. 110 nom per long ton fob Brazilian ports;

Cottonseeds dol. 70-75 per ton basis Memphis depending on quality;

Linseed dol. 6.00 per bushel, Minneapolis;

Linseed oil 27.8 cents per pound in tank cars;

Groundnuts 18.59-75 cents per pund;

Groundnut oil 20 1/2 cents per pound.

## MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 27.

B. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/5 1/32 to 9th month

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/5 1/16 10th-12th month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/5 1/16 to 4th month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/5 3/32 5th and 6th month.

London Banks Buying D D. 1/5 1/8 7th and 9th month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 1/8 to 4th month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 5/32 5th and 6th month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 3/16 7th and 9th month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 5/32 4th month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 3/16 5th and 6th month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 7/32 7th and 9th month.

New York Montreal B O. Rate T. T. Rs. 332-1/4.

Banks Selling I. T. D. D. Rs. 332-1/4

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328-3/4

Montreal Rs. 328-1/2.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329 Montreal Rs. 328-3/4 L/O.

Paris Bank Selling T. T. Fcs. 7860.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 8060.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1305.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gilda. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 165-1/4.

CROSS RATE:—New York/London dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4, London/Afghanistan Afghani Rs 52.57-53.43; London/Alexandria Pia. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Tal. 40; London/Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London-Denmark Kr. 19-32-36; London/Hongkong 1-3 1/16; London/Iran Rl. 128/130; London/Java Fl. 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Es. 99-80-100-20; London/Manila Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal dol. 4.02-3/4-4.03-1/4; London/New York dol. 4.02-3/4-4.03-1/4; London Oslo Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Fcs. 1061-1063; London/Prague K 201-202; London/Singapore 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Fcs 17.34—36 London/Syria 880/8.

DISCOUNT RATES:—London Discts 3 Mos. 9/16 p.c., London Discts. 6 Mos. 5/8 p.c., Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money Call 1/2 p.c. 3 Mos. 3/4 p.c. 6 Mos. 1 p.c. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

## NEW YORK COTTON PRICES DECLINE FEW POINTS IN FEATURELESS MARKET

### Wall Street Market Steady

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

COTTON: After the opening irregularities on trade buying against hedges, prices steadied on a tendency to emphasise the everpresent loan support influences, export of potentialities and some improvement in the goods markets, trading otherwise being featureless. Meanwhile anticipatory hedges on any modest advances served to check buying interest. Prices sagged on increased liquidation in December and some hedges. The market was otherwise featureless and closed steady. Sales are estimated at 140,000 bales.

**NEW YORK COTTON**

NEW YORK, October 26:

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 31.14—11 |
| December highest | 31.28+03 |
| December lowest | 31.10—15 |
| March | 31.13—06 |
| May | 30.85—03 |
| July | 29.61—01 |
| October | 27.45—03 |
| Middling spot | 31.74—11 |

**NEW ORLEANS COTTON**

| | |
|---|---|
| December — | 31.07—16 |
| March | 31.10—04 |
| May | 30.88—01 |
| July | 29.59—03 |
| Middling Spot | 30.78—12 |

**ALEXANDRIA MARKET**
ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 26.

| | |
|---|---|
| KARNAK Jan | 67.78—48 |
| Mar. | 67.15+67 |
| ASHMOUNI Dec. | 47.36—20 |
| Feb. | 47.60+— 5 |

**WALL STREET MARKET.**

Despite further corrective profit-taking and the uncertainty over Berlin, the pre-election rally resumed in fair activity aided by further pleasing earnings and dividends. After a fractionally mixed start, prices moved fractions to one dollar or so irregularly higher with gains upto 2 1/2 points for a few high prices notably allied chemical at 194 1/2. The averages were Industrials 190.07 and rails 61.88.

A flood of thirdquarter earnings and dividends in most cases made a pleasant reading but the market in the afternoon was unable to make any further progress. The desire to await action after the close to-day of the Unistates steel cororation kept steels narrowly mixed stop oils were fractionally irregular with profit-taking handicapping the effect of the trade paper estimates that daily domestic crude oil output last week touched a new high for the third successive seven day period and further evidences that oil industry earnings this year will be a record. The disappointment over the failure of the Unistates steel corporation to declare an extra dividend brought some increase in selling and easiness to shares on the west coast Stock Exchanges. In Los Angeles "big steel" was sold at 85 after the earnings report—as against the New York close of 86—and then declined to 84 1/4 before recovering to 84 7/8. In Sanfrancisco, the latest sale of Unistates steel was 84 1/2.

Unistates Steel Corporation Chairman Mr. Irvings said that there was no consideration given to the payment of an extra dividend at the directors meeting. He added that a stocksplit had been talks about several times but it was "just a talk" and had not been given any serious consideration. Later increase in profit-taking reduced or more than erased numerous gains but all the averages still finished modestly higher with the session closing steady.

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE**
NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

| | |
|---|---|
| American Telephone and Telegraph | 152-5/8 |
| Amerex Holding Co. | 25-1/4 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 37-1/2 |
| Chase National Bank | 37 |
| Sinclair Oil | 26-1/8 |
| Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. | 49-5/4 |
| General Electric Co. | 42-1/4 |
| General Motors | 65-3/8 |
| Ingersol Rand | 67 bid |
| International Nickel | 23-1/4 |
| National City Bank of New York | 39-3/8 |
| New York Central Rail Road Co. | 16-3/4 |
| Socony Vacuum Corporation | 19-5/8 |
| Texas Corporation | 60 |
| Union Carbide New Stock | 42-5/8 |
| U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. | 44 |
| U. S. Steel Corporation Common | 86 |
| Westerdan Union Telegraph | 19-5/8 |

**WORTH STREET MARKET DECLINE**
NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

Trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today witnessed a decline in the print cloth level to the last official level.

The spot 80-yard squares which have been the traditional primary market level were sold at 19-3/4 cents per square.

Now that the shortage of print cloth had been resolved and the supply channels were filled, dealers had expected a decline. Thus far the rest of the market had not suffered from the print cloth weak. Most of the major houses were said to be offering a solidly united front against further price cuts.

The Osnaburg shortage was still termed acute. With bag trade substituting Osnaburg for burlap, the supply had been cleaned up for the rest of the year.

## Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY Oct. 27

**MILLS**

Apollo 3'1, 3 0 6 3.1 3
Bharat 36'12
B. Dyeing 1036 4 33'12 36'14 35
C. India 284 8 83 8 84,3
Century 271'4 67 8
Colaba 166 4 67'8
Elphinstone Ord. 74
Finlay 287 8 87
Gokak 295 95 8 94'8
I.U. Defd 1'13 6 1 13 1'13.6
I. U. Ord. 12 0'6 12 12,1
Indore 215 16 4 15
Kohinoor 288 87 89'8
Laxmi 655 45
Meyer 138 12
Model 223 12
Morarjee 495
New Great 166 65 65'8
New Union 14,4
New City 185
Madhavji 15 4
Poddar 160
Simplex 187
Swadeshi 303'8 1'8 2|8.
Tata Mill 67
Vishnu 261'4 60

**BANKS**

Baroda 156 8
Central 88 8 88 89 88 8
Imperial 1860 62 8
Imperial (New) 460
India 198 97 97,8
Reserve 113|12 14
Union 9'8
United Commercial 66'12 66|8

**ELECTRIC COS.**

Ahmedabad Elect. 118/2 17/8
Andhra (Pref) 1262/8 63/12 (Ex.Div)
Hydro 164
Hydro (Pref) 128/12
B. Suburban 151/4-
Power (Ord) 1635 35
Power (Pref) 1357/8 (Ex.Div)
Surat Elec. 151/4 (Ex.Div)

**INSURANCE.**

New India 63 63/4
Vulcan 13
Scindia 24/1 23/13 23/15/6
B. Steel 20/8 20/6 20/7 20/5
Indian Iron 24/7 24/5 24/6
Tata Defd 1477/8 70 75 72/8 76/4 75
Tata Ord. 291 90 91/8 91/4
Tata 2nd Pref 143/4 42/8

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

Alcock 342/8 43/12 41/14
A. Cement 156/4 56/12 56
A. Cement New 97/8 97/4
Belapur 254/8 52/8 53/8
B. B. Old 372/8 71/4 72/8 70 71/4 70
B. B. New 135
B. B. Petrol 1/10 1/9/9
P. Construction 191/8 87/8 90
Shivrajpur 32/8 33
Tata Chemical 14/6 14/8 14/7
Oil 56/12 56/8 56/12
Wimco 298/12 300

**SPECIAL.**

Central Bank New 89
Belapur Coupon 65 68

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# Shipping News

## IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

s. s. INDIAN TRADER

From Liverpool—40 pkgs. motor cars, 35 cases wooden piecegood, 85 bdls. boot protectors, 390 cases window glass, 50 bdls. bucket, 49 cases machinery, 105 cases textile machinery, 45 bdls. springs, 69 cases alluminium circle, 30 cases cotton piecegood, 35 cases cotton yarn, 63 cases transparent, cellulose wrapping paper, 40 cases polishing composition, 64 pkgs. moulding powder, 2000 paper towel bicarbonate, of soda, 92 cases looms and looms role, 80 cases hercules cycles, 40 coils chains, 100 drums iron perchloride, 917 bdls. galvanized tubes, 1776 cartons talcumtins for Bombay, 400 rolls roofing material.

From Antwerp:— 1250 cases camphor, 500 pes rolled steel joists. 42 cases ms wood screws.

From Bremer— 151 cases iron hinges, 17 cases wood screws, 100 cases wire nails.

From Glasgow: 104 bales printing paper, 84 cases chromo paper, 40 cases life masts, 59 drums sodium hydrosulphide, 251 pes brass tubes, 339 cases light beer.

S.S. CITY OF CALCUTTA

From Philadelphia:—

480 drums leather dressing, 100 drums agricultural fungicides, 34 drums textile compound, 50 drums petroleum solvent.

From New York:—

89 bdls. galvanized pipes, 77 cases motors, 300 drums white petroleum mineral oil, 70 cases door sedans, 633 bdls. galvanized steel piping, 368 pkgs abrasive grain, 50 cases portable pumping sole, 190 cases bolts and nuts, 38 crates tinplate waste, 30 cases carbonizing tissue, 40 bags soda ash 218 bags trisodium phosphate 275 cases lubricating grease, 41 cases commercial refrigerators, 100 ctns. physician medical xall, 28 drums aniline dyes, 200 cases beashan craft potash; 34 cases graphide electrode 293 bags lithophone, 562 bdls band iron, 1500 ctws caustic soda, 105 cases motor vehicle parts, 212 cases powdered milk, 39 crates tinplate waste, 248 bags soda ash 90 cases iron pedastals 347 ctws parafin wax.

From Naples:—
63573 baskets potatoes.

S.S. PACHUMBA

From Daresallam:—
709 bales cotton.

From Zanzibar:—
9986 bales cloves.

## EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

SS EUCADIA

To Liverpool—461 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal and Co. 100 bales cotton waste—C. Rasiklal and Co.

SS FATIMA

To Karachi—10 bales cotton waste—The B'bay. Textile Work Co.

SS RIDDEKERK

To Sydney—50 bales cotton waste—The B'bay Textile Works Co. Ltd. 12 bales cotton waste—Dhulia and Co.

SS KVERNAAS

To Genoa—55 bales cotton waste—Sapt. Tetxtile Products (India) Ltd.

## Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

SS AMRA arrived from Durban on October 26th with 813 passengers and 1200 tons of cargo (M.M.)

TREVANION arrived from London on October 27th with 3500 tons of general cargo (M.M.)

MARIT arrived from New York on October 27th with 8988 tons of wheat. (Lionel Edwards).

FORT WELLINGTON arrived from Calcutta on October 27th with 7648 tons of coal (Graham).

DEPARTURES

DUN YU of the Chinese nationality sailed for Karachi on October 26th with 3000 tons of beans.

SS PROMISE left for Cochin on October 26th with 1200 tons of general cargo.

SS SEABOARD QUEEN sailed for Vancouver via Singapore on October 26th.

SS AKBAR sailed for Jedah with 225 passengers and 135 tons of cargo.

## DIVIDENDS DECLARED

MODEL MILLS LTD. NAGPUR

The Directors of the above mills have recommended a net dividend of Rs. 17-8 on each share and would be paid from 15-12-48 onwards. Books closed from 25-10-48 to 16-11-48.

MAYER MILLS LTD.

Dividend would be paid to those shareholders whose names would be on companies book on 9th November '48. The Directors have recommended to pay a net dividend of Rs. 6 on each preference share and Rs. 12 on each ordinary share. Subject to the approval of the general meeting and if approved would be paid from 29-11-48 onwards. Books closed from 9-11-48 to 22-11-48.

BERAR MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

The Directors of the above company have recommended to pay the net dividend of Rs. 16 on each share, subject to the approval of the General Meeting and if approved would be paid from 15-12-48 onwards.

## Central Bank Of India, Ltd.

The following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India, Ltd. for the fortnight dated 15th October:—

LIABILITIES

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Capital subscribed | 5,76,16,700 |
| Capital Paid-up Ordinary Shares | 2,61,89,000 |
| Capital Paid-up Ordinary 'A' Shares | 52,38,000 |
| Reserve and other Funds. | |
| Reserve Fund | 2,55,46,000 |
| Contingency Fund | 45,00,000 |
| Sinking Fund in respect Lands and Buildings | 52,92,000 |
| Deposits, Debts due to Bank and Agents, Bills Payable, etc. | 1,37,57,60,000 |
| Sundries including Branch Adjustments | 24,78,71,000 |
| Rs | 1,69,03,96,000 |

ASSETS:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash Credit and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorised Securities | 35,21,89,000 |
| Loans on Government and other Authorised Securities | 7,11,40,000 |
| Bills Discounted | 6,55,34,000 |
| Lands and Buildings | 99,04,000 |
| Sundries including Branch Adjustments | 21,31,43,000 |
| Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at call and Investments in War Bonds,— Government Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures, etc. | 97,84,86,000 |
| Rs. | 1,69,03,96,000 |

**NEW YORK SILVER**
NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 77-1/2 cents

**LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE**
LONDON October 26:

| | |
|---|---|
| Consols 2-1\|2 p.c. | £78-13\|16 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1\|2 p.m. 1961 | £105-1\|2 |
| War Loan 3-1\|2 p.c. 1952 and after | £102-15\|16 |
| Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960\|90 | £113-1\|4 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg. | £113-1\|2 |
| National Bank of India | £35-1\|4 |

Transactions one Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,549

**CHICAGO WHEAT**
CHICAGO, October 26:

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 2.29—7\|8 |
| May | 2.20—7\|8 |
| July | 2.04—1\|2 |
| September | 2.01—3\|4 |

**LONDON WHEAT**
LONDON Oct 26:

London Australian wheat bulk unoffered.

London Exchanges unchanged.

## DROP OF RS. 851 LAKHS IN NOTES IN CIRCULATION

The weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended 22nd Oct. shows a drop of Rs. 851 lakhs in the total notes in circulation while notes held in the Banking Department shows an increase of Rs. 9 crores. Details are as under:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.
LIABILITIES.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Notes held in the Banking Department | 27,88,43,000 |
| Notes in circulation | 1212,29,21

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1865

# "PIR ILLAHI BAKSH MUST GO"

## Demand By Seven Newspapers Of Karachi

### 'GOVERNOR'S REGIME UNDER SECTION 93 WOULD BE BETTER FOR SIND, THEY SAY

KARACHI, Oct. 27, (UPI): Under the heading "Pir Illahi Baksh must go" seven newspapers of Karachi have written a joint leading article today. They are "Dawn" (English), "Dawn" (Urdu,) "Dawn" (Gujarati), "Sind Observer," "Anjame Jung" and "Sind".

The newspapers have levelled a number of charges against the Sind Premier and accused him firstly of entrusting his hindu personal assistant, Mr. Parasram, with confidential files and then recommending him for employment in the Indian Union; seconaly of his interference with the Sind police who were trying to capture a notorious outlaw, Phool Muchhi; and thirdly of encouraging the smuggling of food to India "which was done with his knowledge".

The newspapers say: "In the light of these facts, with the supreme interest of Pakistan at heart we consider it our duty to demand the resignation of Pir Illahi Baksh and his Ministry. They have proved unworthy of their high office and betrayed the trust reposed in them. For lesser blunders, Ministers in other democratic countries have resigned, the latest example being of Dr. Hugh Dalton, former British Chancellor of the Exchequer".

**DEMAND FOR SEC. 93 GOVERNMENT**

Offering an alternative to the Illahi Baksh Ministry the newspapers say: "We are convinced that in the present circumstances the promulgation of Sec. 93 of the Government of India Act, as amended by Pakistan, to enable Governors to take over the Administration, would be the best solution.

**"Such a course after the independence era will be far more popular than it would have been during the period when the British ruled, because our Governors are servants of the people and not representatives of an alien rule".**

# DEWEY HAS BETTER CHANCES THAN TRUMAN

## New U. S. Consul-General In Bombay On Presidential Election Prospects

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Governor Dewey had distinctly better chances of winning the Presidential elections than Mr. Truman, was the reply given by Mr. Clare Hayes Timberlake the new United States Consul-General at Bombay to a question at a press conference today. Mr. Timberlake said that though he was not in touch with the U.S., for over a month, this was the impression he had gathered from American papers. "This seems to have been the view of your counterparts there", he said, addressing a group of Bombay journalists, who met him at the Consulate offices.

Mr. Timberlake mentioned that, while in Aden, he had met a lot of Indians and it was always his ambition to visit this country. He wanted to study the ways of life of the people, their ancient culture and especially their ideas. He knew that if he came to "do" this country like a "Cook's Tourist", he could hardly know or understand the country properly. It was his desire to live here among the Indians and try to interpret the country, its hopes and aspirations to his Government.

"One-fifth of the world's population lives here. The influence of this country on the course of history has been great. Many systems of philosophy in the west had their inspiration from the Indian system. Nehru, Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi—their ideas have become a part of the pattern of ideas all over the world. There is much that India can give the world in religion, music and architecture", he added.

He hoped that America too had something to offer India, in such fields as Engineering, and mass production technique. He hoped that the interchange would be to mutual good.

The Consul-General stated that the average American showed a good deal of interest in this country. This was reflected in the American newspapers which gave considerable importance to Indian news.

**EXPERIENCED DIPLOMAT**

The new United States Consul-General at Bombay, Clare Hayes Timberlake arrived here on Monday, from Cairo.

Mr. Timberlak'e appointment to Bombay marks the beginning of his eighteenth year of active duty as a Foreign Service Officer of the United States—duty that has taken him into service on, or for, five of the six continents of the world.

Mr. Timberlake entered the United States Foreign Service in December 1930. His first appointment was to Toronto, Canada, where he served briefly as vice consul. Returning to Washington, D. C., in August 31, he attended the Foreign Service School until his appointment as vice-consul at Buenos Aires, Argentina, in December 1931. He remained at Buenos Aires for four years.

In May 1935, Mr. Timberlake was named third secretary to the U. S. Legation as Montevideo, Uruguay, a position he held for two years. His next assignment was in Europe as vice-consul, first at Zurich, Switzerland, to which he was assigned in May 1937, and then at Vigo, Spain, eight months later.

**WORK IN STATE DEPARTMENT**

In January 1940 he was appointed

Clare Hayes Timberlake

vice-consul at Aden, for Aden and the French Somaliland Coast and dependencies. In October 1940 he became consul at Aden, a post he held until September 1943 when he was called back to departmental duty with the Department of State at Washington. Since tha time, Mr. Timberlake has served in the Office of Near Eastern and African Affairs, first as Assistant Chief and since October 1946 as Chief of the Division of African Affairs.

Temporarily relieved of his departmental duties in September. 1947, to attend a National War College course given for top staff officers of the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force and Department of State, Mr. Timberlake completed the course in June.

**SPORTSMAN AND MUSICIAN**

**Both Mr. and Mrs. Timberlake are accomplished sportsmen and musicians. Mr. Timberlake, whose primary sports interests include polo, golf, hunting and yachting was Vice-Commodore of the Yact Club while he was at Aden, a post usually reserved for the Governor of Aden.**

He studied singing in his youth, and is something of a amateur pianist, although he usually disclaims this last accomplishmet.

# PATIL INAUGURATES S.R.C.C. BUS SERVICE

S. K. Patil, President, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee inaugurated the first Transport Service of the Society for the Rehabilitation of Disabled and Crippled Children.

## VICTIMS OF INFANTILE PARALYSIS

# 'Declare Infantile Paralysis Notifiable Disease'

## CITY SPECIALIST'S WARNING: PATIL INAUGURATES BUS SERVICE FOR S.R.C.C.

BOMBAY, Wednesday:

A warning that infantile paralysis in the city might assume an epidemic form if the health authorities did not take strong note of the increasing number of sporadic cases was given at a meeting organised by the Society for the Rehabilitation of Disabled and Crippled Children to inaugurate their first transport service.

The warning came from Dr. Kini, a well-known authority on the treatment of the disease, who told the meeting that the germs of infantile paralysis were "erratic" and that "if it takes a malignant form it may affect, may God forbid, a large number of people." He asked the health authorities to have infantile paralysis declared a notifiable disease at once.

Inaugurating the bus service, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the BPCC, said that the gift of a new bus for use by the Society's Physiotheraphy and Rehabilitation Centre was "symbolic of what we could expect from the citizens of this great and generous city." He praised the anonymous donor for his munificence.

Mr. Patil drew attention to the prevalence of infantile paralysis in Bombay and asked the people to come to the help of the Society which, since its organisation an year ago, had done "brilliant and unexampled work".

Mrs. Fathema Ismail, General Secretary of the Society, hoped that in a period of five years the S.R.C.C. would attain the great standards set by similar institutions in America and Britain.

Films showing the progress in the treatment of infantile paralysis in the West were screened and witnessed by a packed audience.

## BUILDING NEW CITY NEAR JUNAGADH

### Move To Perpetuate Mahatma's Memory

JUNAGADH, Oct. 26 (UPI.) The Junagadh Government have evolved plans for building a new City in the vicinity of Junagadh with the dual purpose of perpetuating the memory of the Father of the Nation, Mahatma Gadhi, and accommodating the overpopulation of the Junagadh City.

About 250 plots of ground, comprising a total area of over 2,00,000 sq. yards, will be sold to the public at rupee one per sq. yard. This area, lying outside the Kalva Gate, extends from Dahaudd'n College to well beyond the Willington Farm.

Gandhi Gran, the proposed city, will be p'rovided with water, electricity, and other modern facilities. It will be connected with other places by beautiful and well-planned roads. A railway station will be opened there.

## 50 Drought Affected Villages Deserted

BARODA, Oct. 27 (UPI.) Alarming reports of acute famine are being received here from some Talukas of the Mehsana District. Several villagers, it is stated, are leaving their hearth and home with their cattle for other parts of the country. About 50 villages are reported to have been seriously affected so far and they are deserted.

Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Dewan of Baroda, is paying a visit to the famine-stricken areas in the district with a view to acquainting himself with the correct state of things.

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CUTTACK, Oct 26 (API): The Utkal University Senate has decided to confer the honorary degree of Doctor of Literature on India's Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. A special convocation will be held to confer the degree.

## STATE OF EMERGENCY STILL EXISTS IN E. PUNJAB

### Home Minister's Reply In Assembly

SIMLA, Oct. 26. (A.P.I.): The Home Minister, Sardar Swaran Singh told the East Punjab Assembly to-day that a state of emergency still existed in the province.

The Home Minister was replying to a debate arising out of the Punjab Public Safety (East Punjab second amendment) Bill which provided for enhancement of the detention period by the provincial Government from six months of one year. Sardar Swaran Singh said that the bill was not framed to arm their political opponents but was designed to prevent occurrences of certain incidents which might involve the country and the state into a difficult situation. The provisions of this measure were not punitive, he added.

Stating that they must face the situation boldly and firmly, Home Minister said the existence of one political party or another did not matter much but what mattered was the existence of a state in which everybody felt safe and this measure was directed for its consummation.

Speaking earlier the Premier Dr. Bhargava held out the warning what anybody responsible for disturbing the atmosphere of the province would be dealt with a strong hand irrespective of his status or position. Situated as they were, he said, there was every justification for the enactment of the measure. The house was discussing the Bill when it adjourned till to-morrow afternoon.

Earlier, the Assembly passed into law the development Minister's Bill of providing for compulsory consolidation of holdings and preventing of fragmentation. The Development Minister said that under provisions of the Bill, land could not be divided between land-lord and the occupant tenant unless there was an agreement between both. The House also passed the East Punjab University (amendment) Bill.

## Vindhya Pradesh Congress President

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 27 (UPI): At a meeting of th newly formed Vindhya Pradesh Provincial Congress Committee, held last week, Mr. Lal Banspathi Singh was elected President.

Capt. Lal Awadhesh Pratap Singh, Premier, Pandit Satya Dev, Minister the Vindhya Pradesh, Lal Mohan Singh Karchuli and Pandit Baburam Chaturvedy were elected as members of the A.I.C.C. Ten delegates, nine from Baghelkhand one from Bundelkhand, were also elected to attend the forthcoming Jaipur Congress session.

## Rajendra Prasad At Wardha

NAGPUR, Oct. 27 (API): Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, arrived here at noon from Delhi by air and half an hour later left for Wardha for a day's rest.

After one day's rest in Wardha, Dr. Prasad will leave tomorrow afternoon for Jubbulpore along with Premier Shukla by air.

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RAJKOT: 35 farmers have received notices to vacate houses and land before Diwali from Girasdars of Kharchia.

# HOW MUCH TIME A SIGNATURE TAKES TO BE IDENTIFIED

## Handwriting Expert's Reply In Mahatma Murder Trial

**RED FORT, NEW DELHI, Oct. 27 (U.P.I.): Mr. Thakurdas Jaikisandas Gajjar, the handwriting expert, was further cross-examined today at the resumed hearing of the Mahatma Gandhi Murder Trial in the Special Court of Mr. Atma Charan.**

Mr. Gajjar, cross-examined by Mr. Inamdar, said that while examining the handwritings supplied to him, he also compared the questioned documents 'inter se' and had submitted his findings. Similarly, the approved documents were also compared, he added.

He replied in the affirmative to a question whether he was supplied with the specimen writings of one Digambar Badge in Devanagri character for examination.

He said that he had noted all the differences between the questioned and approved documents pointed out in the Court at the time of examination, but these differences were of minor variations.

**LETTER TO SAVARKAR**

Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, cross-examining next, asked the witness to examine a letter from Nathuram Godse to Savarkar (on exhibit) and wanted him to give his opinion in regard to the signature therein by comparing it with the specimens taken from Nathuram Godse.

Witness said that it was not possible for him to give any opinion on the letter without the assistance of enlarged photographs of the letter and parts of it. He further deposed that no enlarged photograph of the letter was taken earlier.

Re-examined by Mr. C. K. Daphtary, chief prosecution counsel, witness observed that while examining the questioned and approved documents, he did not apply his mind to the letter from Nathuram Godse to Savarkar (referred to by Mr. Bhopatkar), with a view to find the similarity or otherwise between the signature thereon and the specimen signatures taken from Nathuram Godse. He had not examined all the letters recovered from the house of Savarkar.

**SIMILARITIES IN 'RAJAGOPALAN'**

Mr. Gajjar further deposed that there were significant similarities in the word "Rajagopalan" as signed in the register of the Shariff Hindu Hotel, Delhi, with the specimen handwritings of Gopal Godse.

Further re-examining, Mr. Daphtary asked: Were you in any way handicapped in arriving at your conclusions by the pasting of torn bits of a document on a sheet of paper.

Mr. Gajjar: No, there would be no difficulty.

Mr. Daphtary: You said that you did not ask for standards of comparisons in pencil though you would have preferred it. Would it be possible for you to arrive at your conclusions without the standard of comparisons in pencil writing?

Mr. Gajjar: Yes. It would still be possible to examine them and to arrive at a conclusion.

**IDEAL BUT NOT ESSENTIAL**

He added that similarity in conditions in writing, i.e., same paper, same pencil, etc., would be an ideal condition, but not certainly an essential one.

Mr. Daphtary: How long would you take to arrive at your conclusion about a particular signature?

**Mr. Gajjar: For the first signature, it would take about an hour to examine them thoroughly and give an opinion, but for subsequent signatures it would take less.**

Again cross-examined by Mr. Dange witness said that he did not take X-ray photos of the torn document.

When the depositions of Mr. Thakurdas Jaikishandas Gajjar, handwriting expert, came to a conclusion after about four days' examination and cross-examination, the Court rose for lunch.

**BOMBAY POLICE OFFICIAL'S EVIDENCE**

The next prosecution witness, Mr. Charles Anthony Pinto, Inspector of Police, Bombay C.I.D., giving evidence said that on January 29 he was attached to the special branch of the Bombay C.I.D. Previous to that he was attached to the Bomb Branch which was created to deal with the bomb cases in connection with the communal riots. On January 28, the whole of the bomb branch was ordered to work under Mr. Nagarwala in connection with investigations into the bomb outrage at Birla House and suspected conspiracy to murder Mahatma Gandhi.

On his joining the new duties, Mr. Pinto added, he was asked to trace out Badge and Karkare. Searches for them were carried out at Bombay, but to no avail. He was also asked to be on the look-out for others who might be concerned in the suspected conspiracy.

Following receipt of information of the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi on January 30, several searches were carried out in Bombay on the night of January 30 and January 31. Nine arrests were effected on January 30 and five during the early hours of the next day.

These persons were first brought to the new C.I.D. Office building and after interrogation sent to the Worli Jail. Other persons arrested as suspects in the conspiracy were lodged in Arthur Road Prison. All the accused in the present case except Veer Savarkar and Dr. Parchure were kept in the new C.I.D. office building.

Mr. Pinto said that the Chief Presidency Magistrate sent an Honorary Magistrate to the C.I.D. Office building whenever the accused were taken to his court for the purpose of identification parades. The accused were then placed in a closed van and along with the honorary magistrate escorted to the court premises.

On the night between February 4 and 5, Mr. Pinto said, he went to Poona along with Badge. Gopal Godse was arrested on February 5. Prior to effecting Gopal Godse's arrest, he went to the Kirkee Arsenal and then to his residence at Kirkee. Gopal was not to be found there. Inspector Raje of Poona was also with him. He then proceeded to Kamshet, a place near Poona, with a view to go to Uksen, a village at a distance of six miles from Kamshet. At Kamshet he reported to the local police and took one sub-inspector from there along with him.

Gopal Godse was found at Uksen, he added, on the road while he was on his way to his residence. He was identified by Inspector Raje and was immediately arrested. He had a canvas bag in his hand. He searched the person of Gopal and also the bag. But nothing inscriminating was found. Gopal's residence was not searched for fear of trouble and also for the reason that Gopal Godse had not reached his house till then. Gopal was taken to Poona immediately. Mr. Pinto identified the canvas bag on exhibit.

**BROUGHT TO BOMBAY**

Continuing, Mr. Pinto said that Badge and Gopal Godse were taken back to Bombay in a station-wagon. When they reached Bombay, they were taken to the new C.I.D. Office building. As usual Gopal Godse was handed over to the Head Constable in charge. He asked the head constable to take charge of any articles belonging to Gopal Godse except his apparel. So far as he remembered, there were some articles in the bag of Gopal Godse. A part of the articles was still in the handbag and a part was returned to Gopal Godse, under orders of Mr. Nagarwala. He was present on February 14 when Apte and Karkare's persons and their room were searched at the Apollo Hotel, Bombay, and the hotel register was taken possession of by the police.

Mr. Pinto added that he came with Apte and Karkare when they were brought to Delhi on February 25. Apte and Karkare were actually kept under his observations at Delhi. He was assisted by Inspectors Kurgaonkar, DeSouza and Fradhan. From the Aerodrome Apte and Karkare were taken to the Tuglak Road Police Station. Wherever they were taken in Delhi or New Delhi, the witness accompanied them.

Mr. Pinto said that he went with Apte and Karkare on February 26, to the jungle behind the Hindu Mahasabha Bhawan. Apte and Karkare were not taken to any other places on that day.

**FLIGHT TO GWALIOR**

On the 27th of February, Apte was taken to Gwalior by plane. He was brought back from Gwalior to Delhi on the morning of February 28. Apte and Karkare were taken to the Delhi District Jail and were handed over to the jail authorities for identification proceedings in regard to the Delhi witnesses. On February 29, Mr. Kishen Chand, a Delhi magistrate, came to several places with Apte and Karkare. This was done in consequence of statements made by Apte and Karkare. The witness along with them visited the restaurant of Messrs Ishwardas Ballabhdas, Delhi Junction shop of Biharilal Bctaram at Mission Road, Delhi, and Madras Hotel, New Delhi. During these journeys, Apte and Karkare were taken out in a closed van and they had a wrapper round their heads. None of the accused were pointed out to any witness. The accused were not taken to the Booking Office or to the Retiring Room, either on February 29 or on any other day.

Further examined by Mr. Daphtary witness said that he heard the name of Amchekar while he was in Delhi. He made an enquiry at the Employment Exchange, Delhi. As a consequence of information received, he traced Santaram Atmaram Amchekar at a village in Savantwadi State.

Mr. Pinto took back Apte and Karkare to Bombay on March 1. He went to Savantwadi State on March 4, and brought Amchekar to Bombay on March 5, and his statement was recorded by Mr. Nagarwala the same day.

Joginder Singh Chopra was traced on March 21, at Frere Road, Bombay. His statement was recorded on March 21 and he also attended an identification parade on March 30. Since then he had been missing. He left one address with the police but when he was required in connection with the recording of his statement under Sec. 164 Cr. P. C. he could not be found there. Mr. Pinto himself made enquiries about him at several places at Bombay, Gwalior, Lucknow, Kanpur, Jullundur and Amritsar.

Enquiries were also made about one Om Prakash at Visapur, Ahmednagar Bombay and Delhi.

Mr. Pinto added that he returned to Delhi on April 5 accompanied by Mr. Nagarvala along with Nathuram Godse. Nathuram Godse was taken back to Bombay on April 9. While going to Bombay, he took one great coat and a note book from Delhi police he said.

He further deposed that on August 1, 1946, the Commissioner of Police Bombay, enforced an order under Sec. 23 of the Bombay Police Act, 1902, prohibiting any person from carrying swords, spears, guns, sticks, lathis or any other weapon capable of being used as a weapon of offence in any public place. This order was extended from time to time and was still in force, he said.

Before the examination of Mr. Pinto could be finished, the Court adjourned till tomorrow.

## MUTT AND JEFF—But After All They've Been Married Over 30 Years

By BUD FISHER

POP! ARE YOU AFRAID OF A COW?
AFRAID OF A COW? OF COURSE NOT! WHY DO YOU ASK?
ARE YOU AFRAID OF SNAKES?
NOPE!
ARE YOU AFRAID OF LIONS?
NOT A BIT!
HOW ABOUT THUNDER AND LIGHTNING? ARE YOU AFRAID OF THAT?
ABSOLUTELY NOT!
GOSH, POP, AIN'T YOU SCARED OF NOTHIN' IN THE WORLD 'CEPT MAMA?
?
Bud Fisher

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